ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2021



COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PREPARED BY:

Sheboygan County Finance Department

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

Wendy A. Charnon Finance Director

Jeremy Fetterer
Deputy Finance Director

July 29, 2022

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors and Citizens County of Sheboygan 508 New York Ave Sheboygan, Wisconsin 53081

Ladies and Gentlemen:

State Statute, Administrative Rule 16, and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) require counties to submit audited financial statements within certain time frames based upon their individual rules and regulations. Major federal and state programs impose additional audit requirements. Pursuant to the above, we hereby respectfully submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances for Sheboygan County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Sheboygan County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Sheboygan County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief the financial report is accurate, complete and reliable in all material respects.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP has audited Sheboygan County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Sheboygan County are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that Sheboygan County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. Their report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The County is required to undergo a federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. The Single Audit Report is available in the County's separately issued Federal and State Awards Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Sheboygan County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The County of Sheboygan is located in the eastern part of the state adjacent to Lake Michigan. It occupies 513 square miles. The County is comprised of 15 towns, 10 villages, and three cities and is 50 miles north of Milwaukee. Several major county highways as well as US highways 141 and 43 serve the County's transportation needs. Airline service to Chicago's O'Hare Airport, as well as other parts of Wisconsin, Illinois, and Iowa are available at Sheboygan County Memorial Airport.

The governing body of Sheboygan County is comprised of 25 County Board Supervisors, each serving two-year terms and elected by a majority of voters from their respective district. At the first session of each two-year term, the County Board elects a Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson to preside over proceedings of the County Board for the next two years.

Sheboygan County provides a full range of services, including police protection (Sheriff's Department), a county jail, nursing home care, highway and other infrastructure construction and repair, ownership and maintenance of the buildings at the University of Green Bay – Sheboygan Campus, recreational facilities, marriage licensing, maintenance of vital records for births, deaths, real estate transfers, administration of the court system, district attorney's office, child support enforcement, health and human services, operation of the municipal airport and other activities. Sheboygan County also maintains a close working relationship with the Monarch Library System and the Sheboygan County Economic Development Corporation.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for financial planning and control. All departments and agencies are required to submit requests to the Finance Committee by mid-September. The Finance Committee's Budget is then sent to the County Board at its regularly scheduled October meeting. A legally required public hearing is held in late October. In early November the budget is formally adopted. The appropriated budget is adopted by appropriation units within departments. Departments are also aggregated into fund groupings. Appropriation units have been designated as "Wages & Benefits", "Operating Expenses", "Interdepartmental Charges", and "Capital Outlay". Departments may transfer funds within appropriation units as they see necessary. Transfers between appropriation units of the same department or between departments, however, need Finance Committee approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each department for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Sheboygan County operates.

Local Economy

The County benefits from a mixed economic base of manufacturing, retail trades, services, agricultural, insurance and tourism. By far the largest economic sector is manufacturing. The unemployment rate as of December 31, 2021 was 1.5%.

Economic signs continue to be positive as we move into 2022. The Aurora Health Care construction of a new hospital, outpatient surgery center and medical office in Kohler, Wisconsin, is an investment of \$324 million was completed in July 2022. Rockline Industries started a \$19.7 million expansion which will double their production of disinfecting wet wipes. Wisconsin regulators approved construction of 1,400-acre Sheboygan County solar farm in the town of Holland which will produce enough electricity to supply nearly 40,000 homes. Masters Gallery Foods partnered with Oostburg School District to support ongoing capital improvements in the district. Sartori Cheese began a 22,000 square foot expansion of their Sartori Whey Converting facility in Plymouth. MilliporeSigma started constructing a new facility at its Sheboygan Falls location to help produce COVID-19 tests. Poly Vinyl planned a 60,000 square foot manufacturing facility and warehouse expansion project to be completed early 2022.

Sheboygan County features attractions of world-class golf, Lake Michigan sport fishing, numerous summer festivals, ice fishing and snowmobiling. In August of 2014, the County finalized the purchase of the Amsterdam Dunes. This purchase preserves for public access one of the last undeveloped stretches of beaches and dunes on the western shores of Lake Michigan. The County worked with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources on the development of the Amsterdam Dunes Wetland Mitigation Bank which allows the County to sell credits on the 78-acres of wetlands.

Long-term Planning

As part of long range planning, the County employs a five-year capital improvement program. The program identifies major capital improvement projects and the methods to finance them.

The most recent document identifies \$45,468,967 of projects over the next five years. Long-term financing is projected to fund approximately \$36.5 million. The balance will be funded by State and Federal dollars, donations and other internal funding sources. In 2022, the County has funded new construction on Marsh bypass/Dam, jail/detention center equipment replacement/remodeling, Taylor House restoration, continued Detention Center Alternatives expansion, Airport Tractor, Asphalt Plant replacement, along with other various Building Improvements.

Major Initiatives

The County Board enacted Ordinance Number 02 (2016/2017); adopting a half cent sales tax effective January 1, 2017. The ordinance also established a Transportation Fund in which all sales tax revenues are to be used for highway roadwork and highway capital equipment. It is the expectation of the County to complete 30 miles of road enhancements per year. Due primarily to weather in 2021 the goal of 30 miles was missed by 4.01 miles which will be rescheduled for 2022. In 2020, due to COVID and the uncertainty it would have on the sales tax revenues the County adjusted its budget of 30 miles of road enhancements to completing approximately 15 miles and incorporating more municipal work into their plan. In addition, the County instituted a revenue sharing program with the municipalities of the County to aid in their transportation needs. \$1,500,000 and \$1,602,107 was distributed to the municipalities based on their equalized value in the 2021 and 2020 fiscal years, respectively.

The County was party to the settlement of a Natural Resource Damage Assessment issued against a local company for the pollution of the Sheboygan River. The settlement entitles Sheboygan County to receive \$1,295,500 over a ten year term which the County continued receiving payments in 2021. The funds are part of the reimbursement to the general fund for the purchase of the Amsterdam Dunes.

Major Financial Policies

Fund Balance: The County Board has adopted a minimum fund balance policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance of 5% to 10% of total county expenditures, less capital project expenditures. The Finance Committee in December of 2014 further refined the policy such that the General Fund unassigned fund balance be maintained at a minimum of 15% and a maximum of 30% of total governmental fund expenditures less capital project expenditures. As of the close of 2021, unassigned fund balance is at 29.18%.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Sheboygan, Wisconsin, for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This is the eighth consecutive year of being awarded this achievement. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all staff that assisted with the preparation for the 2020 audit of Sheboygan County. In addition, I would like to recognize CliftonLarsonAllen for their leadership in their role as independent auditor. The Board of Supervisors, Finance Committee, and County Administrator are to be commended for using sound business practices while conducting the financial operations of the County.

Respectfully,

Wendy A. Charnon

Finance Director

Jeremy J. Fetterer

Deputy Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Sheboygan Wisconsin

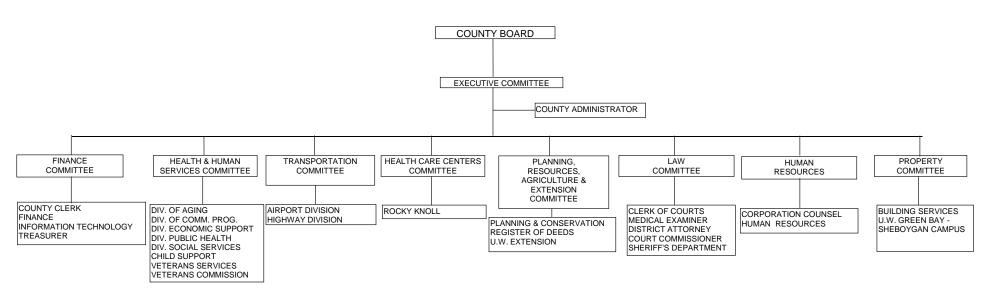
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Board of Supervisors

Term Expires April, 2024

Keith Alber......Vice-Chairperson Al Bosman Marilyn Montemayor Curt A. Brauer Henry Nelson Rebecca Clarke John Nelson James Coulson Edward J. Procek Kathleen Donovan Edward J. Procek Christian Ellis Wendy A. Schobert William C. Goehring **Brian Smith** Paul A. Gruber Suzanne Speltz Jacob Immel Roger L. TeStroete Gerald Jorgensen Jacqueline Veldman Jon Kuhlow Thomas Wegner

George H. Kulow

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY OFFICES AND DEPARTMENTS

Chief Administrative Officer

County Administrator	Adam N. Payne
Department Heads Building Services	James TeBeest
Clerk of Courts*	Melody Lorge
County Clerk*	Jon Dolson
Court Commissioner	Ryan T. O'Rourke
Corporation Counsel**	Atty. Crystal Fieber
District Attorney*	Joel Urmanski
Finance	
Health & Human Services	Matt Strittmater
Health Care Centers	Kayla Clinton
Human Resources	Dennis Miller
Information Technology	Chris Lewinski
Medical Examiner	Chris Nehring
Planning & Conservation	Aaron Brault
Register of Deeds*	Ellen Schleicher
Sheriff*	Cory Roeseler
Transportation	Greg Schnell
Treasurer*	Laura M. Henning-Lorenz
University of Wisconsin-Extension***	Cindy Sarkady
University of Green Bay-Sheboygan Campus***	James Schramm
Veteran's Service	Todd Richter
* Floated Desition	

^{*} Elected Position ** Contracted Employee *** State Employee

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the County Board Sheboygan County

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Public Health and Human Services Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note D.5., the County recorded a prior period adjustment to decrease accrued liabilities by \$3,823,409 in the General Fund, which also resulted in an increase in fund balance. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules relating to pension and other postemployment benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's

County Board Sheboygan County, Wisconsin

responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The nonmajor fund combining financial statements and the budget to actual schedules for the debt service, capital projects, and transportation funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the nonmajor fund combining financial statements and the budget to actual schedules for the debt service, capital projects, and transportation funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin July 28, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

As management of Sheboygan County, we offer readers of the County's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2021 by \$214,567,941 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$43,487,573 (*unrestricted*) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$16,833,631 primarily influenced by capital asset additions exceeding depreciation expense by \$415,823 and changes in the net pension plan of \$4,584,454. Also, in response to the pandemic the County received the first half of the SLFRF American Rescue Plan Act funding in the amount of \$11,201,721.50.
- The property tax rate decreased \$0.2604 per \$1,000 of property value from the year ended December 31, 2021. A significant part of the 2021 levy rate decrease resulted from the 6.88% increase in equalized property value.
- As of December 31, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,909,148. The net change in fund balances per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances is \$5,463,754. This was primarily due to the receipt of the first half of the SLFRF American Rescue Plan Act funding and the increase in fund balance of the Transportation Fund. The General Fund reported a transfer of excess fund balance from Health & Human Services of \$1,766,417.
- As of December 31, 2021, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$30,172,539, or approximately 72% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's total outstanding general obligation debt decreased \$5,735,000.
- The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 reflect a net pension asset of \$18,004,518 along with deferred outflows of resources of \$29,708,098 and deferred inflows of resources of \$39,442,142 related to the County's participation in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

Government-wide financial statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Sheboygan County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Sheboygan County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, public health and human services, education, and resource & development. The business-type activity of the County is a skilled health care facility (nursing home).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Sheboygan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a county's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 7 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Public Health & Human Services Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Transportation Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, all of which are

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

considered to be major funds. Data from the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. and public safety special revenue funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its major governmental funds. As part of the basic governmental fund financial statements, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general and public health & human services special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-37 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Sheboygan County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses the enterprise fund to account for its nursing home. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its various insurance activities, information technology, printing services, and highway operations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions they have been included within the *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-43 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 44-45 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 46-86 of this report.

Other information: The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, individual fund budget comparison information, and statistical tables are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 88-91, supplementary information can be found on pages 94-109, and the statistical tables can be found on pages 112-128.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position: As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$214,567,941 at the close of 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

Net Position

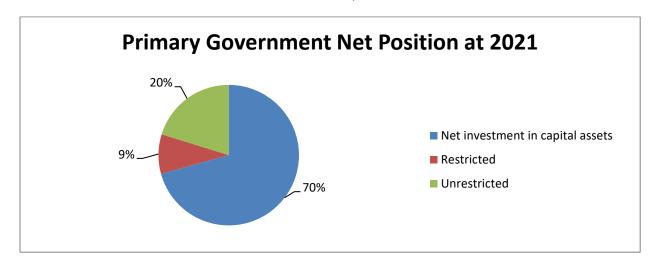
December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts expressed in \$1,000)

	Governmental Activities			В	usiness-ty	pe A	ctivities		Tota	al		
		2021		2020		2021	2020		2021			2020
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	147,289	\$	121,781	\$	8,207	\$	7,205	\$	155,496	\$	128,986
Capital assets		169,108		169,981		7,066		7,366		176,174		177,347
Total Assets		316,397		291,762		15,273		14,571		331,670		306,333
Deferred Outflows of Resources		27,420		19,804		4,227		3,138		31,647		22,942
Liabilities												
Current and other liabilities		27,435		11,121		474		555		27,909		11,676
Long-term liabilities		27,590		38,732		1,175		1,145		28,765		39,877
Total Liabilities		55,025		49,853		1,649		1,700		56,674		51,553
Deferred Inflows of Resources		85,666		75,117		6,409		4,871		92,075		79,988
Net Position												
Net investment in												
capital assets		145,151		142,240		7,066		7,366		152,217		149,606
Restricted		16,437		8,685		2,426		1,285		18,863		9,970
Unrestricted		41,538		35,671		1,950		2,487		43,488		38,158
Total Net Postion	\$	203,126	\$	186,596	\$	11,442	\$	11,138	\$	214,568	\$	197,734

The largest portion of the County's net position (71%) reflects its net investment of \$152.2 million in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position, 9%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. External restrictions include those imposed by grantors, contributors, laws/regulations of other governments, or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation, including those passed by the County itself. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$43.5 million may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021



Changes in Net Position

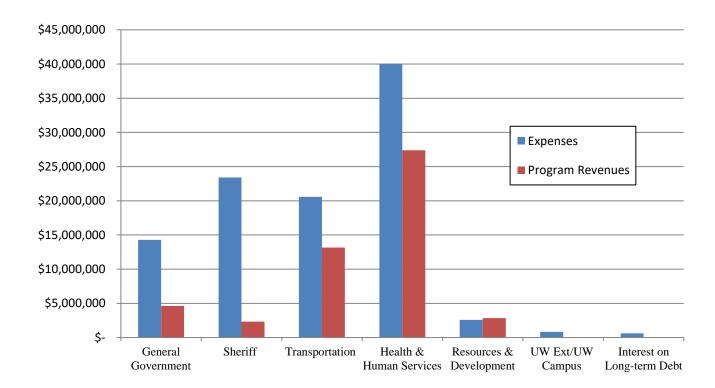
For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts expressed in \$1,000)

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Tot					otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 12,842	\$ 10,197	\$ 9,443	\$ 11,002	\$ 22,285	\$ 21,199
Operating grants & contributions	35,546	36,031	2,622	2,905	38,168	38,936
Capital grants and contributions	1,926	2,065			1,926	2,065
Total program revenues	50,314	48,293	12,065	13,907	62,379	62,200
General revenues:						
Property tax	50,568	49,788	921	826	51,489	50,614
Other taxes	12,542	10,311			12,542	10,311
Nonspecific grants and contributions	3,700	3,701	49	46	3,749	3,747
Investment earnings	1,195	1,474	2		1,197	1,474
Gain on disposal of capital assets	153	367	2	3	155	370
Miscellaneous	1,324	2,198	22	27	1,346	2,225
Total general revenues	69,482	67,839	996	902	70,478	68,741
Total Revenues	119,796	116,132	13,061	14,809	132,857	130,941
Expenses:						
General government	14,511	14,486			14,511	14,486
Sheriff	23,418	24,775			23,418	24,775
Transportation	20,584	22,839			20,584	22,839
Health and Human Services	40,033	38,669			40,033	38,669
Resources and development	2,587	2,547			2,587	2,547
UW Ext/UW Campus	817	964			817	964
Interest on long-term debt	626	1,065			626	1,065
Rocky Knoll			13,448	14,606	13,448	14,606
Total Expenses	102,576	105,345	13,448	14,606	116,024	119,951
Excess(deficiency) before transfers	17,220	10,787	(387)	203	16,833	10,990
Transfers	(691)	(183)	691	183	,	· ·
Change in net position	16,529	10,604	304	386	16,833	10,990
Net Position - January 1	186,596	175,992	11,138	10,752	197,734	186,744
Net Position - December 31	\$ 203,125	\$ 186,596	\$ 11,442	\$ 11,138	\$ 214,567	\$ 197,734

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

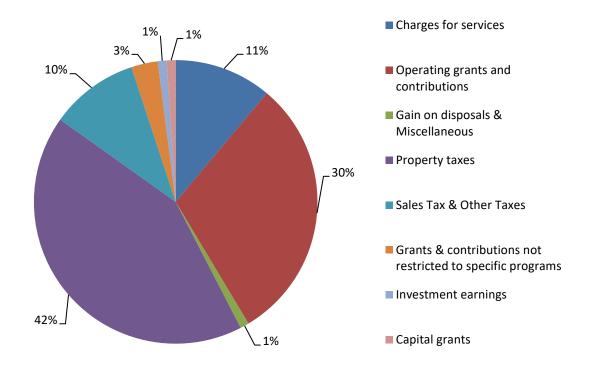
Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$16,529,789. Influencing factors to net position by the governmental activities were:

- Projects not completed in 2021 that will carry over to 2022 resulted in less expenses of \$447,600.
- Health and Human Services had a successful response to the pandemic and reported excess revenues over expenses of \$1,697,744. Even while Public Health expenses increased by about \$457,000 along with increased expenses for Community Programs by \$2,220,000.
- The Transportation fund experienced an increase in revenues resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$3,894,595, which also increased net position.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

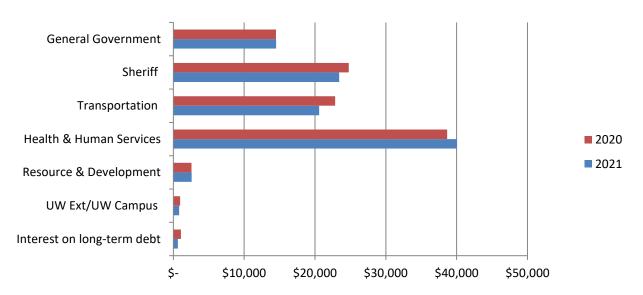
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Governmental Activities compared to 2020 are showing a decrease in net expenses of \$4,790,000. Sheriff decreased net expenses by \$1,244,000 but continues to be challenged with overtime in the correction facilities and inmate populations. Transportation showed decreased net expenses of \$2,725,000.

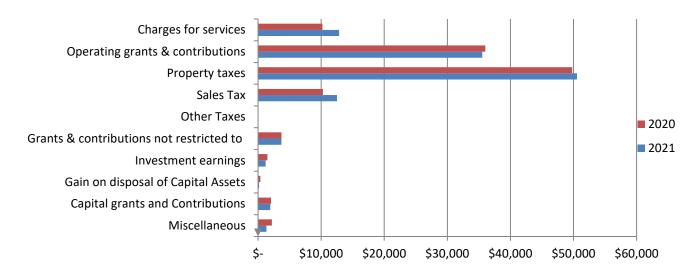
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

Governmental Activities Functional Expenses for Years 2021 and 2020 (Shown in Thousands of Dollars)



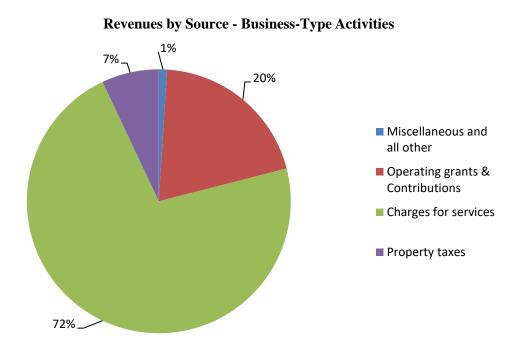
For the Governmental Activities between the 2020 and 2021 fiscal cycle, Health & Human Services increased by \$1,364,000, which reflects increased costs related to the response to the pandemic.

