ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2022



COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

PREPARED BY:

Sheboygan County Finance Department

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

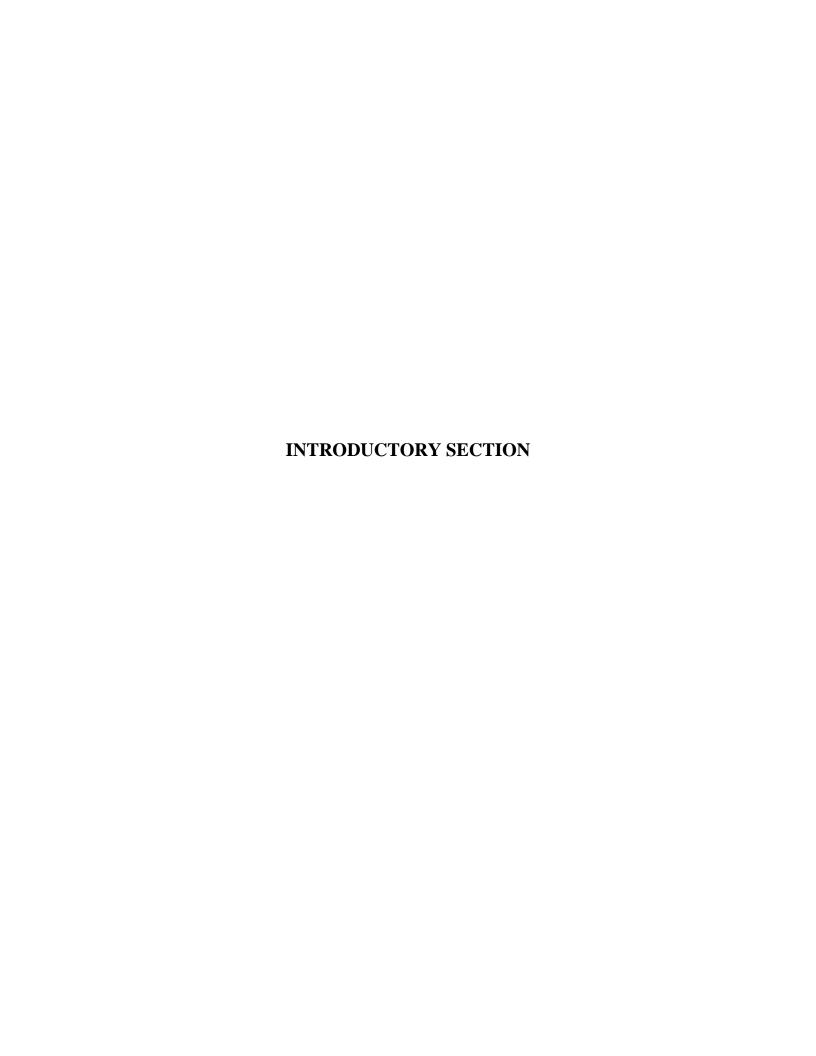
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SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

Steve Hatton *Finance Director*

Jeremy Fetterer
Deputy Finance Director

July 31, 2023

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors and Citizens County of Sheboygan 508 New York Ave Sheboygan, Wisconsin 53081

Ladies and Gentlemen:

State Statute, Administrative Rule 16, and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) require counties to submit audited financial statements within certain time frames based upon their individual rules and regulations. Major federal and state programs impose additional audit requirements. Pursuant to the above, we hereby respectfully submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances for Sheboygan County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Sheboygan County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Sheboygan County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief the financial report is accurate, complete and reliable in all material respects.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP has audited Sheboygan County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Sheboygan County are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that Sheboygan County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. Their report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The County is required to undergo a federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. The Single Audit Report is available in the County's separately issued Federal and State Awards Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Sheboygan County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The County of Sheboygan is located in the eastern part of the state adjacent to Lake Michigan. It occupies 513 square miles. The County is comprised of 15 towns, 10 villages, and three cities and is 50 miles north of Milwaukee. Several major county highways as well as US highways 141 and 43 serve the County's transportation needs. Airline service to Chicago's O'Hare Airport, as well as other parts of Wisconsin, Illinois, and Iowa are available at Sheboygan County Memorial Airport.

The governing body of Sheboygan County is comprised of 25 County Board Supervisors, each serving two-year terms and elected by a majority of voters from their respective district. At the first session of each two-year term, the County Board elects a Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson to preside over proceedings of the County Board for the next two years.

Sheboygan County provides a full range of services, including police protection (Sheriff's Department), a county jail, nursing home care, highway and other infrastructure construction and repair, ownership and maintenance of the buildings at the University of Green Bay – Sheboygan Campus, recreational facilities, marriage licensing, maintenance of vital records for births, deaths, real estate transfers, administration of the court system, district attorney's office, child support enforcement, health and human services, operation of the municipal airport and other activities. Sheboygan County also maintains a close working relationship with the Monarch Library System and the Sheboygan County Economic Development Corporation.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for financial planning and control. All departments and agencies are required to submit requests to the Finance Committee by mid-September. The Finance Committee's Budget is then sent to the County Board at its regularly scheduled October meeting. A legally required public hearing is held in late October. In early November the budget is formally adopted. The appropriated budget is adopted by appropriation units within departments. Departments are also aggregated into fund groupings. Appropriation units have been designated as "Wages & Benefits", "Operating Expenses", "Interdepartmental Charges", and "Capital Outlay". Departments may transfer funds within appropriation units as they see necessary. Transfers between appropriation units of the same department or between departments, however, need Finance Committee approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each department for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Sheboygan County operates.

Local Economy

The County benefits from a mixed economic base of manufacturing, retail trades, services, agricultural, insurance and tourism. By far the largest economic sector is manufacturing. The unemployment rate as of December 31, 2022 was 1.8%.

Economic signs continue to be positive as we move into 2023. The Aurora Health Care construction of a new hospital, outpatient surgery center and medical office in Kohler, Wisconsin, is an investment of \$324 million was completed in July 2022. Rockline Industries started a \$19.7 million expansion which will double their production of disinfecting wet wipes. Wisconsin regulators approved construction of 1,400-acre Sheboygan County solar farm in the town of Holland which will produce enough electricity to supply nearly 40,000 homes. Masters Gallery Foods partnered with Oostburg School District to support ongoing capital improvements in the district. Sartori Cheese began a 22,000 square foot expansion of their Sartori Whey Converting facility in Plymouth.

Sheboygan County features attractions of world-class golf, Lake Michigan sport fishing, numerous summer festivals, ice fishing and snowmobiling. In August of 2014, the County finalized the purchase of the Amsterdam Dunes. This purchase preserves for public access one of the last undeveloped stretches of beaches and dunes on the western shores of Lake Michigan. The County worked with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources on the development of the Amsterdam Dunes Wetland Mitigation Bank which allows the County to sell credits on the 78-acres of wetlands.

Long-term Planning

As part of long range planning, the County employs a five-year capital improvement program. The program identifies major capital improvement projects and the methods to finance them.

The most recent document identifies \$60,285,006 of projects over the next five years. Long-term financing is projected to fund approximately \$55.6 million. The balance will be funded by State and Federal dollars, donations and other internal funding sources. In 2023, the County has continued to fund construction on Marsh bypass/Dam, jail/detention center equipment replacement/remodeling, highway shed building improvements and replacements, reconstruction of taxiways, along with other various Building Improvements.

Major Initiatives

The County Board enacted Ordinance Number 02 (2016/2017); adopting a half cent sales tax effective January 1, 2017. The ordinance also established a Transportation Fund in which all sales tax revenues are to be used for highway roadwork and highway capital equipment. It is the expectation of the County to complete 30 miles of road enhancements per year. In 2022 the goal of 30 miles was missed by 1.14 miles which will be rescheduled for 2023. Due primarily to weather in 2021 the goal of 30 miles was missed by 4.01 miles. In addition, the County instituted a revenue sharing program with the municipalities of the County to aid in their transportation needs. \$1,695,286 and \$1,500,000 was distributed to the municipalities based on their equalized value in the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years, respectively.

The County was party to the settlement of a Natural Resource Damage Assessment issued against a local company for the pollution of the Sheboygan River. The settlement entitles Sheboygan County to receive \$1,295,500 over a ten-year term which the County continued receiving payments in 2022. The funds are part of the reimbursement to the general fund for the purchase of the Amsterdam Dunes.

Major Financial Policies

Fund Balance: The County Board has adopted a minimum fund balance policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance of 5% to 10% of total county expenditures, less capital project expenditures. The Finance Committee in December of 2014 further refined the policy such that the General Fund unassigned fund balance be maintained at a minimum of 15% and a maximum of 30% of total governmental fund

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Sheboygan, Wisconsin, for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This is the ninth consecutive year of being awarded this achievement. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all staff that assisted with the preparation for the 2022 audit of Sheboygan County. In addition, I would like to recognize CliftonLarsonAllen for their leadership in their role as independent auditor. The Board of Supervisors, Finance Committee, and County Administrator are to be commended for using sound business practices while conducting the financial operations of the County.