Governmental Activities Revenues by Source for Years 2021 and 2020 (Shown in Thousands of Dollars)



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

Business-type Activities: Rocky Knoll Health Care Center increased Sheboygan County's net position by \$303,842. The Rocky Knoll Health Care Center has maintained an overall Five-Star Rating recognized by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Rocky Knoll has been successful in their pandemic response completing our Infection Control Focused audits in 2021 resulting in no substandard care deficiencies.



Financial Analysis of Sheboygan County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds:</u> The focus of Sheboygan County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,909,148. The net change in fund balances per the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances is \$5,463,754. Of the combined ending fund balances, \$30,948,021 or 72% constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance that is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for the following: 1) delinquent property taxes (\$762,123), 2) prepayments that benefit periods beyond the end of the current year (\$154,417), 3) various

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

individual fund commitments approved by the County Board (\$10,085,757), and 4) restricted for grant or statutory provisions (\$958,830).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current year, assigned fund balance was \$4,356,815 and unassigned fund balance was \$25,815,724 while the total fund balance was \$32,038,094. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both assigned and unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance of \$30,172,539 represents 72% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 76% of that same amount.

During the current year the County's General Fund balance increased by \$3,857,529. Per Fund Balance Policy approved by the Finance Committee, \$1,766,417 was the year-end transfer of fund balance from the Health & Human Services. For a more detailed analysis of budgetary variances, please refer to the "General Fund Budgetary Highlights" discussion below.

Health and Human Services fund revenues exceed expenditures by \$1,697,744 due mainly to receipt of intergovernmental revenue and Public Health's response to the pandemic.

The Debt Service fund has a fund balance of \$269,201 an increase of \$21,886 over the prior year.

The Capital Projects fund has a fund balance of \$(244,822) a decrease of \$2,368,460 due to the bonding for 2021 projects not occurring until 2022. This deficit will be replenished by the bonding that occurred in 2022.

The Transportation Capital Projects fund has a fund balance of \$9,826,371. This is an increase of \$3,894,595 over the prior year due to the uncertainty of the sales tax revenue during 2021 leading to recommitting Transportation Department resources otherwise dedicated to maintaining County roads. The Transportation Capital Projects fund was established by County Ordinance, and is used to record sales tax revenues for the purpose of repairing and reconstructing the County's transportation infrastructure.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: Sheboygan County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the County's government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The Rocky Knoll Health Care Center is the only Enterprise Fund of the County. Rocky Knoll had an increase in net position of \$330,431 compared to an increase of \$568,274 experienced in 2020. This decrease from the prior year is due to lower census, COVID-19 has caused a significant decline in short and long-term referrals. This increase in net position is mainly due to the receipt of a Certified Public Expenditure (CPE) from the State of Wisconsin in the amount of \$580,830. This reimbursement occurs when the Federal Medicaid funds received by the State for Direct Care Medicaid losses are higher than what the State of Wisconsin had budgeted for allocation. This increase in net position is also due to the contribution for the capitalization of elevator and network upgrades, \$107,797.

The Internal Service Funds is comprised of the County's Employee Insurances, Information Technology Services and the Highway Department. For 2021, the Internal Service funds increased net position by \$2,457,564 compared to a decrease of \$13,700 experienced in 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for expenditures was a \$822,208 increase in appropriations or a 1.98% increase over the original budget.

During the year, actual expenditures were \$513,471 under budget, a relatively even year of operations. Sheriff did experience a negative variance to budget of 468,000 which is a result of Correction Officer vacancies which lead to more overtime. Also effecting this negative variance is the inmate population. A negative variance to budget of \$109,000 was also experienced in Resource and Development which was more than planned highway labor for marsh bog removal and ash tree removal. These negative variances were offset by the Building Services positive variance of \$390,000 that resulted from delays in internal repairs and maintenance and structural projects, a positive variance of \$155,000 at the Airport from the delay in purchasing of capital outlay equipment, and a positive variance of over \$379,000 in Clerk of Courts, District Attorney, Finance, and Human Resources due to position vacancies. Both structural projects and capital outlay equipment have been approved to be carried forward for completion in 2022.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>: Sheboygan County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021 was \$176,174,114 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (highways and bridges), and construction in progress.

Major capital asset investment during the current year included the following:

- Highway construction projects, at a cost of \$5,728,605.
- Building and other improvements, mostly Marsh Multi-purpose Building, ADRC remodel, Old Plank Road Trail, Elevator upgrades, UW-GB Sheboygan Campus Entrance Road and Green Space, Detention Center Alternatives Expansion, projects at a cost of \$2,862,450
- Office, communication, and computer equipment projects, at a cost of \$2,117,976.
- Vehicles, mostly Sheriff's squads and Highway vehicles, at a cost of \$1,538,870.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

Sheboygan County's Capital Assets

(Amounts Expressed in \$1,000)

	Government	mental Activities Business-Type Activities T						То	otal		
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$ 16,855	\$	17,170	\$	32	\$	32	\$	16,887	\$	17,202
Construction in progress	3,423		2,932		48				3,471		2,932
Buildings	94,224		91,823		16,169		16,164		110,393		107,987
Other improvements	14,422		13,960		701		701		15,123		14,661
Infrastructure	159,754		154,244		32		31		159,786		154,275
Machinery and equipment	25,330		24,115		5,218		4,948		30,548		29,063
Office furniture and equipment	24,402		24,183		1,179		1,186		25,581		25,369
Vehicles	16,708		16,227		141		141		16,849		16,368
Less Accumulated											
depreciation	 (186,010)		(174,673)		(16,454)		(15,837)		(202,464)		(190,510)
Total	\$ 169,108	\$	169,981	\$	7,066	\$	7,366	\$	176,174	\$	177,347

Additional information on Sheboygan County's capital assets can be found in Note C.5 on pages 67-68.

Long-term debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, Sheboygan County had total debt outstanding of \$23,158,000 backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Sheboygan County's Outstanding Debt

	2021	2020
General obligation debt:		
Bonds	\$ 4,063,000	\$ 4,163,000
Notes	19,095,000	24,730,000
Total general obligation debt	\$23,158,000	\$28,893,000

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the County may issue to 5% of its total equalized valuation. The current legal threshold for new debt for the County is \$553,648,941 which is significantly in excess of the County's \$23,158,000 in general obligation debt. The County's debt service fund has a fund balance of \$269,201 at December 31, 2021.

Additional information on Sheboygan County's long-term debt can be found in Note C.7 on page 70-72 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for December 2021 was 1.5%. This is a decrease of 2.7% from the prior year. The average unemployment rate for the State of Wisconsin was 2.8%.

The economic condition and outlook mirrors that of the state and region. The County continues to have a diversified mix of manufacturing, service industries, retailers, health services, and dairy farming. However, all of these activities reflect state and national economies and economic conditions.

In prior years, limits have been imposed on the property tax levy rates and actual levies on Wisconsin counties. The baseline for the first imposed tax rate limit is the actual 1992 tax rate adopted for the 1993 budget. The operating levy rate and the debt levy rate cannot exceed the baseline rates unless the County qualifies for one of the exceptions allowed under the statute. The statute establishes specific penalties for failure to meet the levy rate freeze requirements. Among the penalties for exceeding the limits is the reduction of state shared revenues and transportation aids. For the 2021 budget year the County was allowed to increase the levy by net new construction under the actual tax levy freeze formula. Adjustments were also allowed for debt service payments and other specific items.

With the adoption of the budget for 2022, the County's operating rate of \$4.7654 represents a \$0.1989 decrease from the prior year and conforms to the state statute requirements.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Sheboygan County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, County of Sheboygan, 508 New York Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisconsin, 53081.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$65,877,375	\$3,875,462	\$69,752,837
Receivables	, , ,	,,,,,,,	, , ,
Taxes	50,967,422	1,004,693	51,972,115
Accounts, net	3,496,234	840,815	4,337,049
Delinquent taxes	1,367,299		1,367,299
Interest	432,298		432,298
Loans	1,544,001		1,544,001
Internal balances	785,931	(785,931)	
Due from other governments	3,547,812	808,522	4,356,334
Prepaids and other items	3,478,176	36,926	3,515,102
Intangible Assets	214,239		214,239
Capital assets, nondepreciable			
Land	16,855,098	31,750	16,886,848
Construction in progress	3,422,840	48,540	3,471,380
Capital assets, depreciable	04 222 757	16 160 710	110 202 467
Buildings	94,223,757	16,168,710	110,392,467
Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	14,421,707	701,148	15,122,855
	159,754,525	32,540	159,787,065
Machinery and equipment Office furniture and equipment	25,329,974	5,218,230 1,178,803	30,548,204
Vehicles	24,402,048 16,707,883	1,178,803	25,580,851 16,848,798
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(186,010,041)	(16,454,313)	(202,464,354)
Other assets	(100,010,041)	(10,454,515)	(202,404,334)
Net pension asset	15,578,162	2,426,356	18,004,518
Total Assets	316,396,740	15,273,166	331,669,906
10001	210,250,710	13,273,100	331,007,700
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	25 742 202	2.065.015	20 709 009
Deferred outflows related to pension	25,742,283	3,965,815	29,708,098
Other postemployment benefit related amounts	1,677,565	261,288	1,938,853
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,419,848	4,227,103	31,646,951
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	4,011,345	105,562	4,116,907
Accrued compensation	4,028,114	340,603	4,368,717
Accrued and other current liabilities	887,121	,	887,121
Accrued interest payable	100,217		100,217
Due to other governments	1,087,020		1,087,020
Unearned revenue	11,397,560	15,430	11,412,990
Long-term obligations			
Due within one year	5,923,134	12,732	5,935,866
Due in more than one year			
Other postemployment benefits liability	3,969,482	618,263	4,587,745
Other	23,620,628	556,398	24,177,026
Total Liabilities	55,024,621	1,648,988	56,673,609
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	50,967,422	1,004,693	51,972,115
Deferred inflows related to pension	34,126,771	5,315,371	39,442,142
Other postemployment benefit related amounts	571,964	89,086	661,050
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	85,666,157	6,409,150	92,075,307
Not Position			
Net Position	145 150 000	7.055.000	150 017 007
Net investment in capital assets	145,150,914	7,066,323	152,217,237
Restricted For:	120.004		120.004
Debt service Land records	168,984		168,984
	509,629		509,629
Jail assessment Pension benefits	180,000 15,578,162	2 126 256	180,000
Unrestricted	41,538,121	2,426,356 1,949,452	18,004,518 43,487,573
Total Net Position	\$203,125,810	\$11,442,131	\$214,567,941
Toma riot i Opinion	9203,123,610	ψ11, 1 774,131	Ψ217,JU1,741

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		I	Program Reven	ues] [Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position							
		Charges	Operating	Capital		•	Primary Government						
		for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental	Business-Type						
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	JL	Activities	Activities		Total				
Primary Government													
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$ 14,510,298	\$ 2,688,606	\$ 1,797,708	\$ 126,575		\$ (9,897,409)	\$	\$	(9,897,409)				
Sheriff	23,417,611	1,938,770	381,930	Ψ 120,575		(21,096,911)	•	Ψ	(21,096,911)				
Transportation	20,583,540	304,988	12,843,036			(7,435,516)			(7,435,516)				
Health and Human Services	40,033,191	7,610,159	19,780,370			(12,642,662)			(12,642,662)				
Resources and Development	2,587,101	287,498	742,792	1,798,845		242,034			242,034				
UW Ext/UW Campus	817,154	12,339	,	-,,		(804,815)			(804,815)				
Interest on Long-term Debt	626,322	,				(626,322)			(626,322)				
	102,575,217	12,842,360	35,545,836	1,925,420		(52,261,601)			(52,261,601)				
Business-Type Activities:		,- ,- ,	,,	, , , ,	_	(- , - , - ,			<u> </u>				
Rocky Knoll	13,447,860	9,442,950	2,621,760				(1,383,150)		(1,383,150)				
Total Primary Government	\$ 116,023,077	\$ 22,285,310	\$ 38,167,596	\$ 1,925,420	_	(52,261,601)	(1,383,150)		(53,644,751)				
	General Revenues												
	Taxes:												
	Property taxes					50,567,697	921,241		51,488,938				
	Sales tax					12,505,169			12,505,169				
	Other Taxes					36,858			36,858				
			l to Specific Functions			3,700,268	48,582		3,748,850				
	Investment Earning					1,195,683	2,397		1,198,080				
	Gain on disposal of	capital assets				152,729	1,773		154,502				
	Miscellaneous					1,323,762	22,223		1,345,985				
	Transfers In (Out)		(690,776)	690,776									
	Total general revenues and transfers 68,791,390												
	Change in net p	osition				16,529,789	303,842		16,833,631				
	Net Position - Ja				-	186,596,021	11,138,289		197,734,310				
	Net Position - D	ecember 31			-	\$203,125,810	\$11,442,131		\$214,567,941				

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

			Pı	ıblic Health						Other		Total
			a	nd Human	Debt	Capital			G	overnmental	Go	vernmental
		General		Services	Service	Projects	Tra	ansportation		Fund		Funds
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	47,624,990	\$		\$ 269,201	\$	\$	7,861,673	\$	426,459	\$	56,182,323
Receivables												
Taxes		29,852,247		14,612,218	5,001,945							49,466,410
Accounts, net		397,542		1,088,480				1,964,698				3,450,720
Delinquent taxes		1,367,299										1,367,299
Interest		432,298										432,298
Loans		852,477								691,524		1,544,001
Due from other funds		399,275										399,275
Due from other governments		708,578		1,805,090								2,513,668
Prepaids and other items		154,417										154,417
Total Assets	\$	81,789,123	\$	17,505,788	\$ 5,271,146	\$ -	\$	9,826,371	\$	1,117,983	\$	115,510,411
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resources and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	3,126,749	\$	750,884	\$	\$ 113,519	\$		\$		\$	3,991,152
Accrued compensation		3,939,913										3,939,913
Accrued and other current liabilities		144,818		2,007								146,825
Due to other funds				267,972		131,303						399,275
Due to other governments		54,067		1,032,953								1,087,020
Unearned revenue		11,151,651		245,909								11,397,560
Total Liabilities	_	18,417,198		2,299,725		244,822						20,961,745
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Property taxes levied for susequent year		29,852,247		14,612,218	5,001,945							49,466,410
County portion of delinquent taxes		629,107										629,107
Loans receivable		852,477								691,524		1,544,001
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		31,333,831		14,612,218	5,001,945					691,524		51,639,518
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		916,540										916,540
Restricted		689,629			269,201							958,830
Committed		259,386			,			9,826,371				10,085,757
Assigned		4,356,815		593,845				- ,,,-		426,459		5,377,119
Unassigned		25,815,724		,		(244,822)				-,		25,570,902
Total Fund Balances		32,038,094		593,845	269,201	(244,822)		9,826,371		426,459		42,909,148
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	81,789,123	\$	17,505,788	\$ 5,271,146	\$ 	\$	9,826,371	\$	1,117,983	\$	115,510,411

Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position

Total Fund Balances as shown on the previous page			\$	42,909,148
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	se:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds				130,582,444
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds				
Delinquent taxes		629,107		
Loans receivable		1,544,001	•	2,173,108
The County's intangible assets are not an available financial resource and therefore are not reported in the funds				214,239
The County's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements				
Net pension asset		15,578,162		
Deferred outflows of resources		25,742,283		
Deferred inflows of resources		(34,126,771)	-	7,193,674
The County's proportionate share of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund OPEB plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements				
Deferred outflows of resources		1,677,565		
Net OPEB liability		(3,969,482)		
Deferred inflows of resources		(571,964)	•	(2,863,881)
Some liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds				
Bonds and notes payable	\$	(23,158,000)		
Compensated absences		(4,890,304)		
Bond premiums		(685,357)		
Accrued interest on long-term obligations		(100,217)	•	(28,833,878)
Receivable or (payable) to a business-type activity due to the lookback adjustment and consolidation of internal service funds				785,931
Internal service fund activities included in governmental activities				50,965,025
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement of				
Net Position (see page 27)			\$	203,125,810

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Public Health				Other	Total
		and Human	Debt	Capital		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Services	Service	Projects	Transportation	Funds	Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 28,576,386	\$ 14,398,127	\$ 5,405,086				\$ 48,379,599
Other taxes	36,859				12,505,169		12,542,028
Intergovernmental	6,292,220	19,767,370		232,603			26,292,193
Licenses and permits	435,303	415,187					850,490
Fines, forfeits and penalties	352,653						352,653
Public charges for services	4,650,265	7,194,972					11,845,237
Miscellaneous	3,810,064	91,872		2,847		83,065	3,987,848
Total Revenues	44,153,750	41,867,528	5,405,086	235,450	12,505,169	83,065	104,250,048
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	14,590,285					35	14,590,320
Sheriff	22,866,444					18,671	22,885,115
Transportation	612,770				7,132,159		7,744,929
Health and human services	318,242	40,169,784					40,488,026
Resources and development	2,430,039						2,430,039
UW Ext/UW Campus	488,933						488,933
Debt Service:							
Principal			5,735,000				5,735,000
Interest and other charges	75		648,200				648,275
Capital Outlay	596,081			2,539,919			3,136,000
Total Expenditures	41,902,869	40,169,784	6,383,200	2,539,919	7,132,159	18,706	98,146,637
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	2,250,881	1,697,744	(978,114)	(2,304,469)	5,373,010	64,359	6,103,411
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets	555,112						555,112
Transfers in	1,766,417	62,518	1,000,000	93,494			2,922,429
Transfers out	(714,881)	(1,766,417)		(157,485)	(1,478,415)		(4,117,198)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,606,648	(1,703,899)	1,000,000	(63,991)	(1,478,415)		(639,657)
Net change in fund balances	3,857,529	(6,155)	21,886	(2,368,460)		64,359	5,463,754
Fund balances, January 1, as originally reported	24,357,516	600,000	247,315	2,123,638	5,931,776	362,100	33,622,345
Prior Period Adjustment	3,823,049	,	.,,,,,,,,,,	, -,	- / /	,	3,823,049
Fund balances, January 1, as restated	28,180,565	600,000	247,315	2,123,638	5,931,776	362,100	37,445,394
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 32,038,094		\$ 269,201		, ,	,	\$ 42,909,148

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances as show on previous page		\$ 5,463,754
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense		
Capital assets reported as capital outlay in the governmental fund statements	\$ 10,562,026	
Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	(10,360,442)	201.501
Amount by which capital outlays are greater than depreciation in current period		201,584
In governmental funds the entire proceeds, if any, from the disposal of capital assets is reported as an other financing source because they increase the financial resources. In the statement of activities, only the gain (or loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported.		(1.005.162)
ioss) on the sale of capital assets is reported.		(1,095,162)
Governmental funds report delinquent taxes and special assessments as revenue in the year paid. However, delinquent taxes and special assessments are recognized as revenue in the year assessed on the statement of activities. Change in delinquent taxes and special assessments in the current year is:		(142,126)
Changes in the net pension liability (asset) and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources as a result of employer contributions, changes in assumptions and proportionate share and the difference between the expected and actual experience of the pension plan.		4,584,454
Changes in the net OPEB liability (asset) and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources as a result of employer contributions, changes in assumptions and proportionate share and the difference between the expected and actual experience of the life insurance plan.		(471,525)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.		
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:		5 525 000
General obligation and notes payable retired		5,735,000
Some expenses reported in the governmental funds required the use of current financial resources and, therefore, were reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the amounts were not included as expenses in the statement of activities since they were expensed in prior years. In addition, some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Loan repayment/issuance	(325,038)	
Compensated absences	313,147	
Accrued interest	21,878 214,239	
Acquisition of intangible assets Amortization of bond premiums	165,714	389,940
- Infortization of bond promitting	103,711	307,710
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to certain funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		2,053,918
Additional (loss) revenue due to internal service fund look-back adjustments must be recognized in the		(190,048)
government-wide statements.		,/
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as reported in the Statement of Activities (see page 28)	:	\$ 16,529,789