Respectfully,

Steve Hatton Finance Director Jeremy J. Fetterer Deputy Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Sheboygan Wisconsin

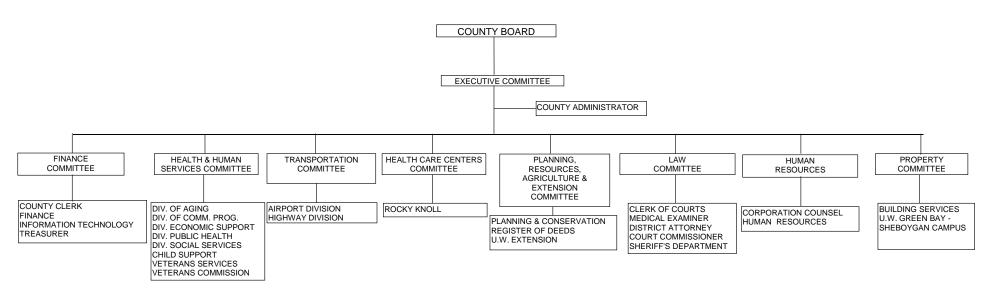
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Board of Supervisors

Term Expires April, 2024

Keith Abler......Vice-Chairperson Al Bosman Marilyn Montemayor Curt A. Brauer Henry Nelson Rebecca Clarke John Nelson James Coulson Carl Nonhof Kathleen Donovan Edward J. Procek Christian Ellis Wendy A. Schobert William C. Goehring **Brian Smith** Paul A. Gruber Suzanne Speltz Jacob Immel Roger L. TeStroete Gerald Jorgensen Jacqueline Veldman Jon Kuhlow Thomas Wegner

George H. Kulow

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY OFFICES AND DEPARTMENTS

Chief Administrative Officer

County Administrator	Alayne Krause
Department Heads Building Services	James TeBeest
Clerk of Courts*	Christine Koenig
County Clerk*	Jon Dolson
Court Commissioner	Ryan T. O'Rourke
Corporation Counsel**	Atty. Crystal Fieber
District Attorney*	Joel Urmanski
Finance	Steve Hatton
Health & Human Services	Matt Strittmater
Health Care Centers	Kayla Clinton
Human Resources	Vacant
Information Technology	Chris Lewinski
Medical Examiner	Chris Nehring
Planning & Conservation	Aaron Brault
Register of Deeds*	Ellen Schleicher
Sheriff*	Cory Roeseler
Transportation	Greg Schnell
Treasurer*	Laura M. Henning-Lorenz
University of Wisconsin-Extension***	Jayna Hintz
University of Green Bay-Sheboygan Campus***	James Schramm
Veteran's Service	Todd Richter
* Elected Position	

^{*} Elected Position ** Contracted Employee *** State Employee

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

County Board Sheboygan County

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Public Health and Human Services Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules relating to pensions and other postemployment benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's

responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The nonmajor fund combining financial statements and the budget to actual statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the nonmajor fund combining financial statements and the budget to actual statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin July 28, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

As management of Sheboygan County, we offer readers of the County's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2022 by \$228,858,420 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$42,715,078 (*unrestricted*) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$14,290,479 primarily influenced by capital asset additions exceeding depreciation expense by \$6,413,241 and changes in the net pension plan of \$4,902,387. Also, in response to the pandemic the County received the second half of the SLFRF American Rescue Plan Act funding in the amount of \$11,201,721.50.
- The property tax rate decreased \$0.1989 per \$1,000 of property value from the year ended December 31, 2022. A significant part of the 2022 levy rate decrease resulted from the 5.36% increase in equalized property value.
- As of December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$47,019,569. The net change in fund balances per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances is \$4,110,421. This was primarily due to the receipt of the second half of the SLFRF American Rescue Plan Act funding. The General Fund reported a transfer of excess fund balance from Health & Human Services of \$1,753,796.
- As of December 31, 2022, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$32,292,073, or approximately 73% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's total outstanding general obligation debt increased \$1,567,000.
- The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 reflect a net pension asset of \$22,906,905 along with deferred outflows of resources of \$44,557,335 and deferred inflows of resources of \$53,945,441 related to the County's participation in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Government-wide financial statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Sheboygan County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Sheboygan County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, public health and human services, education, and resource & development. The business-type activity of the County is a skilled health care facility (nursing home).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Sheboygan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a county's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 7 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Public Health & Human Services Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Transportation Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, all of which are

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

considered to be major funds. Data from the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. and public safety special revenue funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its major governmental funds. As part of the basic governmental fund financial statements, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general and public health & human services special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-36 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Sheboygan County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses the enterprise fund to account for its nursing home. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its various insurance activities, information technology, printing services, and highway operations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions they have been included within the *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-42 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 43-44 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 45-88 of this report.

Other information: The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, individual fund budget comparison information, and statistical tables are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 89-93, supplementary information can be found on pages 94-111, and the statistical tables can be found on pages 112-130.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position: As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$228,858,420 at the close of 2022.

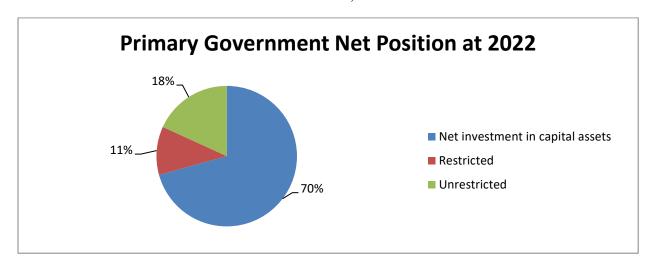
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

	G	overnmenta	1 A	ctivities	Bu	siness-ty	pe A	Activities	Tot	al	
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022		2021
Assets											
Current and other assets	\$	169,904	\$	147,289	\$	8,100	\$	8,207	\$ 178,004	\$	155,496
Capital assets		176,535		169,108		8,269		7,066	184,804		176,174
Total Assets		346,439		316,397		16,369		15,273	362,808		331,670
Deferred Outflows of Resources		40,329		27,420		5,995		4,227	46,324		31,647
Liabilities											
Other liabilities		32,248		21,512		588		461	32,836		21,973
Long-term liabilities											
Due within one year		6,410		5,923		24		13	6,434		5,936
Due in more than one year		30,427		27,590		1,199		1,175	31,626		28,765
Total Liabilities		69,085		55,025		1,811		1,649	70,896		56,674
Deferred Inflows of Resources		101,130		85,666		8,248		6,409	109,378		92,075
Net Position											
Net investment in											
capital assets		153,597		145,151		8,269		7,066	161,866		152,217
Restricted		21,302		16,437		2,975		2,426	24,277		18,863
Unrestricted		41,654		41,538		1,061		1,950	42,715		43,488
Total Net Postion	\$	216,553	\$	203,126	\$	12,305	\$	11,442	\$ 228,858	\$	214,568

The largest portion of the County's net position (71%) reflects its net investment of \$161.8 million in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position, 10.6%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. External restrictions include those imposed by grantors, contributors, laws/regulations of other governments, or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation, including those passed by the County itself. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$42 million may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022



Changes in Net Position

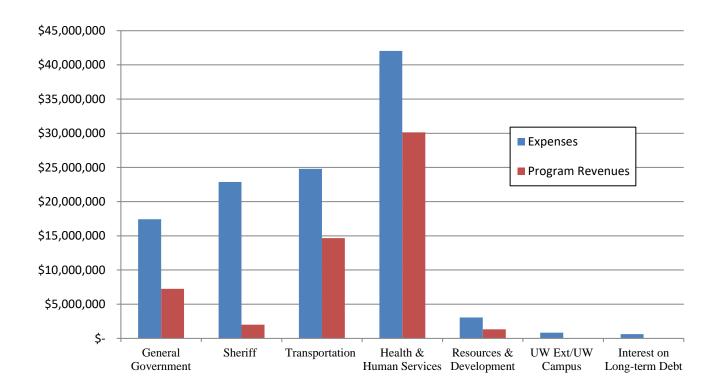
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Amounts expressed in \$1,000)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	otal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 14,953	\$ 12,842	\$ 11,178	\$ 9,443	\$ 26,131	\$ 22,285
Operating grants & contributions	40,443	35,546	1,144	2,622	41,587	38,168
Capital grants and contributions	16	1,926	1,818		1,834	1,926
Total program revenues	55,412	50,314	14,140	12,065	69,552	62,379
General revenues:						
Property tax	50,998	50,568	1,005	921	52,003	51,489
Other taxes	13,517	12,542			13,517	12,542
Nonspecific grants and contributions	3,779	3,700		49	3,779	3,749
Investment earnings	1,959	1,195	1	2	1,960	1,197
Gain on disposal of capital assets	42	153		2	42	155
Miscellaneous		1,324		22		1,346
Total general revenues	70,295	69,482	1,006	996	71,301	70,478
Total Revenues	125,707	119,796	15,146	13,061	140,853	132,857
Expenses:						
General government	17,436	14,511			17,436	14,511
Sheriff	22,872	23,418			22,872	23,418
Transportation	24,789	20,584			24,789	20,584
Health and Human Services	42,055	40,033			42,055	40,033
Resources and development	3,067	2,587			3,067	2,587
UW Ext/UW Campus	835	817			835	817
Interest on long-term debt	624	626			624	626
Rocky Knoll			14,885	14,606	14,885	14,606
Total Expenses	111,678	102,576	14,885	14,606	126,563	117,182
Excess(deficiency) before transfers	14,029	17,220	261	(387)	14,290	16,833
Transfers	(602)	<i>'</i>		691	- 1,	,
Change in net position	13,427	16,529	863	304	14,290	16,833
Net Position - January 1	203,125	186,596	11,442	11,138	214,567	197,734
Net Position - December 31	\$ 216,552	\$ 203,125	\$ 12,305	\$ 11,442	\$ 228,857	\$ 214,567

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

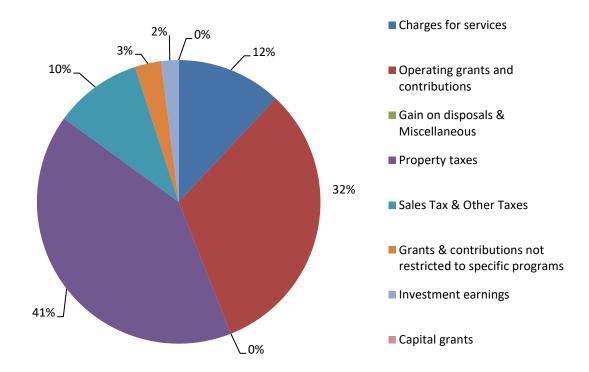
Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$13,427,433. Influencing factors to net position by the governmental activities were:

- Projects not completed in 2022 that will carry over to 2023 resulted in less expenses of \$1,780,000.
- Health and Human Services has continued to have a successful response to community needs and reported excess revenues over expenses of \$1,753,796. Even while Community Programs expenses increased by \$2,380,000.
- The Transportation fund experienced an increase in revenues which allowed them to do additional work and projects therefore increasing expenses \$5,253,423, which also decreased net position.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

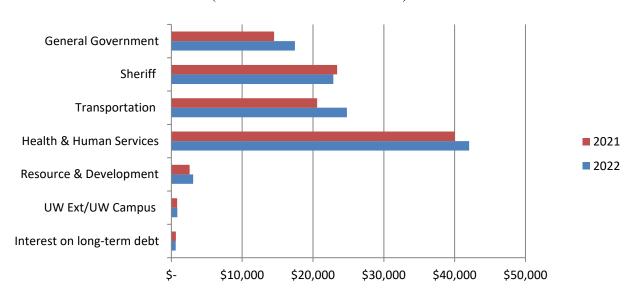
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Governmental Activities compared to 2021 are showing an increase in net expenses of \$4,004,000. Sheriff increased net expenses by \$234,000 and continues to be challenged with overtime in the correction facilities and inmate populations. Transportation showed increased net expenses of \$2,685,000.

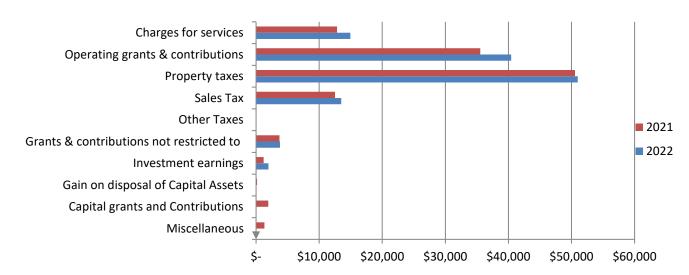
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Governmental Activities Functional Expenses for Years 2022 and 2021 (Shown in Thousands of Dollars)



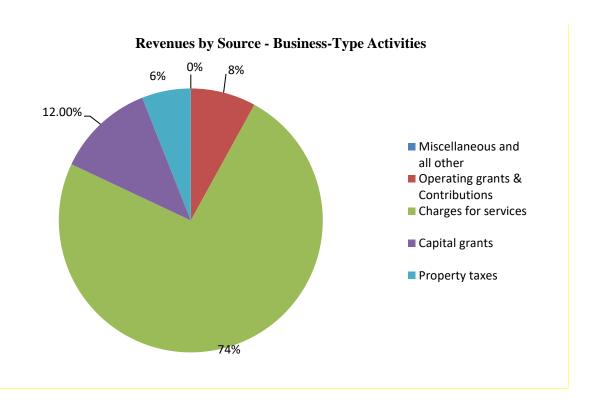
For the Governmental Activities between the 2021 and 2022 fiscal cycle, Health & Human Services increased by \$2,021,000, which reflects increased costs related to Community Programs. Transportation increased by \$4,205,000, which reflects increased costs.

Governmental Activities Revenues by Source for Years 2022 and 2021 (Shown in Thousands of Dollars)



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Business-type Activities: Rocky Knoll Health Care Center increased Sheboygan County's net position by \$863,046. The Rocky Knoll Health Care Center maintained an overall Five-Star Rating recognized by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services.



Financial Analysis of Sheboygan County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds:</u> The focus of Sheboygan County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$47,019,569. The net change in fund balances per the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances is \$4,110,421. Of the combined ending fund balances, \$35,402,740 or 75% constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance that is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for the following: 1) delinquent property taxes (\$753,415), 2) prepayments that benefit periods beyond the end of the current year (\$190,597), 3) various

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

individual fund commitments approved by the County Board (\$5,893,247), and 4) restricted for grant or statutory provisions (\$4,779,571).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current year, assigned fund balance was \$4,590,151 and unassigned fund balance was \$27,701,922 while the total fund balance was \$34,465,841. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both assigned and unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance of \$32,292,073 represents 73% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 78% of that same amount.

During the current year the County's General Fund balance increased by \$2,427,747. Per Fund Balance Policy approved by the Finance Committee, \$1,753,796 was the year-end transfer of fund balance from the Health & Human Services. For a more detailed analysis of budgetary variances, please refer to the "General Fund Budgetary Highlights" discussion below.

Health and Human Services fund revenues exceed expenditures by \$1,753,796 due mainly to receipt of intergovernmental revenue and Public Health's response to the pandemic.

The Debt Service fund has a fund balance of \$468,048 an increase of \$198,847 over the prior year.

The Capital Projects fund has a fund balance of \$5,446,125 an increase of \$5,690,947 due to the bonding for 2021 and 2022 projects in 2022.

The Transportation Capital Projects fund has a fund balance of \$5,688,936. This is a decrease of \$4,137,435 over the prior year due to the increase in activity by the Transportation Department resources dedicated to maintaining County roads. The Transportation Capital Projects fund was established by County Ordinance, and is used to record sales tax revenues for the purpose of repairing and reconstructing the County's transportation infrastructure.

Proprietary funds: Sheboygan County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the County's government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The Rocky Knoll Health Care Center is the only Enterprise Fund of the County. Rocky Knoll had an increase in net position of \$829,149 compared to an increase of \$330,431 experienced in 2021. This increase in net position is due to the contribution for the capitalization of resident room, kitchen, and dining room improvements, \$1,817,823.

The Internal Service Funds is comprised of the County's Employee Insurances, Information Technology Services and the Highway Department. For 2022, the Internal Service funds increased net position by \$1,370,209 compared to an increase of \$2,457,564 experienced in 2021.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for expenditures was a \$1,630,971 increase in appropriations or a 3.74% increase over the original budget.

During the year, actual expenditures were \$1,090,294 under budget, a relatively even year of operations. Sheriff did experience a negative variance to budget of 142,000 which is a result of Correction Officer

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

vacancies which lead to more overtime. Also effecting this negative variance is the inmate population. These negative variances were offset by the Building Services positive variance of \$601,000 that resulted from delays in internal repairs and maintenance and structural projects, a positive variance of \$129,000 at the Airport from the delay in purchasing of capital outlay equipment, and a positive variance of over \$596,000 in Clerk of Courts, District Attorney, Finance, Treasurer and Human Resources due to position vacancies. Both structural projects and capital outlay equipment have been approved to be carried forward for completion in 2023.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>: Sheboygan County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022 was \$184,803,663 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (highways and bridges), and construction in progress.

Major capital asset investment during the current year included the following:

- Highway construction projects, at a cost of \$9,882,580.
- Building and other improvements, at a cost of \$165,749.
- Office, communication, and computer equipment projects, at a cost of \$271,722.
- Vehicles, mostly Sheriff's squads and Highway and Planning vehicles, at a cost of \$435,514.

	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land	\$ 16,882	\$ 16,855	\$ 32	\$ 32	\$ 16,914	\$ 16,887
Construction in progress	8,732	3,423		48	8,732	3,471
Intangible assets	214	214			214	214
Buildings	94,721	94,224	17,979	16,169	112,700	110,393
Other improvements	14,684	14,422	701	701	15,385	15,123
Infrastructure	168,970	159,754	33	32	169,003	159,786
Machinery and equipment	27,309	25,330	5,187	5,218	32,496	30,548
Office furniture and equipment	24,526	24,402	1,253	1,179	25,779	25,581
Vehicles	16,724	16,708	141	141	16,865	16,849
Right-to-Use Assets Infrastructure	1,197				1,197	
Right-to-Use Assets Equipment	134				134	
Less Accumulated						
depreciation and amortization	(197,557)	(186,010)	(17,057)	(16,454)	(214,614)	(202,464)
Total	\$ 176,536	\$ 169,322	\$ 8,269	\$ 7,066	\$ 184,805	\$ 176,388

Additional information on Sheboygan County's capital assets can be found in Note C.5 on pages 68-69.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2022

Long-term debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, Sheboygan County had total debt outstanding of \$24,725,000 backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Sheboygan County's Outstanding Debt

	2022	2021
General obligation debt:		
Bonds	\$ 2,040,000	\$ 4,063,000
Notes	22,685,000	19,095,000
Total general obligation debt	\$ 24,725,000	\$ 23,158,000

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the County may issue to 5% of its total equalized valuation. The current legal threshold for new debt for the County is \$612,705,765 which is significantly in excess of the County's \$24,725,000 in general obligation debt. The County's debt service fund has a fund balance of \$468,048 at December 31, 2022.