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						Variance With
		Budgeted Amounts				Final Budget
		Original	Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$	28,474,133	\$ 28,484,18	3 \$	28,576,386	\$ 92,203
Other taxes		20,162	20,16	2	36,859	16,697
		28,494,295	28,504,34	5	28,613,245	108,900
Intergovernmental						
General Government		4,513,847	4,527,64	7	5,141,904	614,257
Sheriff		110,070	185,07	0	381,930	196,860
Health & Human Services		13,000	13,00	0	13,000	
Resources and Development		582,320	646,19	4	742,792	96,598
•		5,219,237	5,384,50	4	6,292,220	907,716
Licenses and permits						
General Government		115,450	115,45	0	92,469	(22,981)
Resources and Development		288,100	288,10	0	342,834	54,734
•	-	403,550	403,55	0	435,303	31,753
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties						
General Government		323,000	323,00	0	347,760	24,760
Sheriff					695	695
Resources and Development		3,000	3,00	0	4,198	1,198
•	-	326,000	326,00	0	352,653	26,653
Public Charges for Services						
General Government		1,647,661	1,647,66	1	2,221,943	574,282
Sheriff		1,788,264	1,788,26	4	1,936,875	148,611
Transportation		281,833	302,76	7	273,668	(29,099)
Resources and Development		114,850	114,85	0	205,440	90,590
UW Ext/UW Campus		22,150	22,15	0	12,339	(9,811)
•		3,854,758	3,875,69	2	4,650,265	774,573
Miscellaneous						
General Government		3,211,546	3,201,49	6	3,139,525	(61,971)
Sheriff		357,452	358,45	2	434,658	76,206
Transportation		7,500	164,15	4	124,430	(39,724)
Public Health and Human Services					5,163	5,163
Resources and Development		43,449	43,44	9	94,168	50,719
UW Ext/UW Campus		12,435	12,43	5	12,120	(315)
•		3,632,382	3,779,98	6	3,810,064	30,078
Total Revenues		41,930,222	42,274,07		44,153,750	1,879,673
EXPENDITURES						
General Government						
Treasurer						
Wages and benefits		420,114	422,31	7	418,770	3,547
Operating expenses		120,669	120,66	9	110,093	10,576
Interdepartmental charges		190,284	190,28	4	179,394	10,890
Capital outlay		18,000	18,00	0	25,118	(7,118)
		749,067	751,27	0	733,375	17,895
Register of Deeds			•			
Wages and benefits		395,189	410,14	2	390,457	19,685
Operating expenses		109,101	121,10	1	118,482	2,619
Interdepartmental charges		184,060	184,06		177,868	6,192
•		688,350	715,30	3	686,807	28,496
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Variance With
	Budgeted			Final Budget
Para	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Finance Wassandharefita	1 450 560	1 200 200	1 217 161	71.000
Wages and benefits	1,452,569	1,388,389	1,317,161	71,228
Operating expenses	54,665	54,665	43,377	11,288
Interdepartmental charges	318,263	388,523	383,348	5,175
	1,825,497	1,831,577	1,743,886	87,691
Medical Examiner				
Wages and benefits	126,816	127,466	135,188	(7,722)
Operating expenses	78,004	78,004	84,769	(6,765)
Interdepartmental charges	26,824	26,824	26,920	(96)
	231,644	232,294	246,877	(14,583)
County Board				
Wages and benefits	145,442	145,442	138,918	6,524
Operating expenses	43,232	51,351	51,878	(527)
Interdepartmental charges	46,078	42,927	33,315	9,612
	234,752	239,720	224,111	15,609
Court Commissioner	·			_
Wages and benefits	262,505	263,183	262,663	520
Operating expenses	36,334	36,334	37,429	(1,095)
Interdepartmental charges	45,848	45,848	44,887	961
	344,687	345,365	344,979	386
Clerk of Courts				
Wages and benefits	1,370,619	1,389,453	1,301,662	87,791
Operating expenses	804,014	827,676	891,319	(63,643)
Interdepartmental charges	600,231	600,231	495,628	104,603
1 0	2,774,864	2,817,360	2,688,609	128,751
District Attorney				<u> </u>
Wages and benefits	737,616	741,414	729,613	11,801
Operating expenses	49,093	54,199	51,366	2,833
Interdepartmental charges	235,936	235,936	197,020	38,916
meroeparmental enalges	1,022,645	1,031,549	977,999	53,550
County Clerk	1,022,013	1,031,317	711,222	33,330
Wages and benefits	186,425	187,448	187,505	(57)
Operating expenses	90,110	103,910	96,309	7,601
Interdepartmental charges	95,180	95,180	101,027	(5,847)
interdepartmental charges	371,715	386,538	384,841	1,697
Building Services	371,713	360,336	364,641	1,097
Wages and benefits	1,558,770	1,568,464	1,535,617	32,847
Operating expenses		1,322,096	1,071,114	
	1,222,871			250,982
Interdepartmental charges	603,944	603,944	584,661	19,283
Capital outlay	160,850	160,850	73,624	87,226
H D	3,546,435	3,655,354	3,265,016	390,338
Human Resources	120 0 1 1	444.050	414 100	27.007
Wages and benefits	439,944	441,273	414,188	27,085
Operating expenses	167,377	167,377	90,785	76,592
Interdepartmental charges	114,275	114,275	109,114	5,161
	721,596	722,925	614,087	108,838
Non-Departmental				
Operating expenses	1,930,999	1,939,347	1,938,260	1,087
Interdepartmental charges	2,729	2,729	3,186	(457)
Interest and other charges	1,000	1,000	75	925
	1,934,728	1,943,076	1,941,521	1,555

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Variance With
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Corporation Counsel				
Wages and benefits	82,253	82,578	83,722	(1,144)
Operating expenses	393,117	393,117	393,748	(631)
Interdepartmental charges	25,501	25,501	1,675	23,826
	500,871	501,196	479,145	22,051
County Administrator				
Wages and benefits	301,556	302,539	304,967	(2,428)
Operating expenses	8,866	9,041	9,371	(330)
Interdepartmental charges	55,283	55,283	43,511	11,772
	365,705	366,863	357,849	9,014
Total General Government	15,312,556	15,540,390	14,689,102	851,288
Sheriff				
Sheriff				
Wages and benefits	14,481,499	14,590,187	14,969,100	(378,913)
Operating expenses	3,709,000	3,734,318	4,103,790	(369,472)
Interdepartmental charges	4,066,358	4,066,358	3,793,554	272,804
Capital outlay	359,127	359,127	351,304	7,823
Total Sheriff	22,615,984	22,749,990	23,217,748	(467,758)
Transportation				
Airport				
Wages and benefits	221,514	222,653	233,914	(11,261)
Operating expenses	181,166	365,942	272,186	93,756
Interdepartmental charges	97,678	120,637	106,670	13,967
Capital outlay		153,574	94,997	58,577
Total Transportation	500,358	862,806	707,767	155,039
Health and Human Services				
Veterans Services				
Wages and benefits	190,871	191,851	192,724	(873)
Operating expenses	19,428	19,428	15,866	3,562
Interdepartmental charges	93,645	93,645	93,472	173
	303,944	304,924	302,062	2,862
Veterans Commission				
Wages and benefits	2,148	2,148		2,148
Operating expenses	18,041	23,841	15,576	8,265
Interdepartmental charges	608	608	604	4
	20,797	26,597	16,180	10,417
Total Health and Human Services	324,741	331,521	318,242	13,279
Resources and Development				
Planning and Conservation				
Wages and benefits	871,442	929,952	922,214	7,738
Operating expenses	978,620	985,475	1,046,108	(60,633)
Interdepartmental charges	355,787	381,210	461,717	(80,507)
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	51,038	23,962
Total Resources and Development	2,280,849	2,371,637	2,481,077	(109,440)
Total Resources and Development	2,200,049	2,371,037	2,701,0//	(107,740)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Variance With
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
LIW End IIW Commun				
UW Ext/UW Campus				
U.W. Green Bay - Sheboygan Campus	02.700	02.700	70.002	2.706
Operating expenses	82,789	82,789	78,993	3,796
Interdepartmental charges	28,820	28,820	30,136	(1,316)
	111,609	111,609	109,129	2,480
U.W. Extension				
Wages and benefits	97,043	97,395	83,318	14,077
Operating expenses	278,307	278,307	234,751	43,556
Interdepartmental charges	72,685	72,685	61,735	10,950
	448,035	448,387	379,804	68,583
Total UW Ext/UW Campus	559,644	559,996	488,933	71,063
Total Expenditures	41,594,132	42,416,340	41,902,869	513,471
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	336,090	(142,263)	2,250,881	2,393,144
Other financing sources (uses)		·		
Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets			555,112	555,112
Transfers in	198,673	298,764	1,766,417	1,467,653
Transfers out	(224,616)	(455,908)	(714,881)	(258,973)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,943)	(157,144)	1,606,648	1,763,792
Net change in fund balance	310,147	(299,407)	3,857,529	4,156,936
Fund balance, January 1, as originally reported	24,357,516	24,357,516	24,357,516	
Prior Period Adjustment	3,823,049	3,823,049	3,823,049	
Fund balance, January 1, as restated	28,180,565	28,180,565	28,180,565	
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 28,490,712	\$ 27,881,158	\$ 32,038,094	\$ 4,156,936

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Public Health and Human Services For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						Variance With
	Budgeted	l Am	ounts			Final Budget
	Original		Final	1	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 14,398,127	\$	14,398,127	\$	14,398,127	\$
Intergovernmental	16,770,381		18,761,444		19,767,370	1,005,926
Licenses and permits	438,482		438,482		415,187	(23,295)
Public charges for services	7,299,561		7,299,561		7,194,972	(104,589)
Miscellaneous	 181,150		181,150		91,872	(89,278)
Total Revenues	39,087,701		41,078,764		41,867,528	788,764
EXPENDITURES						
Community Programs						
Wages and benefits	4,417,551		4,439,797		4,447,590	(7,793)
Operating expenses	12,243,738		12,847,715		13,073,934	(226,219)
Interdepartmental charges	2,619,702		2,621,744		2,451,245	170,499
	 19,280,991		19,909,256		19,972,769	(63,513)
Elder Services	 - 7 7		- , ,		- 7 7	(
Wages and benefits	405,289		404,946		308,137	96,809
Operating expenses	741,038		739,910		710,124	29,786
Interdepartmental charges	305,448		303,406		255,413	47,993
Capital outlay	80,000		80,000		15,397	64,603
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 1,531,775		1,528,262		1,289,071	239,191
Public Health	 , ,		, , ,			<u> </u>
Wages and benefits	1,719,014		2,828,580		2,558,665	269,915
Operating expenses	98,173		251,541		364,863	(113,322)
Interdepartmental charges	1,032,343		1,212,645		1,080,118	132,527
	2,849,530		4,292,766		4,003,646	289,120
Social Services						
Wages and benefits	3,318,088		3,332,850		3,330,406	2,444
Operating expenses	5,963,242		6,094,565		5,782,034	312,531
Interdepartmental charges	1,985,242		1,985,242		1,977,941	7,301
-	11,266,572		11,412,657		11,090,381	322,276
Economic Support						
Wages and benefits	2,333,837		2,275,435		2,193,371	82,064
Operating expenses	295,607		290,958		277,018	13,940
Interdepartmental charges	1,541,978		1,514,182		1,322,834	191,348
	4,171,422		4,080,575		3,793,223	287,352
Administration						
Wages and benefits	1,530,240		1,535,328		1,415,632	119,696
Operating expenses	197,776		223,045		184,497	38,548
Interdepartmental charges	 (1,740,605)		(1,740,605)		(1,579,435)	(161,170)
	 (12,589)		17,768		20,694	(2,926)
Total Expenditures	39,087,701		41,241,284		40,169,784	1,071,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(162,520)		1,697,744	1,860,264
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in			62,520		62,518	(2)
Transfers out	 				(1,766,417)	(1,766,417)
Net change in fund balance	 				(6,155)	(6,155)
Fund balance, January 1	 600,000		600,000		600,000	
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 600,000	\$	600,000	\$	593,845	\$ (6,155)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

		prise Fund ky Knoll	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets	<u> </u>		
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$	3,875,462	\$ 9,695,052
Receivables			
Taxes		1,004,693	1,501,012
Accounts (net)		840,815	45,514
Due from other governments		808,522	1,034,144
Prepaids and other items	-	36,926	3,323,759
Total Current Assets		6,566,418	15,599,481
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, nondepreciable			
Land		31,750	5,653,790
Construction in progress		48,540	
Capital assets, depreciable			
Buildings		16,168,710	19,419,924
Improvements other than buildings		701,148	1,758,751
Infrastructure		32,540	715,471
Machinery and equipment		5,218,230	18,168,433
Office furniture and equipment		1,178,803	6,120,466
Vehicles		140,915	12,637,809
Less Accumulated depreciation		(16,454,313)	(25,949,297)
Other noncurrent assets			
Net pension asset		2,426,356	2,412,611
Total Noncurrent Assets	-		
		9,492,679	40,937,958
Total Assets		16,059,097	56,537,439
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows related to pension		3,965,815	3,972,452
Other postemployment benefit related amounts		261,288	259,806
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,227,103	4,232,258
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		105,562	20,193
Accrued and other current liabilities			740,296
Accrued compensation		340,603	88,201
Unearned revenue		15,430	
Current maturities of long-term obligations		12,732	12,173
Total Current Liabilities		474,327	860,863
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term obligations		556,398	797,928
Other postemployment benefits liability		618,263	614,758
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,174,661	1,412,686
Total Liabilities		1,648,988	2,273,549
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		1,004,693	1 501 012
1 2			1,501,012
Deferred inflows related to pension		5,315,371	5,285,260
Other postemployment benefit related amounts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		89,086 6,409,150	88,581 6,874,853
N. D. M			
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		7,066,323	38,525,347
Restricted for			
Pension benefits		2,426,356	2,412,611
Unrestricted Testal Nat Position		2,735,383	10,683,337
Total Net Position	\$	12,228,062	\$ 51,621,295

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(Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

Total Net Position as shown on the previous page	\$ 12,228,062
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position are different because:	
Change in revenue or expense due to the look-back adjustment resulting from consolidation of the internal service funds	 (785,931)
Net Position of Business-Type Activities as Reported on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position	\$ 11,442,131

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		1	overnmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$	9,442,950 \$	34,380,645
Miscellaneous operating revenue		22,223	124,633
Total Operating Revenues		9,465,173	34,505,278
Operating Expenses			
Operation and maintenance		12,781,675	36,262,900
Depreciation		639,596	2,402,944
Total Operating Expenses		13,421,271	38,665,844
Operating loss		(3,956,098)	(4,160,566)
Nonoperating revenues			
Intergovernmental revenues		2,621,760	3,522,368
Property tax appropriation		921,241	2,188,098
Investment income		2,397	
Donations		48,582	
Rental income			85,424
Gain on disposal of capital assets		1,773	83,875
Total nonoperating revenues	_	3,595,753	5,879,765
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(360,345)	1,719,199
Capital contributions - County		107,797	126,575
Transfers In		582,979	640,869
Transfers Out			(29,079)
Change in net position		330,431	2,457,564
Net Position - January 1		11,897,631	49,163,731
Net Position - December 31	\$	12,228,062 \$	51,621,295

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(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Government-wide Statement of Activities	
Change in Net Position as shown on previous page	\$ 330,431
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities are different because:	
Change in revenue or expenses due to the look-back adjustment resulting from consolidation of the internal service funds	 (26,589)
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities as Reported on the Government-wide Statement of Activities	\$ 303,842

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Rocky Knoll	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from	 - · · ·	
operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 8,603,017	\$ 9,373,430
Receipts from interfund services provided	25,892	22,211,512
Other operating cash receipts	(152,721)	2,953,822
Payments to suppliers	(3,743,463)	(11,396,529)
Payments for wages and benefits	(7,275,970)	(23,537,880)
Payments for interfund services used	(2,407,552)	(2,519,335)
Net cash used by operating activities	(4,950,797)	(2,914,980)
Cash flows from noncapital		
financing activities		
Intergovernmental contracts/grants	2,621,760	3,522,368
Property tax appropriation received	921,241	2,188,098
Donations	48,582	
Rental income		85,424
Transfer in	582,979	640,869
Transfer out		(29,079)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 4,174,562	6,407,680
Cash flows from capital and		
related financing activities		
Proceeds from sale of equipment	8,916	298,120
Purchases of capital assets	 (239,134)	(2,510,822)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	 (230,218)	(2,212,702)
Cash flows from investing		
activities		
Investment income	2,397	
Net cash provided by investing activities	 2,397	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 (1,004,056)	1,279,998
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	4,879,518	8,415,054
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 3,875,462	\$ 9,695,052

(Continued) 42

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities -		
	Rocky Knoll		Internal Service I	Funds	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:					
Operating loss	\$	(3,956,098)	\$ (4,160,566)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by					
operating activities:					
Depreciation (net of amortization)		639,596		2,402,944	
Change in WRS pension related liabilities (assets)		(1,140,869)	(1,182,766)	
Change in WRS pension related deferred outflows		(1,012,905)	(1,111,848)	
Change in WRS pension related deferred inflows		1,460,739		1,597,473	
Change in other post employment related liabilities (assets)		144,165		161,181	
Change in other post employment related deferred outflows		(75,789)		(82,335)	
Change in other post employment related deferred inflows		(5,581)		(1,988)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(7,342)		(6,105)	
Due from other governments		(806,783)		38,787	
Prepaids and other items		5,380		(623,007)	
Accounts payable		99,569		188,794	
Accrued compensation		(15,366)		(186,837)	
Accrued compensated absences		(104,654)		(10,217)	
Unearned revenue		(174,859)			
Accrued insurance				61,510	
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(4,950,797)	\$ (2,914,980)	
Noncash capital and financing activities					
Contribution of capital assets - County	\$	107,797	\$	126,575	

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Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds	
Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$	3,205,872
Tax Receivable For Other Governments		108,408
Special certificates		158,320
Total Assets		3,472,600
Liabilities		
Due to Other Governments		498,063
Total Liabilities		498,063
Net Position		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		2,974,537
Total Net Position	\$	2,974,537

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund	
Additions		_
Contributions		
Individuals	\$	4,818,115
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		108,408
Special Certificate Collections for Other Governments		126,161
Fee collections and other items		2,060,195
Total Additions		7,112,879
Deductions		
Beneficiary Payments to Individuals		2,329,753
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments		54,639
Payments of Special Certificates to Other Governments		110,668
Payments to Other Entitites		3,620,498
Total Deductions		6,115,558
Change in Net Position		997,321
Fiduciary Net Position - January 1		1,977,216
Fiduciary Net Position - December 31	\$	2,974,537

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin ("the County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the County are described below:

1. Reporting Entity

Sheboygan County is a municipal corporation governed by an elected 25 member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the County (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County. The following circumstances set forth the County's financial accountability for a legally separate organization:

- **a.** The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County.
- **b.** The County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

The County has identified the following component unit that is required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc.

The Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. of the County of Sheboygan, Wisconsin was formed solely to carry out a revolving loan fund program supporting economic development for Sheboygan County and other purposes approved by the members and directors. The board of the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. is appointed in the Bylaws, and consists of not more than nine members, six of which are County members. Although it is legally separate from the County, the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. is reported as a blended component unit as if it were part of the primary government because its only financial transactions relate to revolving loan funds issued supporting economic development within Sheboygan County. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc.