Additional information on Sheboygan County's long-term debt can be found in Note C.7 on page 71-73 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for December 2022 was 1.8%. This is an increase of 0.3% from the prior year. The average unemployment rate for the State of Wisconsin was 3.0%.

The economic condition and outlook mirrors that of the state and region. The County continues to have a diversified mix of manufacturing, service industries, retailers, health services, and dairy farming. However, all of these activities reflect state and national economies and economic conditions.

In prior years, limits have been imposed on the property tax levy rates and actual levies on Wisconsin counties. The baseline for the first imposed tax rate limit is the actual 1992 tax rate adopted for the 1993 budget. The operating levy rate and the debt levy rate cannot exceed the baseline rates unless the County qualifies for one of the exceptions allowed under the statute. The statute establishes specific penalties for failure to meet the levy rate freeze requirements. Among the penalties for exceeding the limits is the reduction of state shared revenues and transportation aids. For the 2022 budget year the County was allowed to increase the levy by net new construction under the actual tax levy freeze formula. Adjustments were also allowed for debt service payments and other specific items.

With the adoption of the budget for 2023, the County's operating rate of \$4.3709 represents a \$0.3945 decrease from the prior year and conforms to the state statute requirements.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Sheboygan County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, County of Sheboygan, 508 New York Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisconsin, 53081.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Accounts, net		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Canal minestments \$78,457,238 \$3,305,235 \$81,762,473 Receivables Taxes \$1,670,576 \$1,164,000 \$2,834,576 Accounts, net \$3,659,718 \$1,026,433 \$6,686,115 Delinquent taxes \$1,670,576 \$1,102,926 Interest \$425,720 \$423,720 \$432,720 \$1,162,926 Interest \$425,720 \$423,720 \$1,162,926 Interest \$425,720 \$72,0044 \$1,991,291 Internal ballatices \$75,2034 \$75,2034 \$75,2034 \$1,991,291 Internal ballatices \$75,2034 \$75,2034 \$1,991,291 Internal ballatices \$1,993,231 \$2,974,594 \$2,2965,905 \$2,000,000 \$1,932,331 \$2,974,594 \$2,2965,905 \$2,000,000 \$2,	Accords			
Receivables		\$78,457,238	\$3,305,235	\$81.762.473
Accounts. ner		7.0,,	++,+++, - ++	,
Delinquent taxes	Taxes	51,670,576	1,164,000	52,834,576
Interest	Accounts, net	5,659,718	1,026,433	6,686,151
Lease	•			1,162,926
Leases				
Internal balances				
Def not nother governments			(752 034)	1,991,291
Pepads and other items				5 066 345
Net pension asset 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,005 Capital assets, nondepreciable/nonamoritzable 16,881,787 31,750 16,913,537 16,91				
Capital assets, nondepreciable/nonamoritzable Land				
Land	Net pension asset	19,932,311	2,974,594	22,906,905
Construction in progress	Capital assets, nondepreciable/nonamortizable			
Capital assets, depreciable/amortizable Buildings 94,721,145 17,979,038 112,700,183 123,800,100 112,93,355 123,345	Land	16,881,787	31,750	16,913,537
Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,731,248		8,731,248
Buildings		214,239		214,239
Improvements other than buildings				
Infrastructure	-			
Machinery and equipment 27,308,542 5,187,477 32,496,019 Office furniture and equipment 24,526,229 1,253,355 25,779,584 Vehicles 16,724,103 140,915 16,865,018 Right-to-Use Assets Equipment 1,197,056 1,197,056 Right-to-Use Assets Equipment 133,852 16,369,135 2214,614,104 Total Assets 346,438,935 16,369,136 362,808,071 Total Assets 346,438,935 16,369,136 362,808,071 Total Assets 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Liabilities				
Office furniture and equipment 24,526,229 1,253,355 25,779,584 Vehicles 16,724,103 140,915 16,865,018 Right-to-Use Assets Infrastructure 1,197,056 1,197,056 133,852 133,852 133,852 Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization (197,557,169) (17,056,935) (214,614,104) Total Assets 346,438,935 16,369,136 362,808,071 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 446,557,335 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Liabilities Accounts payable 6,743,736 232,779 6,976,515 Accrued compensation 2,847,989 333,547 3,201,536 Accrued on other current liabilities 913,284 22,973 6,976,515 Accrued onthe current payable 123,596 23,273 6,976,515 Accrued ontherest payable 123,596 90,370 90,377				
Vehicles 16,724,103 140,915 16,865,018 Right-to-Use Assets Infrastructure 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,197,056 1,133,852 Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization (197,557,169) (17,056,935) (214,614,104 704 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Right-to-Use Assets Infrastructure 1,197,056 1,197,056 Right-to-Use Assets Equipment 133,852 133,852 133,852 Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization (197,557,169) (17,056,935) (214,614,104) Total Assets 346,438,935 16,369,136 362,808,071 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows related to pension 38,792,073 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 44,557,335 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 44,557,335 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 44,557,335 Accounts payable 6,743,736 232,779 6,976,515 Accounts payable 6,743,789 353,547 3,201,536 Accounts payable 6,743,789 353,547 3,201,536 Account and other current liabilities 990,370 1,3				
Right-to-Use Assets Equipment 133,852 133,852 133,852 133,852 (214,614,04 Total Assets 346,438,935 16,369,136 362,808,071 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows related to pension 38,792,073 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Liabilities Accounts payable 6,743,736 232,779 6,976,515 Accrued and other current liabilities 913,284 913,284 913,284 Accrued and other current liabilities 913,284 913,284 121,3596 Accrued and other current liabilities 99,370 990,370 990,370 Uncamed revenue 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,78 Long-term obligations 23,923 6,433,648 23,923 6,433,648 Due within one year 6,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits			-,-	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related to pension 38,792,073 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167	Right-to-Use Assets Equipment			133,852
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related to pension 38,792,073 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Stabilities	Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(197,557,169)	(17,056,935)	(214,614,104)
Deferred outflows related to pension 38,792,073 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Liabilities	Total Assets	346,438,935	16,369,136	362,808,071
Deferred outflows related to pension 38,792,073 5,765,262 44,557,335 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Liabilities				
Other postemployment benefit related amounts 1,537,399 229,433 1,766,832 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 40,329,472 5,994,695 46,324,167 Liabilities Accounts payable 6,743,736 232,779 6,976,515 Accrued compensation 2,847,989 353,547 3,201,536 Accrued and other current liabilities 913,284 913,284 Accrued interest payable 123,596 123,596 Due to other governments 990,370 990,370 Unearned revenue 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 Long-term obligations 10ue in more than one year 6,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due in more than one year 6,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 660,867 5,089,236 Total Liabilities 59,085,534 1,810,813 70,896,347 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related <				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_			
Accounts payable	* * *			1,766,832
Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued compensation Accrued and other current liabilities Accrued and other current liabilities Accrued interest payable Accrued interest payable Bue to other governments Bue within one year Due in more than one year Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits Acarel Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Lease related Other postemployment benefit related amounts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Property flows related to pension Other postemployment benefit related amounts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Lease related 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension Accrued and other postemployment benefit related amounts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Lease related 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension Accrued and other postemployment benefit related amounts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Lease related 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension Accrued and state and the post of the pos	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	40,329,472	5,994,695	46,324,167
Accrued compensation 2,847,989 353,547 3,201,536 Accrued and other current liabilities 913,284 913,284 Accrued interest payable 123,596 123,596 Due to other governments 990,370 990,370 Unearned revenue 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 Long-term obligations 0ue within one year 6,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,283,369 660,867 5,089,236 Total Liabilities 69,085,534 1,810,813 70,896,347 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,	Liabilities			
Accrued and other current liabilities 913,284 Accrued interest payable 123,596 Due to other governments 990,370 Unearned revenue 20,629,742 Long-term obligations Due within one year 6,409,725 Due in more than one year 25,998,723 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 Lease related 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 Restricted For: Debt service 344,452 Land records 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078	Accounts payable	6,743,736	232,779	6,976,515
Accrued interest payable 123,596 123,596 Due to other governments 990,370 990,370 990,370 1,436 20,631,178 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178	Accrued compensation	2,847,989	353,547	3,201,536
Due to other governments 990,370 990,370 Unearned revenue 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 Long-term obligations 30,000 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 Due within one year 6,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due in more than one year 25,998,723 538,261 26,536,984 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 660,867 5,089,236 Total Liabilities 69,085,534 1,810,813 70,896,347 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 24,0	Accrued and other current liabilities	913,284		913,284
Unearned revenue 20,629,742 1,436 20,631,178 Long-term obligations 6,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due within one year 25,998,723 538,261 26,536,984 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 660,867 5,089,236 Total Liabilities 69,085,534 1,810,813 70,896,347 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net Position 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 344,452 344,452 344,452 Land records 340,765 340,765 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 <td< td=""><td>* *</td><td></td><td></td><td>123,596</td></td<>	* *			123,596
Long-term obligations Due within one year Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 660,867 5,089,236	9			
Due within one year 0,409,725 23,923 6,433,648 Due in more than one year 25,998,723 538,261 26,536,984 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 660,867 5,089,236 Total Liabilities 69,085,534 1,810,813 70,896,347 Deferred Inflows of Resources		20,629,742	1,436	20,631,178
Due in more than one year 25,998,723 538,261 26,536,984 Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits 4,428,369 660,867 5,089,236 Total Liabilities 69,085,534 1,810,813 70,896,347 Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	6 400 725	22.022	6 122 619
Due in more than one year - Net Other Postemployment benefits	•			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Froperty taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,771 Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 344,452 344,452 344,452 Land records 340,765 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078				
Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net Position 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 200,005 200,005 344,452 <				70,896,347
Property taxes levied for subsequent year 51,670,576 1,164,000 52,834,576 Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net Position 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 200,005 200,005 344,452 <	De la de			
Lease related 1,991,291 1,991,291 Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: Debt service 344,452 344,452 344,452 Land records 340,765 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 0pioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078				
Deferred inflows related to pension 46,940,314 7,005,127 53,945,441 Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: Debt service 344,452 344,452 Land records 340,765 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078			1,164,000	
Other postemployment benefit related amounts 527,449 78,714 606,163 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 201,707 344,452 344,452 344,452 344,452 14,653,765 340,765 <td></td> <td></td> <td>7.005.127</td> <td></td>			7.005.127	
Net Position 101,129,630 8,247,841 109,377,471 Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 344,452 344,452 344,452 Land records 340,765 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 00,005 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078	•			
Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 344,452 344,452 Debt service 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078				109,377,471
Net investment in capital assets 153,597,251 8,269,288 161,866,539 Restricted For: 344,452 344,452 Debt service 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078	N. D. M.			
Restricted For: 344,452 344,452 Debt service 340,765 340,765 Land records 340,765 217,776 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078		152 507 251	9.260.299	161 966 520
Debt service 344,452 344,452 Land records 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078	•	133,397,251	6,209,288	101,800,539
Land records 340,765 340,765 Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078		3/1/152		3// /52
Jail assessment 217,776 217,776 Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078				
Opioid Settlements 466,905 466,905 Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078				217,776
Pension benefits 19,932,311 2,974,594 22,906,905 Unrestricted 41,653,783 1,061,295 42,715,078				466,905
	•		2,974,594	22,906,905
Total Net Position \$216,553,243 \$12,305,177 \$228,858,420		41,653,783	1,061,295	42,715,078
	Total Net Position	\$216,553,243	\$12,305,177	\$228,858,420