2. Related Organization

Sheboygan County is a member of the multicounty federated library system named Monarch Library System. Funding for the Monarch Library System comes primarily from the State of Wisconsin, Sheboygan County, Ozaukee County, Dodge County and Washington County. Since the Monarch Library System is a related party organization of multiple counties and exercises substantial control of its own operations, it is not considered to be a component unit of Sheboygan County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As a member of the Monarch Library System, Sheboygan County has the authority to appoint members to the Library System Board. The membership of the Library System Board is allocated among the member counties in the same proportion as the county's population is to the total population of all the member counties. Each County appoints a county board member to the Library System board. In addition, one of the members is a member of the Mead Public Library Board, the library system's resource library. The remaining Library System Board members are representatives of the member library boards and public members at large.

Payments to the Monarch Library System represent related party transactions, which are not considered to be "arm's length transactions". In 2021, payments from Sheboygan County to the Library System totaled \$1,550,860. Financial statements of the Monarch Library System can be obtained by contacting the Library System at: 4632 S. Taylor Drive, Sheboygan, WI. 53081.

3. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND

This is the County's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

This fund accounts for federal and state grants (other than capital grants) that are legally restricted for the nutritional, physical, social, mental, and economic needs of individual and families. Significant revenues are intergovernmental grants and public charges for services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and related assets.

TRANSPORTATION FUND

This fund accounts for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation related capital facilities and related assets.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

ROCKY KNOLL HEALTH CARE CENTER

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of a long-term skilled care nursing facility.

The County reports the following non-major funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes. Non-major special revenue fund includes the public safety and industrial development and revolving loan agency funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS account for insurance, information technology services, printing, and highway maintenance services provided to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS accounts for funds held for the Clerk of Courts, Register of Deeds, taxes for other governments, inmates, and patients, in custodial funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cashflows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers grant revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days and all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Custodial funds have no measurement focus.

Property taxes, sales taxes, public charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current period are considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are internal services between governmental activities and business type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the County's enterprise fund is charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources are they are needed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance</u>

a. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

b. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable have been shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,214,384.

c. Property Taxes Levied for the 2022 Budget

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as taxes receivable and as deferred inflow of resources. They are recognized as revenue in full in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided. The General Fund makes all other funds whole for their tax levies and accounts for any deferred, uncollected, or delinquent amounts.

d. Loans Receivable

The County has established an economic development loan programs and has passed the funds to various businesses in the form of loans. The County records a loan receivable and expenditure when the loan has been made and the funds disbursed. No allowance for uncollectable accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements. In the government funds, the County records a deferred inflow of resources for the net amount of the receivable. As the loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. Any unspent loan proceeds are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

e. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided and services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Noncurrent portions of the interfund receivables for governmental funds are reported as "advances to other funds" and are offset by nonspendable fund balance since they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Prepaid and Other Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and are expensed during the periods benefited.

Other items are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. Other items consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual other items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid and other items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable balances in the respective funds to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

g. Intangible Asset

The County owns the Amsterdam Dunes Preservation Area (the "Dunes") located along Lake Michigan, in the Town of Holland in Sheboygan County, Wisconsin within the Lake Michigan Coast watershed. The County intends to preserve the property, open it to the public, and create a wetland mitigation bank. Since 2015, the County has been working towards restoration, protecting, and preserving the Dune's wetlands through a wetland mitigation bank program administered by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. As a result of the establishment of the Dune's wetland mitigation bank, the bank has created economic "credits" which are based on the ecological value associated with the wetlands. These credits can be utilized by the County or sold to developers or other third-parties whose projects may impact various ecosystems.

In December of 2021, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers released a total of 3 wetland credits to the Dune's wetland mitigation bank which the County has estimated as having a value of approximately \$100,000 per credit when subsequently sold. As of December, 31, 2021, the County has not yet sold any of the credits.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more except for Rocky Knoll Health Care Center, which must have a unit of cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	15 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years
Infrastructure improvements	5-15 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Office furniture and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	3-4 years

i. Compensated Absences

The County compensates all employees upon termination for unused vacation time. Generally, vacation pay is earned during the same calendar year it is used. Vacation banks are capped at 280 hours and the employee earns no additional vacation until the bank falls below the cap.

During 2020, the County made a temporary change to the vacation banks cap to provide employees, defined as Emergency Responders and Health Care Providers in Policy 704-FMLA Addendum I, the opportunity to continue to accrue vacation during the current health care crisis increasing the current vacation bank cap from 280 hours to 320 hours. This temporary change expired on December 31, 2021.

The County provides a Sick Pay Program to all employees. Beginning 1/1/2013 employees are eligible to receive up to nine (9) days per year. Upon termination of employment employees will be paid out 33 1/3% of their earned but unused sick pay. Prior to January 1, 2013, all County union employees except Local 1749 (Highway Department) who had earned but unused sick leave in the employee's bank retain the value of that sick leave bank, converted to dollars at the employee's regular rate of pay as of 12/31/2012. An employee's "old sick leave" account is available for use by the employee as sick pay if the employee's regular sick pay account has become exhausted. Upon termination, any balance remaining in the employee's "old sick leave" account will be paid to the employee at 100% no matter when the termination of employment occurs. As of 12/31/2012, some employees were no longer eligible for the County's Income Protection Program. Those employees (Public Health and Community Programs Professionals and Highway Department) received nineteen (19) days of sick pay in their accounts as a starting balance as of 1/1/2013. Non-union employees are not eligible to accumulate sick leave. For these employees the County provides an income protection plan. Thus, they receive no sick leave compensation upon termination.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation liabilities at December 31, 2021, are determined on the basis of current salary in the government-wide and proprietary funds. Sick leave liabilities are determined on the basis of the dollar value of the "old sick banks" and pay-out value of the "new sick banks".

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The County reports unavailable revenues for the County portion of delinquent property taxes and loans receivable that will be recognized as inflows of resources in the subsequent year for which it was levied or when the time requirement is met.

k. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds and notes payable are reported net of the applicable debt premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

l. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

m. Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions Plan (OPEB)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

n. Fund Equity

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action (ordinance) of the County Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the County Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of County management. By resolution, the County Board has authorized the County Administrator and the Finance Director to assign fund balance. By practice, the County Administrator and Finance Director recommend assigned fund balances to the Finance Committee for their approval. Requests include: 1) unused funds for projects or programs that span multiple calendar years, 2) donations specifically requested to be used for veterans services, and 3) maintenance of county recreational trails.
- Unassigned fund balance Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The County considers restricted amounts to be spent first when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County will first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balances when expenditures are made.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENTS

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included.
- Restricted net position Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

o. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 31, County departments, with liaison committee approval, submit their annual budget requests to the Finance Committee of the County Board for the calendar commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by County Board action.
- c. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental and proprietary funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- d. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for governmental and proprietary funds. The County did not adopt an annual budget for the Industrial Development and revolving Loan Agency, Inc. and Public Safety Special Revenue Funds.
- e. The budget is prepared by fund and department level. The legal level of budgetary control is by appropriation unit, defined as groups of account classes within a department, including wages and benefits, operating expenses, interdepartmental charges, and capital outlay. Management can make transfers within an appropriation unit without the approval of the County Board. The amounts of the various appropriations and the purposes for such appropriations may not be changed unless authorized by two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Board, in accordance with Wis Stat. 65.90(5)(a), except that the Finance Committee may authorize expenditures, transfers, and variances without Board approval in the following circumstances:
 - Capital Outlay Reprioritizations. Upon request of a liaison committee, the Finance Committee may authorize capital outlay account expenditures for items in substitution for those budgeted, provided the expenditure does not exceed the amount budgeted for the deleted items.
 - Underfunded Appropriation Units. Upon request of a liaison committee, the Finance Committee may transfer funds between appropriation units of a department, so long as such transfers are not in excess of 10% of the funds originally provided for such department in the budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

• Contingency Account Transfers. The Finance Committee may, if approved by two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Committee, transfer funds from the Contingency Fund for underfunded or unbudgeted items of up to the lessor of \$25,000 or 10% of the Contingency Fund appropriation. All other transfers from the Contingency Fund may be made only by a majority vote of the County Board.

The County did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget Appropriations

The following expenditure accounts of the governmental funds had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2021 as follows:

	Wages &	Operating	Interdepartmental	Debt Service	Capital
	Benefits	Expenses	Charges	Principal	Outlay
General Fund					
General Government					
Treasurer					\$7,118
Medical Examiner	7,722	6,765	96		
County Board		527			
Court Commissioner		1,095			
Clerk of Courts		63,643			
County Clerk	57		5,847		
Non-Departmental		457			
Corporation Counsel	1,144	631			
County Administrator	2,428	330			
She riff					
Sheriff	378,913	369,472			
T					
Transportation	11.261				
Airport	11,261				
Health and Human Services					
Veterans Services	873				
Resources and Development					
Planning and Conservation		60,633	80,507		
UW Ext/UW Campus					
U.W. Green Bay - Sheboygan Campus			1,316		
gp					
Special Revenue Funds					
Health and Human Services					
Community Programs	7,793	226,219			
Public Health		113,322	161 170		
Administration			161,170		
Debt Service					
Principal				100,000	
				100,000	

The above excess expenditures were funded using favorable revenue variances and other favorable expenditure variances.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

3. Deficit Fund Equity

The following fund had deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2021:

	Deficit	
Fund	Fund Balance	
Capital Projects	\$ 244,	

The County anticipates funding the above deficit from future revenues from the fund or from resources available in the General Fund.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

1. Cash and Investments

The County maintains cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed in the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

The County maintains its own investment policy which is in accordance with Wisconsin State Statutes. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, obligations of Wisconsin governmental units, time deposits with maturities of less than three years in any financial institution in Wisconsin, the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool, any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency, securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust subject to various conditions and investment options and repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions. The County's adopted investment policy is more restrictive than the state statutes in that it limits money market funds to maturities of less than one year and corporate debt obligations to 20% of total investible assets and/or 5% of total investible assets with any one corporate issuer.

The carrying amount of the County's cash and investments totaled \$72,958,709 at December 31, 2021 as summarized below:

Petty cash funds	\$ 14,640
Deposits with financial institutions	47,289,949
Investments	
Certificates of deposit	1,265,333
Federal agency securities	18,043,471
Municipal bonds	3,794,748
Wisconsin local government investment pool	2,550,568
Total	\$ 572,958,709

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$69,752,837
Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	3,205,872
Total	\$72,958,709

Deposits and investments of the County are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the specific risks and the County's policy related to the risk.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The County does not have an additional custodial credit risk policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 per official custodian per depository institution. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available.

As of December 31, 2021, \$48,112,333 of the County's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. The entire balance was collateralized with securities held by the same financial institution with which the cash was deposited.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Exempt		Rating as of	Year End	
		From				Not
Investment Type	Amount	Disclosure	AAA	AA	A	Rated
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	\$ 486,600	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 486,600
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2,461,543		2,461,543			
Federal Home Loan Bank	10,111,675		10,111,675			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage						
Corp	2,019,937		2,019,937			
Federal National Mortgage						
Association	2,237,325		2,237,325			
Government National						
Mortgage Association	726,391					726,391
Certificates of deposit	1,265,333					1,265,333
Municipal bonds	3,794,748		633,555	2,886,009		275,184
Wisconsin Local Government						
Investment Pool	2,550,568					2,550,568
Totals	\$ 25,654,120	\$	\$ 17,464,035	\$ 2,886,009	\$	\$ 5,304,076

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the County contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total County investments are as follows:

		Reported		Percent of Total
Issuer	InvestmentType		Amount	Investments
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	\$	2,461,543	9.6%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	Federal agency securities		2,019,937	7.9%
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency securities		10,111,675	39.4%
Federal National Mortgage Association	Municipal bond		2,237,325	8.7%
State of Wisconsin	Municipal bond		2,031,544	7.9%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The County's investment portfolio is structured to provide a high total return giving consideration to risk and necessary availability of funds.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the County's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the County's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)							
			12 Months			13 to 24		25 to 60		I ore Than
Investment Type	Am	Amount		or Less	Months		Months		60 Months	
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	\$	486,600	\$		\$		\$	486,600	\$	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		2,461,543						2,461,543		
Federal Home Loan Bank		10,111,675				746,955		6,904,682		2,460,038
Federal Home Loan Mortgage										
Corp		2,019,937				495,270		1,524,667		
Federal National Mortgage										
Association		2,237,325				746,025		1,491,300		
Government National Mortgage										
Association		726,391								726,391
Certificates of deposit		1,265,333		250,160		510,983		504,190		
Municipal bonds		3,794,748		275,184		274,162		3,245,402		
Wisconsin Local Government										
Investment Pool		2,550,568		2,550,568						
Totals	\$	25,654,120	\$	3,075,912	\$	2,773,395	\$	16,618,384	\$	3,186,429

<u>Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations</u>

The County's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above):

	Fair Value
Highly Senstive Instruments	at Year End
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	\$ 486,600
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2,461,543
ederal Home Loan Bank 10,111,	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp 2,019,	
Federal National Mortgage Association	2,237,325
Government National Mortgage Association	726,391

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investment in Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool

The County has investments in the Wisconsin local government investment pool of \$2,550,568 at year-end. The Wisconsin local government investment pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2021, the fair value of the County's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:				
Investments	Level 1	I	evel 2	Level 3	
Federal Agency Securities	\$	\$	18,043,471	\$	
Certificates of Deposit			1,265,333		
Municipal Bonds			3,794,748		
Total investments by fair value level	\$	\$	23,103,552	\$	

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Method
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Institutional bond quotes - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal Home Loan Bank	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal National Mortgage Association	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Government National Mortgage Association	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Certificates of Deposit	Institutional quotes - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2. Property Tax Apportionments

Property taxes are apportioned annually in November to local taxing units within the County for financing state charges and the subsequent year's operations of the County. Since the November apportionment is not due from local taxing districts until February of the subsequent year, the County's apportionment is recorded as deferred inflow of resources at year-end. Property tax payments from individual property owners are due in two installments by January 31 and July 31. During the month of February, each local taxing district settles with the County for both collected and unpaid property taxes. At the February settlement, the County becomes responsible for the collection of unpaid property taxes, including unpaid property taxes returned by local taxing districts for financing their individual operations. Property taxes subsequently not paid by property owners by September 1 of the same year are considered delinquent. The delinquent taxes are then acquired by the County's general fund in accordance with state statutes in order to provide the County with a statutory lien.

Property taxes recorded on December 31, 2021 for collection in 2022 are for the following:

County apportionment

\$ 51,972,115

The above County apportionment of \$51,972,115 is for financing 2022 operations and will be transferred in 2022 from deferred inflows of resources to current revenues of the County's governmental and proprietary funds.

3. <u>Delinquent Property Taxes – General Fund</u>

Delinquent property taxes of the general fund represent unpaid property taxes on real estate, including state and local government equities therein. Under state statutes, the County annually reimburses the state and local governments for their equities in property taxes not collected from the property owner. Unless redeemed by the property owner, the County will eventually obtain tax deed ownership of the properties comprising delinquent taxes. In the past, the County has generally been able to recover its investment in delinquent taxes by sale of the tax deeded properties.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

On December 31, 2021, the County's general fund showed an investment of \$1,367,299 in delinquent tax certificates. An aging of the delinquent taxes certificates follows:

		County		County
Year Acquired	Total	Share	P	urchased
2021	\$ 776,539	\$ 188,916	\$	587,623
2020	403,616	99,290		304,326
2019	170,438	42,439		127,999
2018	12,981	3,219		9,762
2017	1,396	349		1,047
2016	958	239		719
2015	959	233		726
2014	404	96		308
2013	2			2
2012	2			2
2011	2			2
2010	 2			2
Delinquent property taxes at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,367,299	334,781		1,032,518
Less 60 day collections after December 31, 2021		87,943		270,395
County Share of Taxes		246,838		
Interest accrued		382,269		
Deferred Inflow of Resources		\$ 629,107		
Nonspendable Fund Balance (purchased equities of state			=	
and local governments)			\$	762,123

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

4. <u>Loans Receivable – General Fund</u>

The County's general fund has the following loans receivable detailed as follows:

\$72,609 issued 12/15/2016 to the Bay-Lake Regional Planning Commission. \$8,311 due annually through 2026, interest 3.0%.	\$	38,061
\$20,125 issued 06/30/2017 to the Village of Howards Grove, Wisconsin. \$4,198 due annually through 2022, interest 1.7%.		4,128
\$1,295,500 issued 12/12/2017 to Tecumseh Products Company. Approximately \$36,044 due quarterly through 2027, interest adjusted quarterly to the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate		810,288
Total Outstanding Loans Receivable	<u>\$</u>	852,477

Annual principal and interest maturities of the above outstanding loans receivable of \$852,477 are detailed below:

Year Ended			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$139,308	\$17,377	\$156,685
2023	138,131	14,356	152,487
2024	141,146	10,635	152,487
2025	144,228	7,782	152,487
2026	147,738	4,867	152,487
2027	142,286	1,890	144,176
	\$852,477	\$58,332	\$910,809

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 17,169,800	\$ 165,333	\$ 480,035	\$ 16,855,098
Construction in progress	2,932,222	9,010,198	8,519,580	3,422,840
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	20,102,022	9,175,531	8,999,615	20,277,938
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	91,823,408	2,400,349		94,223,757
Improvements other than buildings	13,959,606	462,101		14,421,707
Infrastructure	154,244,189	5,728,605	218,269	159,754,525
Machinery and equipment	24,114,852	1,890,746	675,624	25,329,974
Office furniture and equipment	24,182,773	227,230	7,955	24,402,048
Vehicles	16,227,232	1,538,870	1,058,219	16,707,883
Subtotals	324,552,060	12,247,901	1,960,067	334,839,894
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(53,353,570)	(2,534,417)		(55,887,987)
Improvements other than buildings	(9,673,127)	(351,288)		(10,024,415)
Infrastructure	(73,662,003)	(5,919,930)	215,812	(79,366,121)
Machinery and equipment	(13,134,875)	(1,163,558)	530,695	(13,767,738)
Office furniture and equipment	(15,368,002)	(1,515,241)	7,955	(16,875,288)
Vehicles	(9,481,345)	(1,278,951)	671,804	(10,088,492)
Subtotals	(174,672,922)	(12,763,385)	1,426,266	(186,010,041)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	149,879,138	(515,484)	533,801	148,829,853
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 169,981,160	\$ 8,660,047	\$ 9,533,416	169,107,791
Less related long-term debt outstanding				23,956,877
Net investment in capital assets				\$ 145,150,914

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 31,750	\$	\$	\$ 31,750
Construction in progress		48,540		48,540
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	31,750	48,540		80,290
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	16,163,565	5,145		16,168,710
Improvements other than buildings	701,148			701,148
Infrastructure	30,877	1,663		32,540
Machinery and equipment	4,948,401	287,163	17,334	5,218,230
Office furniture and equipment	1,185,992	4,502	11,691	1,178,803
Vehicles	140,915			140,915
Subtotals	23,170,898	298,473	29,025	23,440,346
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(10,292,310)	(432,101)		(10,724,411)
Improvements other than buildings	(511,791)	(26,379)		(538,170)
Infrastructure		(2,169)		(2,169)
Machinery and equipment	(4,041,686)	(112,073)	10,110	(4,143,649)
Office furniture and equipment	(861,135)	(57,796)	11,691	(907,240)
Vehicles	(129,595)	(9,079)		(138,674)
Subtotals	(15,836,517)	(639,597)	21,801	(16,454,313)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,334,381	(341,124)	7,224	6,986,033
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,366,131	\$ (292,584)	\$ 7,224	7,066,323
Less related long-term debt outstanding				•
Investment in capital assets			,	\$ 7,066,323

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 1,319,528
Sheriff	2,277,953
Transportation	5,973,907
Public health and human services	205,234
Resources and development	245,557
UW Ext/UW Campus	338,263
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	10,360,442
Capital assets held by the County's internal service funds are charged	
to various functions based on their usage of the assets	<u>2,402,944</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$12,763,386</u>

Business-type activities:

Rocky Knoll	<u>\$ 639,596</u>
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Construction Commitment

The County has several unfinished construction projects in progress as of December 31, 2021. Major projects include the Rocky Knoll Renovation project, reconstructing/extending Taxiways A & B at the Sheboygan County Airport, the Alternatives to Incarceration addition to the County Detention Center and the replacement of the County Highway Department's asphalt plant. A combination of general obligation bonds, Federal and State Agencies, and fund balance are financing these projects.

6. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the County, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Interfund		Interfund	
	Receivables		Pay ables	
Temporary Cash Advances to Finance Operating Cash				
Deficits of Other Funds				
General Fund	\$	399,275	\$	
Public Health and Human Services				267,972
Capital Projects				131,303
Totals	\$	399,275	\$	399,275

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Transfer to:										
	Public Health Enterprise Governmental										
	General	and	l Human	Debt	Ca	apital		Fund	F	Activities - Internal	
	Fund	S	ervices	Service	Pr	ojects	Ro	cky Knoll		Service Funds	Total
Transfers from:											
General Fund	\$	\$	62,518	\$	\$		\$	550,367	\$	101,996	\$ 714,881
Public Health and											
Human Services	1,766,417										1,766,417
Capital Projects								32,612		124,873	157,485
Transportation Fund				1,000,000		64,415				414,000	1,478,415
Other Governmental Fund											
Governmental Activities -											
Internal Service Funds						29,079					29,079
	\$ 1,766,417	\$	62,518	\$ 1,000,000	\$	93,494	\$	582,979	\$	640,869	\$ 4,146,277

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

7. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the County for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	(Outstanding			Outstanding	I	Oue Within
		1/1/2021	Issued	Retired	12/31/2021		One Year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation debt							
Bonds	\$	4,163,000	\$	\$ 100,000	\$ 4,063,000	\$	2,023,000
Notes		24,730,000		5,635,000	19,095,000		3,605,000
Total general obligation debt		28,893,000		5,735,000	23,158,000		5,628,000
Bond premiums		851,071		165,714	685,357		132,911
Compensated absences		6,028,635	4,291,560	4,619,790	5,700,405		162,223
Governmental activities long-term obligations	\$	35,772,706	\$ 4,291,560	\$ 10,520,504	\$ 29,543,762	\$	5,923,134
Business-type activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	671,031	\$ 616,219	\$ 718,120	\$ 569,130	\$	12,732
Business-type activities long-term obligations	\$	671,031	\$ 616,219	\$ 718,120	\$ 569,130	\$	12,732

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$647,725.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Amount
Refunding bonds:	
\$4,163,000 - Series 2020, due May 1, 2023; interest 1.02% to 1.11%	\$ 4,063,000
Notes:	
\$9,500,000 - Series 2015, various amounts due through May 1, 2025; interest 2% to 3%	5,025,000
\$10,000,000 - Series 2017, various amounts due through May 1, 2027; interest 2% to 3%	6,225,000
\$6,680,000 - Series 2018, various amounts due through May 1, 2027; interest 3% to 4%	4,095,000
\$4,750,000 - Series 2020, various amounts due through May 1, 2030; interest 2% to 3%	 3,750,000
	19,095,000
Total outstanding general obligation debt	\$ 23,158,000

The annual principal and interest payments on general obligation debt as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities				
December 31		Principal Interest		Interest	
2022	\$	5,628,000	\$	519,595	
2023		5,300,000		416,101	
2024		3,300,000		307,125	
2025		3,400,000		203,275	
2026		2,155,000		124,000	
2027		2,210,000		65,338	
2028		375,000		29,325	
2029		390,000		17,850	
2030		400,000		6,000	
	\$	23,158,000	\$	1,688,609	

For governmental activities, other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Legal Margin for New Debt

The County's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2021 was \$553,648,941 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the County		\$ 11,530,754,800
Statutory limitation percentage		(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the		
Wisconsin Statutes		576,537,740
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	\$ 23,158,000	
Less: Amount available for financing general obligation debt		
Debt service fund	269,201	
Net outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation		22,888,799
Legal Margin for New Debt		\$ 553,648,941

8. Fund Equity

The County has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a general fund unassigned fund balance of 5% to 10% of total county expenditures, less capital project and transportation fund expenditures. The general fund unassigned fund balance at year end was \$25,815,724 or 17.31% of 2022 anticipated expenditures. County policy also indicates that the general fund unassigned fund balance be maintained at a minimum of 15% and a maximum of 30% of total governmental fund expenditures less capital project and transportation fund expenditures. The general fund unassigned fund balance at year end was 29.18% of the total governmental fund expenditures (excluding capital project and transportation fund expenditures).

Fund Statements

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are nonspendable because amounts are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or legally or contractually required to remain intact.

General Fund	
Nonspendable	
Prepaids and other items	\$154,417
Delinquent property taxes	762,123
Total	<u>\$ 916,540</u>

Also, in the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are restricted by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. At December 31, 2021 fund balance was restricted as follows:

General Fund	
Restricted	
Jail assessment fees	\$180,000
Land record fees	509,629
Total	\$ 689,629

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Debt Service Fund Restricted

Debt Service \$269,201

Also, in the fund financial statements portions of governmental fund balances are committed by County Board action. At December 31, 2021 fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fund

Committed

UW Extension funds\$ 36,813County airport funds132,163Planning and conservation programs90,410Total\$ 259,386

Transportation Fund

Committed

Transportation <u>\$ 9,826,371</u>

Also, in the fund financial statements portions of governmental fund balances are assigned by County Board action. At December 31, 2021 fund balance was assigned as follows:

General Fund

Assigned

Subsequent years' expenditures	\$ 330,351
Veterans Services programs	14,575
Planning and conservation programs	173,562
Employee picnic expenditures	15,278
Compensated absences	3,823,049
Total	\$ 4,356.815

Public Health and Human Services -

Assigned

Public health and human services programs \$593,845

Public Safety Fund

Assigned

Sheriff equipment funds \$97,852

Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Fund Agency, Inc.

Assigned

Community development <u>\$ 328,607</u>

9. Airport Leases

The County oversees the overall operation of the airport and is lessor of the facility under various operating leases for periods ranging from 2021 through 2064. Although some operating leases extend as far as 2064, rates are re-negotiated annually. The table below represents the current annual negotiated rates by tenant category.

Industrial & commercial	\$ 89,142
Individual	23,009
Agricultural	<u>28,662</u>
	<u>\$140,813</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

10. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.html.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/16), are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Core Fund	Variable Fund
Adjustment(%)	Adjustment (%)
(1.2)	11
(7.0)	(7)
(9.6)	9
4.7	25
2.9	2
0.5	(5)
2.0	4
2.4	17
0.0	(10)
1.7	21.0
	Adjustment(%) (1.2) (7.0) (9.6) 4.7 2.9 0.5 2.0 2.4 0.0

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ending December 31, 2021, the WRS recognized \$3,220,199 in contributions from the County.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,		
Executives and elected officials)	6.75%	6.75%
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	11.75%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.35%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the County reported an asset of \$18,004,518 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.28838890%, which was a decrease of 0.00032738% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized pension revenue of \$1,949,020.

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of D		Def	Deferred Inflow of	
	Resources			Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	26,058,065	\$	5,612,860	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments				33,802,017	
Changes in assumptions		408,377			
Changes in proportion and differences between					
employer contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions		21,457		27,265	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		3,220,199			
Total	\$	29,708,098	\$	39,442,142	
	•				

\$3,220,199 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31	Expense
2022	\$ 3,335,509
2023	909,963
2024	6,120,285
2025	2,588,486
Total	\$ 12,954,243

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Actuarial Cost Method:

December 31, 2019

December 31, 2020

Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.0% Discount Rate: 7.0%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments* 1.9%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2019 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

		Long-Term	Long-Term
Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset	Expected Nominal	Expected Real
	Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Global Equities	51%	7.2%	4.7%
Fixed Income	25%	3.2%	0.8%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	16%	2.0%	(0.4%)
Real Estate	8%	5.6%	3.1%
Private Equity/Debt	11%	10.2%	7.6%
Multi-Asset	4%	5.8%	43.3%
Cash	(15%)	0.9%	N/A
Total Core Fund	100%	6.6%	4.1%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.6%	4.1%
International Equities	30%	7.4%	4.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	7.1%	4.6%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.4%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2020. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease to	Current	1% Increase to
	I	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of				_
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	17,137,806	\$ (18,004,518)	\$ (43,816,295)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payable to the WRS

At December 31, 2021 the County reported a payable of \$730,313 for the outstanding amount of contribution to the plan required for the year ended December 31, 2021.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can be found at https://etfonline.wi.gov/ETFGASBPublicWeb/gasb75Local.do

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2021 are:

Coverage Type Employer Contribution
50% Post-retirement coverage 40% of employee contribution
25% Post-retirement coverage 20% of employee contribution

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2020 are listed below:

	Life Insurance							
	Member Contribution Rates							
For th	e Year Ended December 3	1, 2020						
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental						
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05						
30 - 34	0.06	0.06						
35 - 39	0.07	0.07						
40 - 44	0.08	0.08						
45 - 49	0.12	0.12						
50 - 54	0.22	0.22						
55 - 59	0.39	0.39						
60 - 64	0.49	0.49						
65 - 69	0.57	0.57						

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the LRLIF recognized \$16,631 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$4,587,745 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.83402600%, which was an increase of 0.02771400% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$550,949.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Deferred In		red Inflow of	
	R	lesources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	218,911
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		66,794		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,784,697		314,781
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		87,362		127,358
Total	\$	1,938,853	\$	661,050

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	Expense
2022	\$ 236,237
2023	229,013
2024	221,573
2025	201,774
2026	255,906
Thereafter	133,300
	\$ 1,277,803

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial valuation date:	January 1, 2020
Measurement date of net OPEB liability (asset):	December 31, 2020
Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal
20 year tax-exempt municipal bond yield:	2.12%
Long-term expected rate of return:	4.25%
Discount rate:	2.25%
Salary increases:	
Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

			Long-Term Expected
		Target	Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Return %
U.S. Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	50%	1.47%
U.S. Mortgages	Barclays MBS	50%	0.82%
Inflation			2.20%
Long-term expected rate of return			4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return and expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25% and 2.20% respectively. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 2.25% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.87% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.74% as of December 31, 2019 to 2.12% as of December 31, 2020. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease to		Current	19	6 Increase to
	Di	scount Rate	D	Discount Rate	D	iscount Rate
		(1.25%)		(2.25%)		(3.25%)
County's proportionate share of						_
the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	6,240,645	\$	4,587,745	\$	3,337,705

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2021, the County reported no payable for the outstanding amount of contribution to the Plan required for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE D - OTHER INFORMATION

1. Risk Management

The County maintains an insurance program to safeguard its financial security by protecting its human, financial and property assets from the adverse impact of loss. Various techniques and programs are utilized to reduce the possibility of a loss from occurring and manage the adverse consequences should an event occur resulting in a loss, including safety and loss control practices, contractual risk transfer, self-insurance funding and the purchase of insurance.

Public Entity Risk Pool

During 1987, the County together with other counties in the State of Wisconsin, created the Wisconsin County Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WCMIC), to provide liability insurance to its members. WCMIC also provides bodily and personal injury, and errors and omissions coverage for the County. WCMIC is governed by one entity-one vote and includes counties of varying size. Only member entities participate in governing WCMIC. The actuary for WCMIC determines the charge per \$1,000 of ratable governmental expenditures required to pay the expected losses and loss adjustment expenses on which premiums are based. A separate financial report is issued by WCMIC. The County's self-insured retention limit is \$250,000 aggregate.

Claims Liability - WCMIC	2020	2021
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 202,651	\$ 157,673
Current year claims and changes in estimates	62,614	154,303
Claim payments	 (107,592)	(95,339)
Liability, end of year	\$ 157,673	\$ 216,637

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Self-Insurance – Worker's Compensation</u>

The County has also established a program for worker's compensation. All funds of the County participate in this program. Worker's Compensation is part of the Insurance Internal Service Fund and is maintained to provide for self-insured worker's compensation insurance coverage and employee safety and loss control programs. The County contracts with a third party claims administrator for the purpose of adjudicating worker's compensation claims. The County's excess insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$500,000. Settled claims have not exceeded the \$500,000 in any of the past four years. Costs associated with the worker's compensation program are billed to other County departments based on actual wages and include amounts necessary to fund current and prior year claims to be paid in the current year and in the future.

A liability for a claim is established if claim information indicates that it is probable that the liability may have future estimable claims at the date of the financial statements. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported.

Claims Liability - Worker's Compensation	2020	2021
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 575,995	\$ 317,117
Current year claims and changes in estimates	(134,384)	345,698
Claim payments	(124,494)	(288,689)
Liability, end of year	\$ 317,117	\$ 374,126

Self-Funded Dental Insurance Program

The County has a self-insured dental benefit plan for its employees. The plan administrator, Delta Dental, is responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which they bill the County for reimbursement. The County is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The plan reports on a calendar year ending December 31, 2021.

At December 31, 2021, the County has reported a liability of which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before December 31, 2021, but were not paid by the County as of that date. The amounts not reported to the County were determined by the plan administrator. Changes in the claims liability for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

Claims Liability - Dental	2020	2021
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	590,910	691,539
Claim payments	(590,910)	(691,539)
Liability, end of year	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

2. Contingencies

- a. The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.
- b. From time to time, the County is party to other various pending claims and legal proceeding. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position or results of operation.

3. <u>Tax Levy Limit</u>

Wisconsin Act 25 imposed a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties for a two-year period effective July 27, 2005. Subsequent legislation has extended the levy limit through 2021. The current law limits the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the percentage change in the County's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the County for the 2022 budget was 1.95%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, the Act allows the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

4. Subsequent Event

On February 14, 2022, the County Board authorized the issuance of \$7,195,000 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, dated March 8, 2022. The notes will be used to finance part of the cost of capital improvements within the County.

5. Prior Period Adjustment

The County recorded a prior period adjustment to reduce accrued liabilities by \$3,823,049 which resulted in an increase in fund balance. The purpose of the restatement is to remove unmatured long-term compensated absences from accrued liabilities in the general fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Measurement Periods

						Proportionate	
						share of the net	Plan fiduciary net
		I	Proportionate			pension liability	position as a
	Proportion of the	sł	nare of the net			(asset) as a	percentage of the
Measurement	net pension	pe	ension liability	C	overed payroll	percentage of	total pension
Period ending	liability (asset)		(asset)	(plan year)		covered payroll	liability (asset)
12/31/2014	0.292189%	\$	7,176,953	\$	38,151,964	18.81%	102.74%
12/31/2015	0.288107%	\$	4,681,689	\$	38,308,649	12.22%	98.20%
12/31/2016	0.286855%	\$	2,364,373	\$	39,654,337	5.96%	99.12%
12/31/2017	0.288705%	\$	(8,571,981)	\$	40,662,447	21.08%	102.93%
12/31/2018	0.289871%	\$	10,312,713	\$	41,022,625	25.14%	96.45%
12/31/2019	0.288716%	\$	(9,309,530)	\$	42,469,129	21.92%	102.96%
12/31/2020	0.288389%	\$	(18,004,518)	\$	44,602,607	40.37%	105.26%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end which occurred within the prior fiscal year. The County is required to present the last ten years of financial data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten years fiscal are presented.

Schedule of Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contributions in relation to the

		relation to the					
	Contractually	contractually					Contributions as a
County Fiscal year	required	required		Contribution	C	overed payroll	percentage of
ending	 contributions	 contributions	defi	ciency (excess)		(fiscal year)	covered payroll
12/31/2015	\$ 2,740,719	\$ 2,740,719	\$	-	\$	38,308,649	7.15%
12/31/2016	\$ 2,756,258	\$ 2,756,258	\$	-	\$	39,654,337	6.95%
12/31/2017	\$ 2,962,039	\$ 2,962,039	\$	-	\$	40,662,447	7.28%
12/31/2018	\$ 2,982,459	\$ 2,982,459	\$	-	\$	41,022,625	7.27%
12/31/2019	\$ 2,994,797	\$ 2,994,797	\$	-	\$	42,469,129	7.05%
12/31/2020	\$ 3,186,911	\$ 3,186,911	\$	-	\$	44,602,607	7.15%
12/31/2021	\$ 3,220,199	\$ 3,220,199	\$	-	\$	43,409,405	7.42%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end which occurred within the prior fiscal year. The County is required to present the last ten years of financial data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten years fiscal are presented.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Measurement Periods

						Proportionate	Plan fiduciary net
						share of the net	position as a
]	Proportionate			OPEB liability as a	percentage of the
Measurement	Proportion of the	sł	nare of the net			percentage of	total OPEB
Period ending	net OPEB liability	C	OPEB liability		overed payroll	covered payroll	liability
12/31/2017	0.850657%	\$	2,559,269	\$	35,772,560	7.15%	44.81%
12/31/2018	0.856778%	\$	2,210,776	\$	33,637,000	6.57%	48.69%
12/31/2019	0.806312%	\$	3,433,433	\$	34,924,000	9.83%	37.58%
12/31/2020	0.834026%	\$	4,587,745	\$	35,334,000	12.98%	31.36%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The County implemented GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

Schedule of Contributions Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contributions in relation to the

		relation to the					
	Contractually	contractually					Contributions as a
	required	required	(Contribution	(Covered payroll	percentage of
Fiscal year ending	 contributions	contributions	defic	ciency (excess)		(fiscal year)	covered payroll
12/31/2018	\$ 16,351	\$ 16,351	\$	-	\$	33,637,000	0.05%
12/31/2019	\$ 16,507	\$ 16,507	\$	-	\$	34,924,000	0.05%
12/31/2020	\$ 14,576	\$ 14,576	\$	-	\$	35,334,000	0.04%
12/31/2021	\$ 16,631	\$ 16,631	\$	_	\$	43,409,405	0.04%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The County implemented GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Public Safety – To account for donation and certain asset sales restricted for public safety improvements.

Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Fund Agency, Inc. – To carry out a revolving loan fund program supporting economic development for Sheboygan County and other purposes approved by the members and directors.

Combining Balance Sheet NonMajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

		Special Re				
			1	ndustrial		
			D	evelopment	Tot	tal NonMajor
		Public	Governmental			
		Safety		d Revolving n Agency, Inc.		Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	97,852	\$	328,607	\$	426,459
Receivables						
Loans				691,524		691,524
Total Assets		97,852		1,020,131		1,117,983
Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Loans receivable	\$		\$	691,524	\$	691,524
Fund Balances						
Assigned		97,852		328,607		426,459
Total Defermed Inflores of Desarross and						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	ф	07.052	ф	1 020 121	ф	1 117 002
runa daiances	\$	97,852	\$	1,020,131	\$	1,117,983

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - NonMajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Special R		
		Development	Total NonMajor
	Public	and Revolving	Governmental
	Safety	Loan Agency, Inc.	Funds
Revenues			
Miscellaneous	\$ 14,612	\$ 68,453	\$ 83,065
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government		35	35
Sheriff	 18,671		18,671
Total Expenditures	 18,671	35	18,706
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (4,059)	68,418	64,359
Net change in fund balances	(4,059)	68,418	64,359
Fund balances, January 1	101,911	260,189	362,100
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 97,852	\$ 328,607	\$ 426,459

Debt Service Fund

Debt	t Service fu	nds accou	nt for the	accumulation	1 01	f resources	for t	the	payment o	of ge	eneral	long-term	debt
princ	cipal, interes	st, and rela	ated costs										

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Debt Service For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						Variance With
		Budgeted	Ar	nounts		Final Budget
		Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues						•
Property taxes	\$	5,405,086	\$	5,405,086	\$ 5,405,086	\$
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal		5,635,000		5,635,000	5,735,000	(100,000)
Interest and other charges		771,750		771,750	648,200	123,550
Total Expenditures		6,406,750		6,406,750	6,383,200	23,550
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,001,664)		(1,001,664)	(978,114)	23,550
Other Financing Sources						
Transfer in	_	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,664)		(1,664)	21,886	23,550
Fund balance, January 1		247,315		247,315	247,315	
Fund balance, December 31	\$	245,651	\$	245,651	\$ 269,201	\$ 23,550

Capital Project Funds

Capital	project	funds	are	used	to	account	for	financial	resources	to	be	used	for	the	acquisition	and
constru	ction of 1	najor o	capit	al fac	iliti	es.										