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				I	rog	ram Reveni	ies			Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position				
			C	harges	•	Operating	(Capital			Pri	mary Government	;	
				for	(Grants and	Gr	ants and		Governmental		Business-Type		
		Expenses	S	ervices	Co	ontributions	Con	tributions		Activities		Activities		Total
During a way Consequence and														
Primary Government														
Governmental Activities:		15.104.150		2 (22 22)		4				40.400.445				(40.400.445)
General Government	\$	17,436,158	\$	2,632,224	\$	4,605,263	\$	16,554	\$	(10,182,117)	\$		\$	(10,182,117)
Sheriff		22,872,517		1,618,842		390,552				(20,863,123)				(20,863,123)
Transportation		24,788,963		378,411		14,289,420				(10,121,132)				(10,121,132)
Health and Human Services		42,054,638		9,886,592		20,257,132				(11,910,914)				(11,910,914)
Resources and Development		3,067,200		416,244		900,580				(1,750,376)				(1,750,376)
UW Ext/UW Campus		834,709		20,419						(814,290)				(814,290)
Interest on Long-term Debt		623,825								(623,825)				(623,825)
		111,678,010		14,952,732		40,442,947		16,554		(56,265,777)				(56,265,777)
Business-Type Activities:														
Rocky Knoll		14,884,766		11,178,159		1,144,025		1,817,823				(744,759)		(744,759)
Total Primary Government	\$	126,562,776	\$	26,130,891	\$	41,586,972	\$	1,834,377		(56,265,777)		(744,759)		(57,010,536)
	Gener	ral Revenues												
	Ta	xes:												
		Property taxes								50,997,534		1,004,693		52,002,227
		Sales tax								13,498,250				13,498,250
		Other Taxes								18,653				18,653
	Gra	ants and Contribu	tions N	ot Restricted	to Sp	pecific Functions				3,778,897		580		3,779,477
	Inv	estment Earnings	;							1,959,559		992		1,960,551
	Ga	in on disposal of	capital	assets						41,851		6		41,857
	Trans	fers In (Out)	-							(601,534)		601,534		
	Total	general revenues	and tra	nsfers						69,693,210		1,607,805		71,301,015
		Change in net po	sition							13,427,433		863,046		14,290,479
		Net Position - Ja	nuary	1						203,125,810		11,442,131		214,567,941
		Net Position - De	ecembe	er 31					_	\$216,553,243		\$12,305,177		\$228,858,420

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

			Pu	blic Health						Other		Total
			aı	nd Human	Debt	Capital			Go	overnmental	G	overnmental
		General		Services	Service	Projects	T	ransportation		Fund		Funds
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	57,954,898			\$ 468,048	\$ 5,724,693	\$	3,619,675	\$	400,331	\$	68,167,645
Receivables												
Taxes		30,624,970		14,327,361	5,233,891							50,186,222
Accounts, net		414,613		2,120,837				2,069,261				4,604,711
Delinquent taxes		1,162,926										1,162,926
Interest		423,720										423,720
Loans		716,471								624,697		1,341,168
Leases		1,991,291										1,991,291
Due from other funds		1,989,356										1,989,356
Due from other governments		533,846		2,772,471		190,146						3,496,463
Prepaids and other items		190,596										190,596
Total Assets	\$	96,002,687	\$	19,220,669	\$ 5,701,939	\$ 5,914,839	\$	5,688,936	\$	1,025,028	\$	133,554,098
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resources and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	4,525,178	\$	1,238,460	\$	\$ 468,714	\$		\$		\$	6,232,352
Accrued compensation		2,441,469										2,441,469
Accrued and other current liabilities		156,763		3,268								160,031
Due to other funds				1,989,356								1,989,356
Due to other governments		53,175		937,195								990,370
Unearned revenue		20,455,000		174,741								20,629,741
Total Liabilities	_	27,631,585		4,343,020		468,714						32,443,319
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Property taxes levied for susequent year		30,624,970		14,327,361	5,233,891							50,186,222
County portion of delinquent taxes		572,529										572,529
Lease related		1,991,291										1,991,291
Loans receivable		716,471								624,697		1,341,168
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	33,905,261		14,327,361	5,233,891					624,697		54,091,210
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		944,011										944,011
Restricted		1,025,446			468,048	3,286,077						4,779,571
Committed		204,311						5,688,936				5,893,247
Assigned		4,590,151		550,288		2,160,048				400,331		7,700,818
Unassigned		27,701,922										27,701,922
Total Fund Balances	_	34,465,841		550,288	468,048	5,446,125		5,688,936		400,331		47,019,569
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	96,002,687	\$	19,220,669	\$ 5,701,939	\$ 5,914,839	\$	5,688,936	\$	1,025,028	\$	133,554,098

Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position

Total Fund Balances as shown on the previous page			\$	47,019,569
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	se:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds				138,464,007
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds				
Delinquent taxes		572,529		
Loans receivable		1,341,168	•	1,913,697
The County's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements				
Net pension asset		19,932,311		
Deferred outflows of resources		38,792,073		
Deferred inflows of resources		(46,940,314)		11,784,070
The County's proportionate share of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund OPEB plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements Deferred outflows of resources		1,537,399		
		(4,428,369)		
Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources		(527,449)		(3,418,419)
Some liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds				
Bonds and notes payable	\$	(24,725,000)		
Compensated absences		(4,608,647)		
Bond premiums		(1,030,487)		
Lease liability		(1,197,781)		
Accrued interest on long-term obligations		(123,596)	•	(31,685,511)
Receivable or (payable) to a business-type activity due to the lookback adjustment and consolidation of internal service funds				752,034
Internal service fund activities included in governmental activities				51,723,796
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement of				
Net Position			\$	216,553,243

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				ublic Health						Other	Total
			8	and Human		Debt		Capital		Governmental	Governmental
		General		Services		Service		Projects	Transportation	Funds	Funds
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$	29,882,359	\$	14,612,218	\$	5,001,945					\$ 49,496,522
Other taxes		18,653							13,498,250		13,516,903
Intergovernmental		8,196,759		20,242,832				1,487,841			29,927,432
Licenses and permits		432,433		441,675							874,108
Fines, forfeits and penalties		317,201									317,201
Public charges for services		3,986,503		8,978,012							12,964,515
Miscellaneous		3,455,482		182,764				173,126		159,873	3,971,245
Total Revenues		46,289,390		44,457,501		5,001,945		1,660,967	13,498,250	159,873	111,067,926
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		15,133,041								139,092	15,272,133
Sheriff		23,541,632								46,909	23,588,541
Transportation		769,539							12,385,585		13,155,124
Health and human services		332,767		42,817,298							43,150,065
Resources and development		2,801,286									2,801,286
UW Ext/UW Campus		511,475									511,475
Debt Service:											
Principal		133,128				5,628,000					5,761,128
Interest and other charges		6,768				805,524					812,292
Capital Outlay		889,573						7,471,416			8,360,989
Total Expenditures		44,119,209		42,817,298		6,433,524		7,471,416	12,385,585	186,001	113,413,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures	_	2,170,181		1,640,203		(1,431,579)		(5,810,449)	1,112,665	(26,128)	(2,345,107)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
General obligation debt issued								7,195,000			7,195,000
Premium on long-term debt issued						630,426					630,426
Lease proceeds		38,806				,					38,806
Transfers in		1,753,796		70,036		1,000,000		4,306,396			7,130,228
Transfers out		(1,535,036)		(1,753,796)		,,.		, ,	(5,250,100)		(8,538,932)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		257,566		(1,683,760)		1,630,426		11,501,396	(5,250,100)		6,455,528
Net change in fund balances		2,427,747		(43,557)		198,847		5,690,947	(4,137,435)	(26,128)	4,110,421
Fund balances, January 1		32,038,094		593,845		269,201		(244,822)	9,826,371	426,459	42,909,148
Fund balances, December 31	\$	34,465,841	\$	550,288	\$	468,048	\$	5,446,125	\$ 5,688,936	\$ 400,331	\$ 47,019,569
<i>'</i>			_	,	-		_			,	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances as show on previous page		\$	4,110,421
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense			
Capital assets reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statements	\$ 16,994,603		
Depreciation and amortization expense reported in the statement of activities	(10,581,362)		
Amount by which capital outlays are greater than depreciation and amortization in current period			6,413,241
In governmental funds the entire proceeds, if any, from the disposal of capital assets is reported as an other			
financing source because they increase the financial resources. In the statement of activities, only the gain (or			
loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported.			(38,020)
Governmental funds report delinquent taxes and special assessments as revenue in the year paid. However, delinquent taxes and special assessments are recognized as revenue in the year assessed on the statement of			
activities. Change in delinquent taxes and special assessments in the current year is:			(56,578)
			(50,570)
Changes in the net pension liability (asset) and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources as a result of			
employer contributions, changes in assumptions and proportionate share and the difference between the expected			
and actual experience of the pension plan.			4,590,396
Changes in the net OPEB liability (asset) and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources as a result of			
employer contributions, changes in assumptions and proportionate share and the difference between the expected			
and actual experience of the life insurance plan.			(554,538)
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds but increases			
liabilities in the statement of net position. The amount of long-term debt proceeds in the current year are:			
General obligation bonds and promissory notes issued	(7,195,000)		
Leases	(38,806)		(7,233,806)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as expenditure, but is reported			
as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:			
General obligation and notes payable retired	5,628,000		
Leases	133,128		5,761,128
	100,120		2,7.22,222
Some expenses reported in the governmental funds required the use of current financial resources and, therefore,			
were reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the amounts were not included as expenses in			
the statement of activities since they were expensed in prior years. In addition, some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as			
expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Loan repayment/issuance	(202,833)		
Compensated absences	281,657		
Accrued interest	(23,379)		
Amortization of bond premiums	(345,130)		(289,685)
Internal complete funds are used by management to show the sector of continuous continuous and are	_		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to certain funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with			
governmental activities.			758,771
			*
Additional (loss) revenue due to internal service fund look-back adjustments must be recognized in the			(33,897)
government-wide statements. Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as reported in the Statement of Activities		¢	13 /27 /22
Change in 1ver 1 ostuon of Governmental Activities as reported in the statement of Activities	:	\$	13,427,433