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Capital Projects

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	.	 ,		Variance With
	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	9 g			- same (c raginary)
Intergovernmental	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 232,603	\$ 57,603
Miscellaneous	 1,650	1,650	2,847	1,197
Total Revenues	176,650	176,650	235,450	58,800
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	 2,541,386	2,633,058	2,539,919	93,139
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,364,736)	(2,456,408)	(2,304,469)	151,939
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
General obligation debt issued	1,856,577	1,856,577		(1,856,577)
Transfer in	111,560	198,344	93,494	(104,850)
Transfer out			(157,485)	(157,485)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,968,137	2,054,921	(63,991)	(2,118,912)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(396,599)	(401,487)	(2,368,460)	(1,966,973)
Fund balance, January 1	2,123,638	2,123,638	2,123,638	
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 1,727,039	\$ 1,722,151	\$ (244,822)	\$ (1,966,973)

Transportation Fund

The transportation fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation related capital facilities and related assets.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Transportation

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

					Variance With	Ļ
	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Final Budget	
	Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negativ	re)
Revenues						
Other taxes	\$ 9,914,000	\$	9,914,000	\$ 12,505,169	\$ 2,591,	,169
Expenditures						
Transportation	 8,500,000		8,500,000	7,132,159	1,367,	,841
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,414,000		1,414,000	5,373,010	3,959.	,010
Other Financing Uses						
Transfer out	 (1,414,000)		(1,414,000)	(1,478,415)	(64,	,415)
Net Change in Fund Balance				3,894,595	3,894,	,595
Fund balance, January 1	 5,931,776		5,931,776	5,931,776		
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 5,931,776	\$	5,931,776	\$ 9,826,371	\$ 3,894,	,595

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Employee Benefits & Insurance – To account for costs associated with the County's self-insured employee benefits and property insurance funds.

Information Technology & Printing – To account for costs associated with providing hardware, software and printing services to other county departments and other governments.

Highway – To account for costs associated with providing street and highway maintenance to other governments and maintenance of county parking lots and recreational trails.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds						
				- Internal Serv	vice Fund	ce Funds	
	Employee		Information				
		enefits & nsurance	Technology & Printing	Highway	Tot	al	
Assets				<i>g</i>			
Current assets							
Cash and investments	\$	4,875,462	\$ 956,035	\$ 3,863,555	\$ 9,	695,052	
Receivables							
Taxes				1,501,012	1,	501,012	
Accounts (net)		9,446	4,566	31,502		45,514	
Due from other governments			4,111	1,030,033	1,	034,144	
Prepaids and other items		487,766	250,431	2,585,562	3,	323,759	
Total Current Assets		5,372,674	1,215,143	9,011,664	15,	599,481	
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets, nondepreciable							
Land				5,653,790	5,	653,790	
Capital assets, depreciable							
Buildings			248,291	19,171,633	19,	419,924	
Land improvements			35,701	1,723,050		758,751	
Infrastructure				715,471		715,471	
Machinery and equipment		5,700	189,702	17,973,031		168,433	
Office furniture and equipment			5,778,203	342,263		120,466	
Vehicles				12,637,809		637,809	
Less Accumulated depreciation		(5,700)	(4,918,441)	(21,025,156)	(25,	949,297)	
Other noncurrent assets			24 4 000	2 405 522			
Net pension asset			216,889	2,195,722		412,611	
Total Noncurrent Assets			1,550,345	39,387,613		937,958	
Total Assets		5,372,674	2,765,488	48,399,277	56,	537,439	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred outflows related to pension			356,789	3,615,663	3.	972,452	
Other postemployment benefit related amounts			23,355	236,451		259,806	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			380,144	3,852,114		232,258	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable		423		19,770		20,193	
Accrued and other current liabilities		740,296				740,296	
Accrued compensation			27,395	60,806		88,201	
Current maturities of long-term obligations				12,173		12,173	
Total Current Liabilities		740,719	27,395	92,749		860,863	
Noncurrent liabilities				E24 202		505.030	
Long-term obligations			76,646	721,282		797,928	
Other postemployment benefits liability			55,264	559,494		614,758	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities		740.710	131,910	1,280,776		412,686	
Total Liabilities		740,719	159,305	1,373,525	2,	273,549	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property taxes levied for subsequent year				1,501,012	1,	501,012	
Deferred inflows related to pension			475,135	4,810,125		285,260	
Other postemployment benefit related amounts			7,963	80,618		88,581	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			483,098	6,391,755	6,	874,853	
Net Position							
Investment in capital assets			1,333,456	37,191,891	38	525,347	
Restricted for			1,333,430	57,171,091	36,	J4J,J4/	
Pension benefits			216,889	2,195,722	2	412,611	
Unrestricted		4,631,955	952,884	5,098,498		683,337	
Total Net Position	\$	4,631,955				621,295	
Total Field Ushidii	a	4,031,733	φ 2,303,429	φ +4,400,111	φ J1,	041,493	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					
	Employee	Information				
	Benefits &	Technology &				
	Insurance	Printing	Highway	Total		
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 16,010,799	\$ 2,451,104	\$ 15,918,742	\$ 34,380,645		
Miscellaneous operating revenue	84,120	7,194	33,319	124,633		
Total Operating Revenues	16,094,919	2,458,298	15,952,061	34,505,278		
Operating Expenses						
Operation and maintenance	16,679,438	2,272,887	17,310,575	36,262,900		
Depreciation		248,218	2,154,726	2,402,944		
Total Operating Expenses	16,679,438	2,521,105	19,465,301	38,665,844		
Operating Loss	(584,519)	(62,807)	(3,513,240)	(4,160,566)		
Nonoperating revenues						
Intergovernmental revenues		30,875	3,491,493	3,522,368		
Property tax appropriation			2,188,098	2,188,098		
Rental income	74,604		10,820	85,424		
Gain on disposal of capital assets			83,875	83,875		
Total nonoperating revenues	74,604	30,875	5,774,286	5,879,765		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(509,915)	(31,932)	2,261,046	1,719,199		
Capital contributions - County		126,575		126,575		
Transfers In		154,782	486,087	640,869		
Transfers Out		(29,079)		(29,079)		
Change in net position	(509,915)	220,346	2,747,133	2,457,564		
Net Position - January 1	5,141,870	2,282,883	41,738,978	49,163,731		
Net Position - December 31	\$ 4,631,955	\$ 2,503,229	\$ 44,486,111	\$ 51,621,295		

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Governme	ental Activities	- Internal Serv	rice Funds
	Employee	Information		
	Benefits &	Technology &		
	Insurance	Printing	Highway	Total
Cash flows from		-		-
operating activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	\$	\$ 9,373,430	\$ 9,373,430
Receipts from interfund services provided	13,215,075	2,447,965	6,548,472	22,211,512
Other operating cash receipts	2,881,988	7,194	64,640	2,953,822
Payments to suppliers	(837,886)	(1,538,680)	(9,019,963)	(11,396,529)
Payments for wages and benefits	(15,956,625)	(658,824)	(6,922,431)	(23,537,880)
Payments for interfund services used	(114,789)	(153,215)	(2,251,331)	(2,519,335)
Net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities	(812,237)	104,440	(2,207,183)	(2,914,980)
Cash flows from noncapital				
financing activities				
Intergovernmental revenues		30,875	3,491,493	3,522,368
Property tax appropriation received			2,188,098	2,188,098
Rental income	74,604		10,820	85,424
Transfer in		154,782	486,087	640,869
Transfer out		(29,079)		(29,079)
Net cash provided by financing activities	74,604	156,578	6,176,498	6,407,680
Cash flows from capital and				
related financing activities				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			298,120	298,120
Purchases of capital assets			(2,510,822)	(2,510,822)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities			(2,212,702)	(2,212,702)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(737,633)	261,018	1,756,613	1,279,998
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	5,613,095	695,017	2,106,942	8,415,054
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 4,875,462	\$ 956,035	\$ 3,863,555	\$ 9,695,052

(Continued) 105

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Governme	enta	al Activities	- In	ternal Servi	ice F	unds
	E	mployee	In	formation				
	В	enefits &	Tec	chnology &				
	Iı	nsurance		Printing]	Highway		Total
Reconciliation of operating loss								
to net cash provided (used)								
by operating activites:								
Operating loss	\$	(584,519)	\$	(62,807)	\$	(3,513,240)	\$	(4,160,566)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss								
to net cash provided (used)								
by operating activites:								
Depreciation (net of amortization)				248,218		2,154,726		2,402,944
Change in WRS pension related liabilities (assets)				(105,376)		(1,077,390)		(1,182,766)
Change in WRS pension related deferred outflows				(98,294)		(1,013,554)		(1,111,848)
Change in WRS pension related deferred inflows				140,754		1,456,719		1,597,473
Change in other post employment benefit related liabilities (assets)				14,137		147,044		161,181
Change in other post employment benefit related deferred outflows				(7,263)		(75,072)		(82,335)
Change in other post employment benefit related deferred inflows				(249)		(1,739)		(1,988)
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		2,144		(1,283)		(6,966)		(6,105)
Due from other governments				(2,659)		41,446		38,787
Prepaids and other items		(476,385)		11,988		(158,610)		(623,007)
Accounts payable and								
accrued expenses		185,013		(5,852)		9,633		188,794
Accrued compensation				2,726		(189,563)		(186,837)
Accrued compensated absences				(29,600)		19,383		(10,217)
Accrued insurance		61,510						61,510
Net cash provided (used) by operating								
activities	\$	(812,237)	\$	104,440	\$	(2,207,183)	\$	(2,914,980)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities								
Contribution of capital assets - County			\$	126,575			\$	126,575

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Fiduciary Funds

Clerk of Courts – To account for the receipt and disbursement of court-ordered payments to third parties.

Register of Deeds – To account for the receipt and disbursement of state mandated fees.

Rocky Knoll Patient – To account for funds deposited by patients and disbursed on their behalf at the Rocky Knoll Health Care Center.

Sheriff General - To account for the receipt and disbursement of fees collected for third parties.

Sheriff Inmate – To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for persons incarcerated in the County jail and eligible for the Huber Law program.

Taxes – To account for collection and payment of funds deposited with the County Treasurer for payment of taxes and special assessments to other governmental units.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds December 31, 2021

		axes,	Sheriff	Sheriff	Clerk of	F	Rocky Knoll	Register of		Total
	Specia	ls, & Misc	General	Inmate	Court		Patient	Deeds	Cus	todial Funds
Assets										
Cash and Investments	\$	20,617	\$ 557	\$ 90,673	\$ 2,866,337	\$	35,536	\$ 192,152	\$	3,205,872
Tax Receivable For Other Governments		108,408								108,408
Special certificates		158,320								158,320
Total Assets		287,345	557	90,673	2,866,337		35,536	192,152		3,472,600
Liabilities										
Due to Other Governments		72,350			233,561			192,152		498,063
Total Liabilities		72,350			233,561			192,152		498,063
Net Position										
Restricted for:										
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		214,995	557	90,673	2,632,776		35,536			2,974,537
Total Net Position	\$	214,995	\$ 557	\$ 90,673	\$ 2,632,776	\$	35,536	\$	\$	2,974,537

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Taxes, als, & Misc	Sheriff General	Sheriff Inmate	Clerk of Court	R	locky Knoll Patient	Register of Deeds	Cus	Total todial Funds
Additions									
Contributions									
Individuals	\$ 600		\$ 1,984,267	\$ 2,478,839	\$	354,409		\$	4,818,115
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	108,408								108,408
Special Certificate Collections for Other Governments	126,161								126,161
Fee collections and other items		234,078					1,826,117		2,060,195
Total Additions	235,169	234,078	1,984,267	2,478,839		354,409	1,826,117		7,112,879
Deductions									
Beneficiary Payments to Individuals			1,966,526			363,227			2,329,753
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	54,639								54,639
Payments of Special Certificates to Other Governments	110,668								110,668
Payments to Other Entitites		234,318		1,560,063			1,826,117		3,620,498
Total Deductions	 165,307	234,318	1,966,526	1,560,063		363,227	1,826,117		6,115,558
Change in Net Position	69,862	(240)	17,741	918,776		(8,818)			997,321
Fiduciary Net Position - January 1	 145,133	797	72,932	1,714,000		44,354			1,977,216
Fiduciary Net Position - December 31	\$ 214,995	557	\$ 90,673	\$ 2,632,776	\$	35,536	\$	\$	2,974,537

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of Sheboygan County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information says about the overall financial well-being of the county.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Tables</u>

Financial Trends I-IV

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the county's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity V-VIII

These schedules contain information to help the reader access the county's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity IX-XI

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the county's current levels of outstanding debt and the county's ability to issue new debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

XII-XIII

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the county's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

XIV-XVI

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the county's financial report relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Table I

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(000's)

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental Activities																				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ф	0.4.505	ф	07.000	ф	100 100	ф	112 104	ф	112.025	Ф	101.504	Φ.	100 440	ф	106151	ф	1.40.040	ф	145 151
Net investment in capital assets	\$	94,537	\$	97,989	\$	108,499	\$	113,184	\$	113,937	\$	121,726	\$	129,443	\$	136,151	\$	142,240	\$	145,151
Restricted		3,802		2,904		3,215		9,892		3,974		2,777		9,998		702		8,685		16,437
Unrestricted		23,610		28,243		26,174		37,668		42,546		42,699		34,290		39,139		35,671		41,538
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	121,949	\$	129,136	\$	137,888	\$	160,744	\$	160,457	\$	167,202	\$	173,731	\$	175,992	\$	186,596	\$	203,126
Business-type Activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,380	\$	7,899	\$	7,738	\$	7,352	\$	7,483	\$	7,598	\$	7,280	\$	7,332	\$	7,366	\$	7,066
Restricted								1,088						1,234				1,285		2,426
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(714)		(14)				1,523		3,008		2,875		1,822		3,420		2,487		1,950
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$	7,666	\$	7,885	\$	7,738	\$	9,963	\$	10,491	\$	10,473	\$	10,336	\$	10,752	\$	11,138	\$	11,442
Total Primary Government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	102,917	\$	105,888	\$	116,237	\$	120,536	\$	121,420	\$	129,324	\$	136,723	\$	143,483	\$	149,606	\$	152,217
Restricted		3,802		2,904		3,215		10,980		3,974		2,777		11,232		702		9,970		18,863
Unrestricted		22,896		28,229		26,174		39,191		45,554		45,574		36,112		42,559		38,158		43,488
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	129,615	\$	137,021	\$	145,626	\$	170,707	\$	170,948	\$	177,675	\$	184,067	\$	186,744	\$	197,734	\$	214,568

Table II

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (000's)