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Variance With	
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		•	•	, , ,	
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 29,852,247	\$ 29,859,977	\$ 29,882,359	\$ 22,382	
Other taxes	20,200	20,200	18,653	(1,547)	
	29,872,447	29,880,177	29,901,012	20,835	
Intergovernmental					
General Government	4,878,618	6,745,103	6,752,921	7,818	
Sheriff	186,904	267,577	390,552	122,975	
Health & Human Services	13,650	13,650	14,300	650	
Resources and Development	927,563	927,563	900,580	(26,983)	
•	6,110,699	8,092,299	8,196,759	104,460	
Licenses and permits				·	
General Government	100,584	100,584	99,691	(893)	
Resources and Development	339,663	339,663	332,742	(6,921)	
1	440,247	440,247	432,433	(7,814)	
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties				<u> </u>	
General Government	323,000	323,000	313,056	(9,944)	
Sheriff	,		310	310	
Resources and Development	3,000	3,000	3,835	835	
1	326,000	326,000	317,201	(8,799)	
Public Charges for Services		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General Government	1,765,072	1,766,336	2,100,977	334,641	
Sheriff	1,567,295	1,567,295	1,413,810	(153,485)	
Transportation	268,106	268,106	269,710	1,604	
Resources and Development	113,850	113,850	181,587	67,737	
UW Ext/UW Campus	23,050	23,050	20,419	(2,631)	
o w zna o w campus	3,737,373	3,738,637	3,986,503	247,866	
Miscellaneous		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
General Government	2,992,869	2,985,139	2,658,180	(326,959)	
Sheriff	354,558	386,558	519,921	133,363	
Transportation	213,626	213,626	219,219	5,593	
Public Health and Human Services			3,374	3,374	
Resources and Development	35,275	35,275	47,381	12,106	
UW Ext/UW Campus	12,435	12,435	7,407	(5,028)	
<u>r</u>	3,608,763	3,633,033	3,455,482	(177,551)	
Total Revenues	44,095,529	46,110,393	46,289,390	178,997	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,		
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Treasurer					
Wages and benefits	435.720	435,720	395,212	40,508	
Operating expenses	140,135	140,135	112,834	27,301	
Interdepartmental charges	184,339	184,339	185,329	(990)	
Capital outlay	,	,	16,587	(16,587)	
	760,194	760,194	709,962	50,232	
Register of Deeds	, , , , , , , ,	7.00,271	. 0,,,, 02	20,232	
Wages and benefits	398,976	398,976	389,126	9,850	
Operating expenses	155,847	155,847	148,256	7,591	
Interdepartmental charges	177,988	177,988	182,362	(4,374)	
	732,811	732,811	719,744	13,067	
	132,011	732,011	/12,/44	13,007	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Primarc Pri		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
Pages and benefits 1,483,774 1,456,597 1,282,683 173,014 Operating expenses 5,868 86,045 68,985 17,060 Interdepartmental charges 332,886 332,886 313,886 316,389 16,497 Interdepartmental charges 1,875,528 1,875,528 1,668,057 207,471 Medical Examiner				Actual	8
Operating expenses Interdepartmental charges 88,888 and 86,045 and 328,886 and 16,497 and 16,497 and 16,497 and 18,755,288 and 18,755,288 and 18,705 and 18,755,288 and 18,755,289 and 18,75	Finance		•		, , ,
Medical Examiner	Wages and benefits	1,483,774	1,456,597	1,282,683	173,914
Medicial Examiner 1375.528 1,875.528 1,668.057 207.471	Operating expenses	58,868	86,045	68,985	17,060
Medical Examiner Wages and benefits 131,785 131,785 145,103 (13,318) Operating expenses 88,620 88,620 114,163 (25,543) Interdepartmental charges 22,497 22,497 22,519 (22) County Board 242,902 242,902 281,785 (38,883) Wages and benefits 146,227 146,227 144,091 2,136 Operating expenses 45,958 93,208 87,842 5,366 Interdepartmental charges 34,160 34,160 34,465 (495) Interdepartmental charges 28,8469 272,267 272,798 (531) Operating expenses 33,461 345,72 272,798 (531) Operating expenses 33,461 353,976 352,321 1,655 Clerk of Courts 282,658 33,481 353,976 352,321 1,655 Clerk of Courts 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 613,408 613,408 613,406 350,274	Interdepartmental charges	332,886	332,886	316,389	16,497
Wages and benefits 131,785 131,785 145,103 (13.518) Operating expenses 88,600 22,497 22,497 22,199 (22) County Board 22,2497 22,497 22,193 32,100 32,100 34,100 34,010<		1,875,528	1,875,528	1,668,057	207,471
Operating expenses Interdepartmental charges 88,620 88,620 114,163 (25,43) Interdepartmental charges 224,902 242,902 281,785 (38,883) County Board Wags and benefits 146,227 146,227 144,091 2,136 Operating expenses 45,958 93,208 87,842 5,366 Interdepartmental charges 31,60 34,65 4,957 Interdepartmental charges 33,461 34,655 4,957 Operating expenses 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,988 Mages and benefits 268,469 272,267 272,798 (531) Operating expenses 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,988 Interdepartmental charges 348,910 353,976 352,321 1,055 Clerk of Courts 348,910 353,976 352,321 1,055 Clerk of Courts 822,354 822,34 82,344 82,344 82,344 1,037,44 1,158 1,168 1,168 1,168 1,168 1,168 1,16	Medical Examiner	.			
Interdepartmental charges	e	131,785	131,785	145,103	(13,318)
County Board 242,902 242,902 281,855 38,883 Operating expenses 45,958 93,208 87,842 5,366 Interdepartmental charges 34,160 34,160 34,655 4,995 Interdepartmental charges 226,345 273,595 266,588 7,007 Court Commissioner 288,469 272,267 272,798 (53) Operating expenses 33,461 34,755 32,740 1985 Incredepartmental charges 46,890 46,984 46,783 201 Operating expenses 34,610 333,976 352,321 1,655 Clerk of Courts 334,910 333,976 352,321 1,655 Clerk of Courts 46,980 46,984 46,783 2,01 Wages and benefits 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 822,344 823,234 933,208 110,851 Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,409 536,274 77,186 Operating expenses	Operating expenses	88,620	88,620	114,163	(25,543)
County Board Interceptating expenses 146,227 146,227 144,091 2,136 Operating expenses 45,958 93,208 87,842 5,366 Interdepartmental charges 34,160 34,160 34,655 40,907 Cort Commissioner 252,345 2373,959 266,588 7,007 Wages and benefits 268,469 272,267 272,798 (53) Operating expenses 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,985 Interdepartmental charges 46,980 46,984 46,783 201 Operating expenses 348,910 355,907 352,321 1,655 Clerk of Courts 348,910 353,908 410,884 46,783 201 Operating expenses 822,344 822,354 33,208 110,895 Operating expenses 613,408 613,408 513,609 2,748,973 172,667 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 69,789 50,185 Operating expenses 10,039,764 1,039,764 914,343	Interdepartmental charges	22,497	22,497	22,519	
Wages and benefits 146,227 144,091 2,136 Operating expenses 45,958 93,208 87,842 5,366 Interdepartmental charges 34,160 34,160 34,655 4(95) Court Commissioner 226,345 273,595 266,588 7,007 Wages and benefits 268,469 272,267 277,798 (531) Operating expenses 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,985 Interdepartmental charges 46,980 46,984 46,783 201 Elerk of Courts 348,910 353,976 352,321 150,955 Operating expenses 822,354 822,354 933,208 (110,854) Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,460 536,274 77,186 Operating expenses 613,408 613,460 536,274 77,186 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 110,084 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 110,039 Operating expenses 10,039,764 <td></td> <td>242,902</td> <td>242,902</td> <td>281,785</td> <td>(38,883)</td>		242,902	242,902	281,785	(38,883)
Operating expenses Interdepartmental charges 45,988 [93,08] [87,842] [495) 5,366 [495] Interdepartmental charges 34,160 [34,65] [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 34,060 [34,05] [34,05] 353,075 [32,740] [34,08] [34,05] [34,06] 36,060 [34,05] [34,06					
Minima					
Court Commissioner 226,345 273,595 266,588 7,007 Wages and benefits 268,469 272,267 272,798 (531) Operating expenses 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,985 Interdepartmental charges 46,980 46,984 46,783 201 Clerk of Courts 348,910 353,976 352,321 1,655 Wages and benefits 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 822,334 822,354 932,028 (110,854) Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,406 536,274 77,186 Interdepartmental charges 60,321 60,321 49,282 110,397 Mages and benefits 747,264 747,264 697,079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 103,307 190,790 191,775 985 Operating expenses 128,250 19,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges					
Court Commissioner 268,469 272,267 272,798 (531) Wages and benefits 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,985 Interdepartmental charges 46,980 46,984 46,783 201 Clerk of Courts 348,910 353,976 352,321 1,505 Wages and benefits 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 822,354 822,354 933,208 (10,884) Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,460 536,274 77,186 District Attorney 2,821,669 2,866,240 2,748,973 117,267 Wages and benefits 747,264 747,244 697,079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 10,39,764 1,039,764 914,343 125,421 Operating expenses 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 118,259 128,250 95,486 32,764	Interdepartmental charges				
Wages and benefits 268,469 272,267 272,798 (53) Operating expenses 33,461 34,725 32,740 1,985 Interdepartmental charges 46,980 46,984 46,783 201 Clerk of Courts 348,910 353,976 352,321 1,655 Wages and benefits 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 822,354 822,354 933,208 (10,884) Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,400 356,274 77,186 Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,400 356,274 77,186 Operating expenses 60,321 40,221 110,209 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 110,099 Interdepartmental charges 232,179 232,179 167,982 64,197 Mages and benefits 10,0790 190,790 191,775 985 Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges		226,345	273,595	266,588	7,007
Second		250.450	252.245	272 700	(501)
Marce Marc					, ,
Clerk of Courts					
Clerk of Courts Wages and benefits 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 822,354 822,354 933,208 (110,854) Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,460 536,274 77,186 District Attorney 2,821,669 2,866,240 2,748,973 117,267 Wages and benefits 747,264 747,264 697,079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 1,039,764 1,039,764 914,343 125,421 Operating expenses 1,039,764 1,039,764 914,343 125,421 Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 190,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 419,694 <	Interdepartmental charges				
Wages and benefits 1,385,907 1,430,426 1,279,491 150,935 Operating expenses 822,354 822,354 333,208 (110,854) Interdepartmental charges 613,469 2,866,240 2,748,973 117,267 District Attorney Wages and benefits 747,264 747,264 697,079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 232,179 232,179 167,982 64,197 County Clerk 232,179 190,790 191,375 985) Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 190,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Building Services 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Wages and benefits 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760		348,910	353,976	352,321	1,655
Operating expenses 822,354 822,354 933,208 (110,854) Interdepartmental charges 613,408 613,460 536,274 77,186 2,821,669 2,861,640 2,748,973 171,267 District Attorney 747,264 747,264 69,7079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 232,179 232,179 167,982 64,197 County Clerk 1039,764 1,039,764 191,375 6985 Operating expenses 190,790 190,790 191,775 6985 Operating expenses 182,550 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 190,694 190,694 113,967 (13,313) Operating expenses 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Querating expen		1 205 007	1 420 426	1 270 401	150.025
Interdepartmental charges					
District Attorney					
District Attorney T47,264 747,264 697,079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 232,179 232,179 167,982 64,197 County Clerk 1,039,764 1,039,764 914,343 125,421 Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 190,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) Building Services 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436	interdepartmental charges				
Wages and benefits 747,264 747,264 697,079 50,185 Operating expenses 60,321 60,321 49,282 11,039 Interdepartmental charges 232,179 232,179 167,982 64,197 County Clerk 1,039,764 1,039,764 914,343 125,421 Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) Interdepartmental charges 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Building Services 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expen	District Attorney	2,821,009	2,000,240	2,740,973	117,207
Operating expenses Interdepartmental charges 60,321 232,179 60,321 232,179 49,282 16,082 11,039 64,197 County Clerk 1,039,764 1,039,764 91,333 125,421 Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) Building Services 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 18,783 118,783 102,401 </td <td></td> <td>747 264</td> <td>747 264</td> <td>607.070</td> <td>50 195</td>		747 264	747 264	607.070	50 195
Interdepartmental charges 232,179 232,179 167,982 64,197 1,039,764 1,049,764					
County Clerk 1,039,764 1,039,764 914,343 125,421 Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) Building Services 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Building Services 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681					
County Clerk Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) Huilding Services 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,955 2,950 4,077 <td< td=""><td>interdepartmentar enarges</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	interdepartmentar enarges				
Wages and benefits 190,790 190,790 191,775 (985) Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) Building Services 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Human Resources 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Operating expenses 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127)	County Clerk	1,037,704	1,037,704	714,545	123,721
Operating expenses 128,250 128,250 95,486 32,764 Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Building Services 8 8 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Operating expenses 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) <		190 790	190 790	191 775	(985)
Interdepartmental charges 100,654 100,654 113,967 (13,313) All policy All policy					, ,
Building Services 419,694 419,694 401,228 18,466 Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Human Resources 3,739,753 3,935,320 3,333,831 601,489 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) (136,268) Interest and other					
Building Services Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Capital outlay 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Expertmental charges 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268) <	mor departmental entinges		•		
Wages and benefits 1,647,911 1,647,911 1,525,826 122,085 Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Capital outlay 3,739,753 3,935,320 3,333,831 601,489 Human Resources Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental charges 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	Building Services		,.,.	,===	,
Operating expenses 1,332,193 1,442,760 1,172,035 270,725 Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 3,739,753 3,935,320 3,333,831 601,489 Human Resources Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental charges 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)		1,647,911	1,647,911	1,525,826	122,085
Interdepartmental charges 630,034 630,034 544,993 85,041 Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 3,739,753 3,935,320 3,333,831 601,489 Human Resources Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental charges 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)					
Capital outlay 129,615 214,615 90,977 123,638 Human Resources 3,739,753 3,935,320 3,333,831 601,489 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental charges 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)		630,034	630,034	544,993	85,041
Human Resources 3,739,753 3,935,320 3,333,831 601,489 Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental charges 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)		129,615	214,615	90,977	123,638
Human Resources Wages and benefits 443,737 458,914 425,478 33,436 Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)		3,739,753	3,935,320	3,333,831	601,489
Operating expenses 176,906 176,906 131,043 45,863 Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	Human Resources	-			
Interdepartmental charges 118,783 118,783 102,401 16,382 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental Operating expenses 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	Wages and benefits	443,737	458,914	425,478	33,436
Non-Departmental 739,426 754,603 658,922 95,681 Non-Departmental 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	Operating expenses	176,906	176,906	131,043	45,863
Non-Departmental Operating expenses 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	Interdepartmental charges	118,783	118,783	102,401	16,382
Operating expenses 2,055,479 2,261,018 2,249,858 11,160 Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)		739,426	754,603	658,922	95,681
Interdepartmental charges 2,950 2,950 4,077 (1,127) Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	Non-Departmental				
Principal 133,128 (133,128) Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)	1 0 1	2,055,479	2,261,018	2,249,858	11,160
Interest and other charges 500 500 6,768 (6,268)		2,950	2,950		
	1				(133,128)
2,058,929 2,264,468 2,393,831 (129,363)	Interest and other charges				
		2,058,929	2,264,468	2,393,831	(129,363)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Corporation Counsel		•		
Wages and benefits	84,957	84,957	86,038	(1,081)
Operating expenses	406,850	406,850	408,368	(1,518)
Interdepartmental charges	3,688	3,688	3,697	(9)
1	495,495	495,495	498,103	(2,608)
County Administrator				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wages and benefits	311,803	353,478	353,632	(154)
Operating expenses	17,181	18,843	17,610	1,233
Interdepartmental charges	49,756	60,706	61,571	(865)
	378,740	433,027	432,813	214
Total General Government	15,880,160	16,447,617	15,380,501	1,067,116
Sheriff				
Sheriff				
Wages and benefits	14,644,506	15,192,894	15,601,399	(408,505)
Operating expenses	4,050,561	4,136,360	4,021,961	114,399
Interdepartmental charges	4,076,479	4,082,303	3,918,272	164,031
Capital outlay	398,135	608,710	620,451	(11,741)
Total Sheriff	23,169,681	24,020,267	24,162,083	(141,816)
Transportation				
Airport				
Wages and benefits	269,171	246,670	241,102	5,568
Operating expenses	432,127	456,570	424,437	32,133
Interdepartmental charges	104,552	131,052	104,000	27,052
Capital outlay	•	64,577	,	64,577
Total Transportation	805,850	898,869	769,539	129,330
Health and Human Services				
Veterans Services				
Wages and benefits	197,041	202,044	201,537	507
Operating expenses	23,177	23,177	23,197	(20)
Interdepartmental charges	98,000	98,004	100,680	(2,676)
	318,218	323,225	325,414	(2,189)
Veterans Commission			,	() /
Wages and benefits	2.148	2,148		2,148
Operating expenses	18,623	18,623	7,312	11,311
Interdepartmental charges	41	41	41	,
	20,812	20,812	7,353	13,459
Total Health and Human Services	339,030	344,037	332,767	11,270
Resources and Development				
Planning and Conservation				
Wages and benefits	985,340	985,340	988,893	(3,553)
Operating expenses	1,336,175	1,378,104	1,374,961	3,143
Interdepartmental charges	390,759	390,759	437,432	(46,673)
Capital outlay	72,000	137,766	129,067	8,699
Total Resources and Development	2,784,274	2,891,969	2,930,353	(38,384)
Total Resources and Development	2,764,274	4,071,707	4,730,333	(30,304)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Variance With
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
UW Ext/UW Campus				
U.W. Green Bay - Sheboygan Campus				
, ,,,	80,587	80,587	94,696	(14 100)
Operating expenses	,	,		(14,109)
Interdepartmental charges	31,022	31,022	33,252	(2,230)
Capital Outlay	44,000	44,000	32,491	11,509
TITLE OF THE STATE	155,609	155,609	160,439	(4,830)
U.W. Extension	400.004	400.004	0.4 .0.4	0.=00
Wages and benefits	100,396	100,396	91,606	8,790
Operating expenses	265,419	272,626	213,707	58,919
Interdepartmental charges	78,113	78,113	78,214	(101)
	443,928	451,135	383,527	67,608
Total UW Ext/UW Campus	599,537	606,744	543,966	62,778
Total Expenditures	43,578,532	45,209,503	44,119,209	1,090,294
Excess of revenues over expenditures	516,997	900,890	2,170,181	1,269,291
Other financing sources (uses)				
Lease proceeds			38,806	38,806
Transfers in	371,933	1,279,940	3,038,666	1,758,726
Transfers out	(782,326)	(2,816,068)	(2,819,906)	(3,838)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(410,393)	(1,536,128)	257,566	1,793,694
Net change in fund balance	106,604	(635,238)	2,427,747	3,062,985
Fund balance, January 1	32,038,094	32,038,094	32,038,094	2,002,002
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 32,144,698	\$ 31,402,856	\$ 34,465,841	\$ 3,062,985