Communical activities			2012		2013	2014	\top	2015		2016		2017	20	018	$\overline{}$	2019		2020	 2021
Concess Conc	Expenses	L	2012	<u>_</u>	2013	2014		2013	<u> </u>	2010	ш	2017					· · · · ·	2020	 2021
Section 18.78 18.381 18.372 18.381 18.372 18.481 21.007 22.182 23.689 25.787 24.775 2.775	-																		
Section 18,742 18,387 18,372 18,541 21,007 22,182 23,689 25,787 24,775 22,730	General government	\$	13,271	\$	12,876	\$ 12,04	2 \$	14,113	\$	16,506	\$	15,380	\$	14,092	\$	16,715	\$	14,486	\$ 14,511
Public health and human services 9,064 29,879 31,377 31,210 33,763 32,864 34,126 37,969 38,669 4,865 1,865 1,865 1,965 1	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		18,742				2			21,007		22,182				25,787		24,775	23,418
Resurces and development G.S.# Z.31	Transportation		18,678		14,104	15,31	9	15,972		16,022		17,144		18,630		22,375		22,839	20,584
Macuro Manument 1,20	Public health and human services		30,664		29,859	31,39	7	31,210		33,763		32,864		34,126		37,969		38,669	40,033
Macuro Mangement 1,20	Resources and development		6,384		2,314	4,03	5	2,913		2,339		3,089		1,972		2,704		2,547	2,587
Part	UW Ext/UW Campus																		817
Business-type activities:	Interest on long term debt		877		934	1,38	2	1,106		1,089		1,121		1,223		963		1,065	626
Part	Total governmental activities expenses		89,836		79,685	83,81	4	85,068		91,908		92,881		94,835		107,584		105,345	102,576
Total business-type activities expenses	Business-type activities:																		
Program Revenues S 104.199 S 93.305 S 97.485 S 98.445 S 106.696 S 108.627 S 122.041 S 119.915 S 11	Rocky Knoll		14,363		13,620	13,67	1	13,377		13,572		13,815		13,792		14,457		14,606	13,448
Program Revenues Covernmental activities: Charges for Services: Charge	Total business-type activities expenses		14,363		13,620	13,67	1	13,377		13,572		13,815	_	13,792		14,457		14,606	 13,448
Covernmental activities: Charges for Services: C	Total primary government expenses	\$	104,199	\$	93,305	\$ 97,48	5 \$	98,445	\$	105,480	\$	106,696	\$	108,627	\$	122,041	\$	119,951	\$ 116,024
Charges for Services:	Program Revenues																		
Ceneral government	Governmental activities:																		
Sheriff	Charges for Services:																		
Transportation 5,995 268 252 349 104 275 279 487 257 Public health and human services 2,259 3,645 3,374 4,063 4,235 4,181 4,285 4,516 5,769 Resources and development 2,118 588 1,312 666 472 519 491 482 389 UW Ext/UW Campus 28 26 26 32 21 20 20 21 19 19 13 Interest on long term debt 515 512 516 518 519 517 514 515 Operating grants and contributions 29,448 24,233 30,474 30,226 28,141 26,095 27,498 29,979 36,031 3 Capital grants and contributions 515 2,239 741 223 198 384 302 2,430 2,065 Total governmental activities program revenues 8 43,191 \$ 34,274 \$ 39,251 \$ 39,372 \$ 36,941 \$ 36,011 \$ 36,865 \$ 42,459 \$ 48,293 \$ 5 Business-type activities program revenues 11,573 11,334 11,096 11,306 11,481 11,052 11,158 11,494 11,002 Operating grants and contributions 1,171 1,194 1,100 1,226 1,142 1,315 2,233 2,268 2,275 Total business-type activities program revenues 13,284 \$ 12,585 \$ 12,387 \$ 12,532 \$ 13,145 \$ 12,367 \$ 13,391 \$ 13,762 \$ 13,907 \$ 1 Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities program revenues (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,696) (54,967) (56,870) (57,970) (65,126) (57,052) (58,905) (57,0052) (58,905) (59,905) (699) (699)	General government	\$	1,154	\$	1,616	\$ 1,29	8 \$	1,961	\$	1,914	\$	2,245	\$	1,815	\$	2,261	\$	2,065	\$ 2,689
Public health and human services 2,259 3,645 3,374 4,063 4,235 4,181 4,285 4,516 5,769 Resources and development 2,118 588 1,312 666 472 519 491 482 389 UW Ext/UW Campus 28 26 26 32 21 20 21 19 13 Interest on long term debt 515 512 516 518 519 517 514 515 512 516 518 519 517 514 515 512 516 518 519 517 514 515 517 514 515 515 2,239 741 223 198 384 302 2,430 2,065 2,439 2,430 2,065 515 2,239 741 223 198 384 302 2,430 2,065 48,293 5 5 2,439 2,430 2,065 5 42,459 8,423 5 5	Sheriff		1,159		1,147	1,25	8	1,334		1,337		1,775		1,660		1,770		1,704	1,939
Resources and development 2,118 588 1,312 666 472 519 491 482 389 100 10	Transportation		5,995		268	25	2	349		104		275		279		487		257	305
UW Ext/UW Campus 28 26 26 32 21 20 21 19 13 Interest on long term debt 515 512 516 518 519 517 514 515 515 70 <	Public health and human services		2,259		3,645	3,37	4	4,063		4,235		4,181		4,285		4,516		5,769	7,610
Interest on long term debt	Resources and development		2,118		588	1,31	2	666		472		519		491		482		389	287
Operating grants and contributions 29,448 24,233 30,474 30,226 28,141 26,095 27,498 29,799 36,031 3 Capital grants and contributions 515 2,239 741 223 198 384 302 2,430 2,065 Total governmental activities program revenues \$ 43,191 \$ 34,274 \$ 39,251 \$ 39,372 \$ 36,941 \$ 36,865 \$ 42,459 \$ 48,293 \$ 5 Business-type activities: \$ 43,191 \$ 34,274 \$ 39,251 \$ 39,372 \$ 36,941 \$ 36,865 \$ 42,459 \$ 48,293 \$ 5 Business-type activities \$ 43,191 \$ 34,274 \$ 39,251 \$ 39,372 \$ 36,941 \$ 36,865 \$ 42,459 \$ 48,293 \$ 5 Business-type activities \$ 2,231 \$ 2,233 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,905 \$ 2,233 \$ 2,268 \$ 2,905 \$ 2,243 \$ 2,233 \$ 2,268 \$ 2,905 \$ 2,243 \$ 2,233 \$ 2,268 \$ 2,905 \$ 2,243 \$ 2,233 \$ 2,268 \$ 2,905 \$ 2,243 \$ 2,233	UW Ext/UW Campus		28		26	2	6	32		21		20		21		19		13	12
Capital grants and contributions 515 2,239 741 223 198 384 302 2,430 2,065 Total governmental activities program revenues \$ 43,191 \$ 34,274 \$ 39,251 \$ 39,372 \$ 36,941 \$ 36,011 \$ 36,865 \$ 42,459 \$ 48,293 \$ 5 Business-type activities: " Services: Rocky Knoll 11,573 11,334 11,096 11,366 11,481 11,052 11,158 11,494 11,002	Interest on long term debt		515		512	51	6	518		519		517		514		515			
Total governmental activities program revenues \$ 43,191 \$ 34,274 \$ 39,251 \$ 39,372 \$ 36,941 \$ 36,011 \$ 36,865 \$ 42,459 \$ 48,293 \$ 58 Business-type activities: Charges for Services: Rocky Knoll	Operating grants and contributions		29,448		24,233	30,47	4	30,226		28,141		26,095		27,498		29,979		36,031	35,546
Business-type activities: Charges for Services: Rocky Knoll Operating grants and contributions 1,711 1,194 1,100 1,226 1,142 1,315 2,233 2,268 2,905 Capital grants and contributions 57 191 522 Total business-type activities program revenues Sovermmental activities Governmental activities (46,645) (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,696) (54,967) (56,870) (56,7970) (65,126) (57,052) (58,905) (57,052) (58,906) (59,907) (65,126) (57,052) (58,907) (699) (699)	Capital grants and contributions		515		2,239	74	1	223		198		384		302		2,430		2,065	 1,926
Charges for Services: Rocky Knoll Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues Sovermmental activities (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,646) (45,645) (45,411) (44,563) (48,56) (48,645) (48,645) (48,645) (48,646) (48,645) (48,646	Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	43,191	\$	34,274	\$ 39,25	1 \$	39,372	\$	36,941	\$	36,011	\$	36,865	\$	42,459	\$	48,293	\$ 50,314
Rocky Knoll 11,573 11,334 11,096 11,306 11,481 11,052 11,158 11,494 11,002 11	Business-type activities:																		
Operating grants and contributions 1,711 1,194 1,100 1,226 1,142 1,315 2,233 2,268 2,905 Capital grants and contributions 57 191 522 12,367 13,391 13,762 13,907 13 Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,696) (54,967) (56,870) (57,970) (65,126) (57,052) (5 Business-type activities (1,079) (1,035) (1,284) (845) (427) (1,448) (401) (695) (699) (6	Charges for Services:																		
Capital grants and contributions 57 191 522 Total business-type activities program revenues \$ 13,284 \$ 12,585 \$ 12,387 \$ 12,532 \$ 13,145 \$ 12,367 \$ 13,391 \$ 13,762 \$ 13,907 \$ 1 Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,696) (54,967) (56,870) (57,970) (65,126) (57,052) (5 Business-type activities (1,079) (1,035) (1,284) (845) (427) (1,448) (401) (695) (699) (6	Rocky Knoll		11,573		11,334	11,09	6	11,306		11,481		11,052		11,158		11,494		11,002	9,443
Total business-type activities program revenues \$ 13,284 \$ 12,585 \$ 12,387 \$ 12,532 \$ 13,145 \$ 12,367 \$ 13,391 \$ 13,762 \$ 13,907 \$ 1 Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities \$ (46,645) \$ (45,411) \$ (44,563) \$ (45,696) \$ (54,967) \$ (56,870) \$ (57,970) \$ (65,126) \$ (57,052) \$ (58) \$ (1,079) \$ (1,035) \$ (1,284) \$ (845) \$ (427) \$ (1,448) \$ (401) \$ (695) \$ (699) \$ (1,079)	Operating grants and contributions		1,711		1,194	1,10	0	1,226				1,315		2,233		2,268		2,905	2,622
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,696) (54,967) (56,870) (57,970) (65,126) (57,052) (5 Business-type activities (1,079) (1,035) (1,284) (845) (427) (1,448) (401) (695) (699) (Capital grants and contributions				57					522									
Governmental activities (46,645) (45,411) (44,563) (45,696) (54,967) (56,870) (57,970) (65,126) (57,052) (5 Business-type activities (1,079) (1,035) (1,284) (845) (427) (1,448) (401) (695) (699) (Total business-type activities program revenues	\$	13,284	\$	12,585	\$ 12,38	7 \$	12,532	\$	13,145	\$	12,367	\$	13,391	\$	13,762	\$	13,907	\$ 12,065
Business-type activities (1,079) (1,035) (1,284) (845) (427) (1,448) (401) (695) (699) (Net (expense) revenue																		
	Governmental activities		(46,645)		(45,411)	(44,56	3)	(45,696)		(54,967)		(56,870)		(57,970)		(65,126)		(57,052)	(52,262)
Total primary government net expense (47.724) (46.446) (45.847) (46.541) (53.394) (58.318) (58.311) (65.821) (65.821) (57.751) (57.751)	Business-type activities		(1,079)		(1,035)			(845)		(427)		(1,448)		(401)		(695)			(1,383)
	Total primary government net expense	\$	(47,724)	\$	(46,446)	\$ (45,84	7) \$	(46,541)	\$	(55,394)	\$	(58,318)	\$	(58,371)	\$	(65,821)	\$	(57,751)	\$ (53,645)

Table II

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (000's)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 44,308	\$ 45,126	\$ 45,155	\$ 46,233	\$ 47,548	\$ 47,059	\$ 47,855	\$ 48,684	\$ 49,788	\$ 50,568
Sales tax						9,391	10,030	10,821	10,273	12,505
Other taxes	13	8	4	11	25	21	29	32	37	37
Grants and contributions	3,558	3,572	3,862	4,416	3,938	3,901	3,765	3,828	3,701	3,700
Investment earnings	1,886	704	2,380	1,971	1,987	1,848	2,188	2,289	1,475	1,195
Gain on disposal of capital assets										153
Miscellaneous	1,518	1,679	1,915	3,603	1,181	1,972	2,294	1,704	2,565	1,324
Special item - Other Post Employment Benefit										
Adjustment		1,062								
Transfers		(11)		(1)		(576)	95	(374)	(183)	(691)
Total governmental activities	 51,283	52,140	53,316	56,233	54,679	63,616	66,256	66,984	67,656	68,791
Business-type activities:										
Property taxes	687	802	846	835	885	845	671	717	826	921
Grants and contributions	1	12	262	1	5	1	1		46	49
Investment earnings			1		2	1	1	1		2
Gain on disposal of capital assets										2
Miscellaneous	34	10	28	35	64	6	36	20	30	22
Special item - Other Post Employment Benefit										
Adjustment		419								
Transfers		11		1		576	(95)	373	183	691
Total business-type activities	 722	1,254	1,137	872	956	1,429	614	1,111	1,085	1,687
Total primary government	\$ 52,005	\$ 53,394	\$ 54,453	\$ 57,105	\$ 55,635	\$ 65,045	\$ 66,870	\$ 68,095	\$ 68,741	\$ 70,478
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 4,638	\$ 6,729	\$ 8,753	\$ 10,537	\$ (288)	\$ 6,746	\$ 8,287	\$ 1,858	\$ 10,604	\$ 16,529
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(308)			12,318			(1,758)			
Prior period adjustment	7,426	457						403		
Business-type activities	(357)	219	(147)	27	529	(19)	212	416	386	304
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle				2,199			(350)			
Total primary government	\$ 11,399	\$ 7,405	\$ 8,606	\$ 25,081	\$ 241	\$ 6,727	\$ 6,391	\$ 2,677	\$ 10,990	\$ 16,833

Table III

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Fund		•	•		•	•		•		•	
Nonspendable	\$ 3,264,149	\$	2,390,304	\$ 1,610,939	\$ 1,428,033	\$ 1,154,224	\$ 1,005,183	\$ 1,041,275	\$ 1,075,244	\$ 1,096,779	\$ 916,540
Restricted	575,873		696,990	798,783	880,688	858,852	791,242	861,662	694,557	535,513	689,629
Committed	193,156		130,075	153,424	172,780	153,973	160,012	224,737	182,469	211,250	259,386
Assigned	296,114		884,861	524,183	2,643,631	3,767,583	3,344,874	882,577	1,425,764	578,127	4,356,815
Unassigned	 12,503,137		13,837,437	15,592,319	18,633,273	17,828,037	16,185,605	18,476,704	17,922,130	21,935,847	25,815,724
Total General Fund	16,832,429		17,939,667	18,679,648	23,758,405	23,762,669	21,486,916	21,486,955	21,300,164	24,357,516	32,038,094
All Other Governmental Funds											
Nonspendable	3,386		3,239	4,446							
Restricted	1,220,854		3,529,076	13,136,812	13,017,557	8,069,238	1,530,317	3,171,362	1,016,397	2,370,953	269,201
Committed							3,140,569	3,578,678	3,479,767	5,931,776	9,826,371
Assigned	1,997,444		3,309,914	564,878	726,904	579,835	719,717	552,641	323,491	962,100	1,020,304
Unassigned (Deficit)	 (341,591)		(192,432)				(1,129,592)				(244,822)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	2,880,093		6,649,797	13,706,136	13,744,461	8,649,073	4,261,011	7,302,681	4,819,655	9,264,829	10,871,054
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 19,712,522	\$	24,589,464	\$ 32,385,784	\$ 37,502,866	\$ 32,411,742	\$ 25,747,927	\$ 28,789,636	\$ 26,119,819	\$ 33,622,345	\$ 42,909,148

^{* 2017} change in All Other Governmental Funds Committed fund balance is due to the implementation of a 5% sales tax in 2017 maintained in the County's Transportation Fund.

Table IV

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2012	2013		2014		2015	2016	2017		2018	2019		2020		2021
REVENUES						•		•						•		
Property taxes	\$	39,860,037	\$ 40,732,9	16 \$	41,090,607	\$	41,792,813	\$ 43,135,516	\$ 43,237,8	00 \$	44,883,901	\$ 45,807,258	\$	46,976,784	\$ 4	18,379,599
Other taxes		13,456	45,3	326	3,967		11,496	24,726	94120450	0%	10,058,722	10,853,301		10,310,627	1	12,542,028
Intergovernmental		26,595,361	20,115,2	255	25,930,635	:	24,779,280	22,159,823	20,718,4	03	21,002,275	22,180,829		27,217,759	2	26,292,193
Licenses and permits		684,457	638,4	199	660,638		667,105	675,737	701,4	77	748,798	782,043		779,901		850,490
Fines, forfeits and penalties		321,971	298,1	.37	293,855		318,962	330,169	336,9	49	340,618	308,711		291,990		352,653
Public charges for services		5,949,188	6,725,2	264	6,342,810		7,327,394	7,356,665	7,910,9	38	7,846,079	8,245,930		9,521,027	1	11,845,237
Capital contributions			1,657,6	531												
Miscellaneous		5,262,851	3,569,3	890	6,281,723		7,949,315	5,523,990	5,147,5	88	5,579,336	6,433,529		5,061,764		3,987,848
Total revenues		78,687,321	73,782,4	18	80,604,235		82,846,365	79,206,626	87,465,2	00	90,459,729	 94,611,601	1	00,159,852	10	04,250,048
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
General government		12,631,381	12,047,9	936	11,995,998		13,404,576	14,110,906	14,332,7	10	13,339,756	15,361,497		14,353,372	1	14,590,320
Sheriff (formerly Public safety)		17,124,160	17,173,4	28	17,004,800		17,575,231	19,103,312	20,271,2	73	21,039,840	21,749,165		22,050,579	2	22,885,115
Transportation (formerly Public works)		417,404	401,4	138	415,655		528,951	476,568	4,420,4	86	8,422,206	9,339,204		6,993,805		7,744,929
Public health and human services		31,280,061	30,034,7	86	31,053,474	:	31,030,377	33,030,480	32,650,4	34	33,396,735	36,211,861		37,854,502	4	40,488,026
Resources and development		6,519,403	2,038,5	84	3,727,078		2,750,605	2,224,613	2,240,0	90	3,184,194	2,412,130		2,311,133		2,430,039
UW Ext/UW Campus (formerly Education)		575,560	574,1	50	617,580		602,949	565,076	538,0	75	558,053	613,443		533,930		488,933
Debt Service																
Principal		5,425,000	5,630,0	000	6,134,147		6,285,614	5,896,149	5,951,5	46	6,649,548	6,655,000		6,165,000		5,735,000
Interest and other charges		904,219	932,0)73	1,328,558		1,129,015	1,079,250	1,103,2	09	1,216,590	990,043		1,012,473		648,275
Capital Outlay		8,686,049	8,614,5	575	16,462,407		14,458,933	8,456,722	24,932,4	23	8,006,959	 2,991,058		7,001,210		3,136,000
Total expenditures		83,563,237	77,446,9	70	88,739,697	1	87,766,251	84,943,076	106,440,2	46	95,813,881	96,323,401		98,276,004	9	98,146,637
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																
over expenditures	_	(4,875,916)	(3,664,5	552)	(8,135,462))	(4,919,886)	(5,736,450)	(18,975,0	46)	(5,354,152)	 (1,711,800)		1,883,848		6,103,411
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Premium on long term debt issued			245,9	28	979,694		453,755	72,745	281,7	25	292,211			245,972		
Long-term debt issued Capital leases			9,590,0	000	16,962,040 26,512		9,500,000	3,265,000 (3,280,000)	10,000,0	00	6,680,000			8,913,000		
Payment to current noteholder			(1,731,5	(22)	(2,280,000)	١		(3,200,000)						(4,098,390)		
Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets			(1,731,	,22)	(2,200,000)	,								(4,070,370)		555,112
Transfers in		151,656	938,7	64	4,724,711		2,873,441	1,800,002	7,828,0	64	6,966,578	2,153,575		4,195,758		2,922,429
Transfers out		(114,769)	(958,6		(4,481,175))	(2,790,228)	(1,212,421)	(5,798,5		(5,542,928)	(3,111,592)		(3,637,662)		(4,117,198)
Total other financing sources (uses)		36,887	8,084,5		15,931,782		10,036,968	645,326	12,311,2		8,395,861	 (958,017)		5,618,678		(639,657)
		,	5,000,	-			,,	0.10,020	,,-		0,000,000	 (***,***)		-,,		(00),001)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(4,839,029)	\$ 4,419,9	949 \$	7,796,320	\$	5,117,082	\$ (5,091,124)	\$ (6,663,8	15) \$	3,041,709	\$ (2,669,817)	\$	7,502,526	\$	5,463,754
Debt service as a percentage of																
noncapital expenditures		8.6%	9	.8%	10.3%		10.1%	9.1%	8.	8%	9.8%	9.0%		8.5%		7.3%

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table V

Equalized Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax	Budget								
Year	Year		Real Est	tate			Less: Tax		General
Ended	Ended				All	Personal	Incremental		County
December 31	December 31	Residential	Commercial	Manufacturing	Other	Property	Districts (2)	Total	Tax Rate (3)
									·
2012	2013	6,356,373,400	1,361,176,300	406,929,800	264,626,700	262,221,600	221,203,100	8,430,124,700	5.4105
2013	2014	6,162,019,800	1,407,669,500	416,568,200	270,640,300	269,803,300	228,800,800	8,297,900,300	5.5971
2014	2015	6,220,495,100	1,398,486,000	447,610,000	269,485,700	268,686,100	272,900,200	8,331,862,700	5.6423
2015	2016	6,226,857,900	1,404,001,900	457,888,400	284,921,900	271,416,100	264,542,500	8,380,543,700	5.7705
2016	2017	6,303,790,800	1,426,483,400	464,712,800	286,486,200	273,644,300	290,216,200	8,464,901,300	5.6541
2017	2018	6,620,945,700	1,540,226,300	485,009,400	295,514,100	287,150,600	329,522,100	8,899,324,000	5.4522
2018	2019	7,004,274,000	1,641,736,100	500,307,000	301,156,300	258,753,800	384,910,200	9,321,317,000	5.3005
2019	2020	7,381,855,600	1,689,012,100	517,894,300	307,365,600	246,834,700	458,533,700	9,684,428,600	5.2200
2020	2021	7,847,487,800	1,892,325,500	547,378,500	310,774,300	277,293,700	524,061,500	10,351,198,300	4.9600
2021	2022	8,363,156,800	2,023,578,300	556,705,000	318,430,600	268,884,100	624,538,200	10,906,216,600	4.7700

Source: Bureau of Property Tax, Wisconsin Department of Revenue

⁽¹⁾ Equalized value is actual value determined by the State of Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax

⁽²⁾ Equalized values are reduced by tax increment district value increments for apportioning County taxes.

⁽³⁾ Per \$1,000 value

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN
Table VI
Direct and Aggregated Overlapping Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

MUNICIPALITIES	2012 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2013	2013 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2014	2014 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2015	2015 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2016	2016 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2017	2017 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2018	2018 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2019	2019 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2020	2020 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2021
Direct Sheboygan County Tax Rate	\$ 5.41	\$ 5.60	\$ 5.64	\$ 5.77	\$ 5.65	\$ 5.45	\$ 5.30	\$ 5.22	\$ 4.96
TOWNSHIPS									
Greenbush	14.02 - 16.39	15.22 - 17.95	14.55-17.12	14.76-17.12	14.62-17.18	14.08-16.80	13.05-16.18	13.54-16.03	13.05-14.80
Herman	14.94 - 17.98	15.72 - 18.52	15.11-17.48	15.28-17.15	15.52-17.51	15.08-17.13	14.53-16.89	15.62-17.20	15.10-16.88
Holland	16.79 - 17.05	17.54 - 17.97	17.35-17.74	17.57-18.15	16.44-17.88	16.02-17.20	16.31-16.70	16.18-16.43	15.09-15.76
Lima	16.27 - 16.89	17.72 - 18.78	15.85-17.71	15.52-17.38	15.28-17.26	14.42-16.24	14.38-15.66	14.70-15.40	13.99-15.09
Lyndon	17.67 - 18.67	18.46 - 19.78	17.05-18.79	16.86-18.73	16.83-18.81	16.21-18.04	16.17-17.45	16.46-17.16	15.61-17.02
Mitchell	16.61 - 17.45	17.30 - 18.33	15.51-17.55	15.23-17.59	15.13-17.67	14.72-17.44	15.17-17.21	15.84-17.72	14.58-16.46
Mosel	17.77 - 18.52	18.24 - 18.78	16.75-18.55	16.20-18.14	15.52-17.06	15.45-16.16	14.84-15.55	15.01-15.49	15.14-15.31
Plymouth	14.61 -16.08	15.13 - 16.54	13.88-14.60	14.41-14.44	14.28-14.30	13.57-13.79	12.87-13.95	13.37-14.26	12.89-13.57
Rhine	15.23 - 18.18	15.91 - 18.70	15.29-17.13	15.49-17.02	15.25-16.45	14.39-15.87	13.56-15.84	14.09-15.44	13.61-15.12
Russell	15.78 -18.20	16.47 - 18.07	16.03-17.61	16.21-17.73	15.90-17.10	14.99-16.47	14.09-15.87	14.48-15.82	14.00-15.51
Scott	16.85 -18.22	17.44 - 18.21	15.93-17.45	15.71-17.01	15.43-16.20	14.88-15.73	14.88-15.62	14.94-15.77	13.69-15.42
Sheboygan	17.84 -20.13	18.72 - 19.94	17.88-19.55	17.63-19.23	17.42-18.16	16.83-17.37	14.46-16.44	14.97-16.52	14.34-15.89
Sheboygan Falls	16.09 -17.26	16.50 - 17.60	15.50-17.37	15.14-17.03	14.79-16.74	14.21-16.03	14.38-15.64	14.88-15.56	14.35-15.50
Sherman	16.91 - 17.24	17.89 - 18.33	16.32-17.85	15.91-17.78	15.65-17.35	15.19-16.88	15.33-16.46	15.66-16.22	14.86-15.79
Wilson	16.39 - 18.75	17.05 - 18.89	16.56-18.61	16.58-18.48	16.28-17.36	15.87-16.71	14.19-16.17	14.37-15.92	13.71-15.25
VILLAGE									
Adell	21.33	21.72	21.47	21.03	20.36	19.71	20.04	19.56	19.51
Cascade	19.45	20.02	18.07	17.87	17.62	16.92	16.90	17.11	16.44
Cedar Grove	21.95	22.80	22.62	22.95	22.68	21.95	21.29	20.31	20.02
Elkhart Lake	17.7	18.53	17.99	18.2	17.86	17.4	16.34	16.87	16.22
Glenbeulah	19.12	19.71	18.93	19.27	19.44	18.33	17.55	18.09	18.1
Howards Grove	19.415	20.09	18.66	18.14	17.5	17.34	16.73	16.57	16.25
Kohler	19.74 - 20.41	21.00 - 22.08	19.14-20.98	19.72-20.46	20.09-20.52	19.10-20.00	17.49-19.10	17.83-19.03	17.36-18.91
Oostburg	21.36	22.44	21.51	21.6	21.4	20.64	20.31	20.12	19.06
Random Lake	20.51	21.06	21.16	20.58	19.17	19.13	19.43	19.56	18.98
Waldo	22.53	23.68	22.49	21.91	21.77	20.85	20.40	19.71	19.45
CITY									
Plymouth	22.19	22.72	20.73	20.28	20.22	19.68	19.65	19.78	19.01
Sheboygan	24.86 - 25.84	25.24 - 26.48	23.62-26.15	24.45-25.85	24.13-24.89	23.51-23.86	21.11-23.08	21.21-22.75	20.15-21.75
Sheboygan Falls	20.98	22.01	21.79	21.46	21.18	20.25	19.75	19.46	19.15

Source: Sheboygan County Treasurer's Office (Tax rate sheet)

Table VII

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2012			2021	
	Equalized		Percentage of Total County	Equalized		Percentage of Total County
Company	Value	Rank	Equalized Value	Value	Rank	Equalized Value
A	20.044.200	2	0.46060/	101.065.200	4	1.75100/
Acuity Insurance Co	39,844,200	2	0.4606%	191,065,200	1	1.7519%
Kohler Co	148,775,100	1	1.7197%	191,028,700	2	1.7516%
Sargento Foods Inc	31,689,900	4	0.3663%	42,439,000	3	0.3891%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	38,237,800	3	0.4420%	39,061,300	4	0.3582%
Johnsonville Sausage	17,216,700	7	0.1990%	36,255,200	5	0.3324%
Meijer Stores LP				33,293,800	6	0.3053%
Masters Gallery Foods Inc				32,593,600	7	0.2989%
OCS Plymouth LLC				31,240,700	8	0.2864%
SNH Medical Office	18,787,200	6	0.2172%	27,571,800	9	0.2528%
Morrelle Warehousing LLC	14,986,400	9	0.1732%	25,815,800	10	0.2367%
Nemak (JL French)	15,521,900	8	0.1794%			
Bemis Manufacturing Co	23,543,000	5	0.2721%			
St Nicholas Hospital	13,639,900	10	0.1577%			
JHK Company (Great Lakes Cheese)						
	\$ 362,242,100	•	4.1871%	\$ 650,365,100		5.9633%
Total Equalized Value Sheboygan County	\$ 8,651,327,800	:		\$ 10,906,216,600		

Source: Sheboygan County Treasurer's Office for 2012 and 2021

Table VIII

Property Tax Levied and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Total Co		
			Fiscal Year	of the Levy		То Г	ate	
	For Fiscal Year Ended	Taxes Levied for		Percentage	Collections in		Percentage	
Tax Roll Year	December 31	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	of Levy	
2011	2012	195,917,128	193,671,580	98.85%	2,245,546	195,917,126	100.00%	
2012	2013	194,572,586	192,894,815	99.14%	1,677,769	194,572,584	100.00%	
2013	2014	197,644,230	196,326,845	99.33%	1,316,982	197,643,827	100.00%	
2014	2015	193,689,789	192,549,556	99.41%	1,139,274	193,688,830	100.00%	
2015	2016	194,144,196	193,200,662	99.51%	942,576	194,143,238	100.00%	
2016	2017	191,324,730	190,404,311	99.52%	919,023	191,323,334	100.00%	
2017	2018	195,371,642	194,514,150	99.56%	844,511	195,358,661	99.99%	
2018	2019	198,283,746	197,382,206	99.55%	731,102	198,113,308	99.91%	
2019	2020	205,805,229	204,851,590	99.54%	550,022	205,401,613	99.80%	
2020	2021	211,225,241	210,448,702	99.63%	-	210,448,702	99.63%	

Source: Sheboygan County Treasurer's Office - Delinquent Certificate Balances Report

Table IX

Ratio of Debt by Type Outstanding and General Bonded Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Ge	overnmental Activ	ities				RATIO OF				
								DEBT TO				
	GENERAL	GENERAL					EQUALIZED	TOTAL			PERCENTAGE	DEBT
	OBLIGATION	OBLIGATION	CAPITAL	NOTE	BOND	TOTAL ALL	VALUE	EQUALIZED	ESTIMATED	PER CAPITA	OF PERSONAL	PER
YEAR	BONDS	NOTES	LEASES	PAYABLE	PREMIUM	DEBT	(000's)(2)	VALUE	POPULATION	INCOME \$	INCOME (1)	CAPITA
2012	6,370,000	18,015,000	377,178		221,292	24,983,470	8,430,125	0.30%	114,973	44,779	0.49%	217.30
2013	5,540,000	21,100,000	223,452		375,028	27,238,480	8,297,900	0.33%	114,922	46,508	0.51%	237.02
2014	4,670,000	30,510,000	135,817	122,040	1,161,656	36,599,513	8,331,863	0.44%	115,290	46,328	0.69%	317.46
2015	3,785,000	34,850,000	17,243		1,434,422	40,086,665	8,380,544	0.48%	115,569	45,896	0.76%	346.86
2016	6,130,000	26,600,000	11,094		1,225,483	33,966,577	8,464,901	0.40%	115,427	47,930	0.61%	294.27
2017	3,895,000	32,890,000	4,548		1,257,294	38,046,842	8,899,324	0.43%	115,344	50,081	0.66%	329.86
2018	1,630,000	35,190,000			1,260,171	38,080,171	9,321,317	0.41%	115,456	52,851	0.62%	329.82
2019		30,165,000			1,027,720	31,192,720	9,684,429	0.32%	115,340	54,703	0.49%	270.44
2020	4,163,000	24,730,000			851,069	29,744,069	10,351,198	0.29%	115,447	55,616	0.46%	257.64
2021	4,063,000	19,095,000			685,357	23,843,357	10,906,217	0.22%	115,554	*	*	206.34

					NET DEBT	
	TOTAL					
	GROSS	LESS DEBT		TO TOTAL	PERCENTAGE	
	BONDED	SERVICE	TOTAL NET	EQUALIZED	OF PERSONAL	
YEAR	DEBT	FUND @	BONDED DEBT	VALUE	INCOME	PER CAPITA
2012	24,606,292	45,249	24,561,043	0.29%	0.48%	213.62
2013	27,015,028	-	27,015,028	0.33%	0.51%	235.07
2014	36,341,656	184,989	36,156,667	0.43%	0.68%	313.61
2015	40,069,422	651,997	39,417,425	0.47%	0.74%	341.07
2016	33,955,483	813,902	33,141,581	0.39%	0.60%	287.12
2017	38,042,294	377,452	37,664,842	0.42%	0.65%	326.54
2018	38,080,171	157,590	37,922,581	0.41%	0.62%	328.46
2019	31,192,720	7,100	31,185,620	0.32%	0.49%	270.38
2020	29,744,069	125,220	29,618,849	0.29%	0.46%	256.56
2021	23,843,357	168,984	23,674,373	0.22%	*	204.88

Sources:

^{(1) -} See Table XII - Demographic and Economic Statistics

^{(2) -} Equalized values are reduced by tax increment district value increments for apportioning County taxes.

^{*} Information not available

[@] Amount available for repayment of governmental general obligation bonds

Table X Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2012	2013		2014	2015	2016
Equalized Value	\$	8,651,327,800	\$ 8,526,701,100	\$	8,604,762,900	\$ 8,645,086,200	\$ 8,755,117,500
Debt Limit - 5% of Equalized Value (Wisconsin Statutory Limitation)		432,566,390	426,335,055		430,238,145	432,254,310	437,755,875
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds		24,762,178 45,249	26,863,452		35,180,000 184,989	38,635,000 651,997	32,730,000 961,740
Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Margin		24,716,929	26,863,452		34,995,011	37,983,003	31,768,260
Legal Debt Margin (Debt Capacity)	\$	407,849,461	\$ 399,471,603	\$	395,243,134	\$ 394,271,307	\$ 405,987,615
Percent of Debt Capacity Used	5.71%		6.30%		8.13%	8.79%	7.26%
		2017	2018		2019	2020	2021
Equalized Value	\$	9,228,846,100	\$ 9,706,227,200	\$	10,142,962,300	\$ 10,875,259,800	\$ 11,530,754,800
Debt Limit - 5% of Equalized Value (Wisconsin Statutory Limitation)		461,442,305	485,311,360		507,148,115	543,762,990	576,537,740
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation		36,785,000	36,820,000		30,165,000	28,893,000	23,158,000
Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds		544,083	331,606		155,131	247,315	269,201
Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Margin		36,240,917	 36,488,394		30,009,869	 28,645,685	 22,888,799
Legal Debt Margin (Debt Capacity)	\$	425,201,388	\$ 448,822,966	\$	477,138,246	\$ 515,117,305	\$ 553,648,941
Percent of Debt Capacity Used		7.85%	7.52%		5.92%	5.27%	3.97%

Table XI

Computation of Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Debt December 31, 2021

	Number	Amount	Applicable to S	Sheboygan County
	of Entities	of Debt	Percent*	Amount
Sheboygan County				
General obligation debt				\$ 23,158,000
Bond premium				685,359
Total Direct Debt			-	23,843,359
OVERLAPPING DEBT:				
Lakeshore VTAE District	1	\$ 26,400,000	55.38%	14,620,320
Moraine Park Technical College District	1	28,780,000	0.03%	8,634
Total Overlapping Debt	2	55,180,000	26.51%	14,628,954
UNDERLYING DEBT:				
Cities	3	\$ 72,544,822	100%	72,544,822
Villages	10	41,284,553	100%	41,284,553
Townships	15	3,633,381	100%	3,633,381
School Districts	13	213,052,973	varies	143,025,105
Sanitary Districts	4	574,936	100%	574,936
Total Underlying Debt	45	\$ 331,090,665	varies	261,062,797
TOTAL DIRECT, OVERLAPPING AND UNDERLYING DEBT			<u>.</u>	\$ 299,535,110

Source: Baird

Note: This summary may not reflect all of the County's outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness

 ${\rm *Sheboygan\ County\ -\ Overlap\ percentage\ is\ based\ upon\ the\ number\ of\ Sheboygan\ County}$

residents served as a percentage of total population served.

Table XII

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal	Per Capita	
Fiscal		Income	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	in 000's	Income	Rate
2012	114,973	5,148,376	44,779	6.10%
2013	114,922	5,344,757	46,508	5.00%
2014	115,290	5,341,196	46,328	3.80%
2015	115,569	5,304,168	45,896	3.40%
2016	115,427	5,532,445	47,930	3.10%
2017	115,344	5,776,492	50,081	2.30%
2018	115,456	6,101,981	53,263	2.30%
2019	115,340	6,309,435	54,703	2.60%
2020	115,447	6,409,222	55,616	4.20%
2021	115,554	*	*	1.50%

Source: Population - US Census Bureau (estimate) 2012-2020, World Population Review (estimate) for 2021 Personal Income - U.S Bureau of Economic Analysis per ALFRED

Unemployment Rate - Bureau of Labor Statistics for Sheboygan County, WI extracted February 22, 2022 for December 2021

^{*} Information not available

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table XIII

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021		2012	
			Percentage		-
	Estimated		of Total County	Estimated	
	Employment	Rank	Employment	Employment	<u>Rank</u>
Kohler Co	6,586	1	10.5%	5,000	1
Bemis Manufacturing	2,200	2	3.5%	1,800	2
Johnsonville Sausage LLC	2,000	3	3.2%	933	5
Sargento Foods	1,300	4	2.1%		
Sheboygan Area School District	1,279	5	2.0%	1,279	4
Vollrath Co LLC	850	6	1.4%		
Aurora Medical Group	850	7	1.4%		
County of Sheboygan	842	8	1.3%	853	7
Lakeland University	700	9	1.1%		
St Nicholas Hospital	700	10	1.1%	848	9
Acuity Mutual Insurance CO.				850	8
Nemak (JL French)				1,325	3
Piggly Wiggly				900	6
Sheboygan Clinic (Aurora)				750	10

Total Estimated County Workforce 62,931

Source: Robert W. Baird for 2021 & 2012. Estimated County Workforce from Department of Workforce Development website data search for December 2021.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table XIV

Full-time Equivalent County Employees (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government	127	122	119	123	124	125	125	120	125	123
County Treasurer	6	6	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Register of Deeds	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Finance	15	15	17	15	15	18	17	17	17	18
Medical Examiner	4	4	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
County Board	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Court Commissioner	3	4	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Clerk of Courts	24	22	23	24	24	23	24	23	25	23
District Attorney	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	13	13	13
County Clerk	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Building Services	30	29	29	30	30	29	30	29	30	29
Human Resources	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	5
Corporation Counsel	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County Administrator	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Information Technology	9	7	5	7	7	7	8	7	8	7
Public Safety	166	168	170	179	186	191	186	199	196	187
Public Works	90	86	82	86	93	93	94	99	95	98
Public Health and Human Services	189	198	198	195	195	194	185	195	210	221
Resources and Development	15	15	14	14	14	15	13	16	14	14
Education	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	2
Health Care Center	170	158	146	145	137	141	140	138	137	104
Total	760	750	732	746	753	762	746	770	780	749

Source: Sheboygan County Payroll Records

⁽¹⁾ Data shown for 2012 - 2021 represents full-time equivalent (FTE).

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table XV Operating Indicators by Program/Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		<u> </u>	· ·	<u> </u>		ll ll	L. L.	II.		<u>.</u>
Police										
Prisoners bookings - Adult	4,591	3,706	3,742	3,424	3,335	3,411	3,466	3,514	2,277	2,367
Prisoners bookings - Juvenile	318	351	274	430	392	455	400	318	251	245
Total complaints (1)	33,221	40,292	39,426	42,814	46,523	31,428	78,113	87,680	146,274	116,755
Courts										
Case filings	14,060	13,312	13,180	13,638	15,389	15,395	14,388	13,547	11,561	12,186
Criminal cases	2,303	2,371	2,330	2,270	2,217	2,190	2,205	2,308	2,212	2,033
Non-criminal cases	5,646	4,848	5,589	6,579	7,823	7,703	6,821	5,717	5,473	6,078
Jury trials	37	29	38	42	33	45	39	42	13	30
Family Court Commissioner hearings	920	989	984	874	835	881	879	692	725	878
Mediation referrals	262	272	252	207	228	232	203	193	166	159
Medical Examiner										
Death Investigations	568	543	262	265	282	266	261	326	348	379
Cremations Permits Issued	502	539	540	577	625	628	673	702	844	799
Cremations 1 crimes issued	302	337	340	311	023	020	073	702	044	177
Register of Deeds										
Real estate documents processed	29,308	27,819	19,056	21,030	22,399	21,609	20,792	21,060	25,739	27,462
Vital records filed	3,255	3,385	3,016	3,329	3,269	3,141	3,215	3,169	3,023	3,183
Military discharge records	150	122	94	83	42	35	45	49	5	7
Genealogical searches	735	717	437	326	363	379	378	353	108	229
Planning and Conservation										
Sanitary permits	137	161	183	180	170	167	152	168	182	209
Shoreland permits	68	87	88	94	106	91	134	138	214	135
Certified Survey Maps Reviewed	45	38	46	46	48	46	51	42	57	57
County Clerk										
Marriage Licenses/Domestic Partnerships	664	669	670	667	631	642	621	601	498	564
Passport Applications	827	844	876	973	844	1,311	1,154	1,028	542	556
1 assport reprications	027	044	070	713	044	1,311	1,134	1,020	342	330
Public Health & Human Services										
Senior Meals Provided	57,146	53,232	53,358	51,083	48,046	46,533	47,391	41,531	35,450	30,402
Health Inspections	934	846	959	909	718	1,000	1,053	1,098	1,098	960
Child Abuse and Neglect Referrals	1,196	1,243	1,092	1,172	1,071	1,268	1,204	1,272	1,063	969
Average WIC Participants per Month	2,197	2,127	1,952	1,887	1,823	1,771	1,719	1,616	1,677	1,657
Communicable Disease Cases (Confirmed)	616	638	596	550	707	903	818	909	11,194	11,643
Immunizations Given (2) (3)	5,047	2,194	1,418	508	73	10	-	-	-	9,668
Health Care Centers										
Total Patient Days	52,233	48,815	47,081	47,162	49,166	48,715	46,204	47,109	43,142	36,516
Patient Meals Served	151,710	131,982	140,361	141,006	146,531	145,635	138,612	141,327	129,426	109,548
Highway										
Miles of roads resurfaced	25	20	18	11	13	32	30	30	15	26
Miles of roads seal coated	11	13	-	14	14	13	15	15	19	8
Asphalt Produced (tons)	76,737	68,336	38,479	64,558	62,848	135,791	143,713	133,875	121,134	175,250
Gravel Production (tons)	168,889	150,514	168,668	163,289	207,076	210,040	294,535	341,032	254,639	226,261
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 $^{(1)\ \} In\ 2011, crime\ record\ software\ was\ replaced\ with\ new\ system\ and\ were\ unable\ to\ retrieve\ information.$

Source: Sheboygan County Department Annual Reports and Sheboygan County Department Internal Reports

⁽²⁾ Reduction in immunizations reflects revised program eligibility rules

⁽³⁾ Due to changes in health care and funding rules, immunizations are now expected to be provided by primary care physicians.

The Lakeshore Community Health Center provides backup for families who do not have a medical home or health insurance.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN
Table XVI
Capital Assets by Functional Area
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government										
Buildings (excludes Public Safety and	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Business-type operations)										
Public Safety										
Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Jail Capacity	314	314	314	314	314	314	314	314	314	314
Squads (includes marked and unmarked)	42	42	42	45	45	45	45	38	53	53
Health Care Centers										
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Beds	165	157	155	154	149	149	149	149	149	149
Highway										
County lane miles	451	451	451	451	451	451	451	451	451	451
Garages/Shops	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4
County bridges	76	76	75	75	75	75	77	77	77	77

Source: Sheboygan County Department Annual Reports and Sheboygan County Department Internal Reports