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Public Health and Human Services For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

					Variance With
	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget	
		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	14,612,218	\$ 14,612,218	\$ 14,612,218	\$
Intergovernmental		17,299,297	19,676,901	20,242,832	565,931
Licenses and permits		398,762	398,762	441,675	42,913
Public charges for services		8,411,105	8,411,105	8,978,012	566,907
Miscellaneous		161,352	161,352	182,764	21,412
Total Revenues		40,882,734	43,260,338	44,457,501	1,197,163
EXPENDITURES					
Community Programs					
Wages and benefits		5,183,132	5,190,448	4,805,470	384,978
Operating expenses		11,635,716	12,672,417	14,535,244	(1,862,827)
Interdepartmental charges		3,224,245	3,224,475	3,010,578	213,897
		20,043,093	21,087,340	22,351,292	(1,263,952)
Elder Services					
Wages and benefits		349,172	349,528	287,855	61,673
Operating expenses		777,166	870,427	773,201	97,226
Interdepartmental charges		256,595	256,602	225,494	31,108
Capital outlay		85,000	149,602		149,602
1		1,467,933	1,626,159	1,286,550	339,609
Public Health			, ,	· · · · ·	<u> </u>
Wages and benefits		2,125,307	2,429,824	2,265,411	164,413
Operating expenses		166,120	310,835	276,177	34,658
Interdepartmental charges		1,035,772	1,121,755	1,068,860	52,895
		3,327,199	3,862,414	3,610,448	251,966
Social Services					
Wages and benefits		3,499,593	3,503,523	3,524,427	(20,904)
Operating expenses		6,348,885	7,073,980	6,256,468	817,512
Interdepartmental charges		2,216,377	2,258,526	2,120,220	138,306
		12,064,855	12,836,029	11,901,115	934,914
Economic Support					
Wages and benefits		2,282,332	2,282,926	2,128,353	154,573
Operating expenses		247,039	247,039	244,952	2,087
Interdepartmental charges		1,437,386	1,437,396	1,290,605	146,791
		3,966,757	3,967,361	3,663,910	303,451
Administration					
Wages and benefits		1,585,911	1,588,655	1,613,679	(25,024)
Operating expenses		193,324	217,959	175,689	42,270
Interdepartmental charges		(1,766,338)	(1,766,306)	(1,785,385)	19,079
		12,897	40,308	3,983	36,325
Total Expenditures		40,882,734	43,419,611	42,817,298	602,313
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(159,273)	1,640,203	1,799,476
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in			70,036	70,036	
Transfers out				 (1,753,796)	
Net change in fund balance				(43,557)	(43,557)
Fund balance, January 1		593,845	593,845	593,845	
Fund balance, December 31	\$	593,845	\$ 593,845	\$ 550,288	\$ (43,557)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

		Enterprise Fund Rocky Knoll	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets		•	
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$	3,305,235	\$ 10,289,592
Receivables			
Taxes		1,164,000	1,484,354
Accounts (net)		1,026,433	1,055,007
Due from other governments		340,468	1,229,414
Prepaids and other items		41,152	3,596,105
Total Current Assets		5,877,288	17,654,472
Noncurrent assets			
Other noncurrent assets			
Net pension asset		2,974,594	3,069,416
Capital assets, nondepreciable			
Land		31,750	5,681,377
Construction in progress			
Capital assets, depreciable			
Buildings		17,979,038	19,419,924
Improvements other than buildings		701,148	1,758,751
Infrastructure		32,540	715,471
Machinery and equipment		5,187,477	19,720,284
Office furniture and equipment		1,253,355	6,137,020
Vehicles		140,915	12,470,506
Less Accumulated depreciation		(17,056,935)	(27,831,964)
Total Noncurrent Assets		11,243,882	41,140,785
Total Assets	-	17,121,170	58,795,257
10th /155015		17,121,170	30,173,231
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows related to pension		5,765,262	5,953,133
Other postemployment benefit related amounts		229,433	236,747
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,994,695	6,189,880
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
		222.770	511 294
Accounts payable		232,779	511,384
Accrued and other current liabilities			753,253
Accrued compensation		353,547	406,520
Unearned revenue		1,436	
Current maturities of long-term obligations		23,923	11,357
Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		611,685	1,682,514
Long-term obligations		538,261	835,177
Other postemployment benefits liability		660,867	681,933
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	1,199,128	
Total Liabilities	-	1,810,813	1,517,110 3,199,624
		2,020,020	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		1,164,000	1,484,354
Deferred inflows related to pension		7,005,127	7,228,432
Other postemployment benefit related amounts		78,714	81,223
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,247,841	8,794,009
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		8,269,288	38,071,369
Restricted for			
Pension benefits		2,974,594	3,069,416
Unrestricted		1,813,329	11,850,719
Total Net Position	\$	13,057,211	\$ 52,991,504

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(Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

Total Net Position as shown on the previous page	\$ 13,057,211
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position are different because:	
Change in revenue or expense due to the look-back adjustment resulting from consolidation of the internal service funds	 (752,034)
Net Position of Business-Type Activities as Reported on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position	\$ 12,305,177

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	rprise Fund (ocky Knoll	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 11,137,991 \$	\$ 40,792,441
Miscellaneous operating revenue	 40,167	222,765
Total Operating Revenues	 11,178,158	41,015,206
Operating Expenses		
Operation and maintenance	14,283,706	43,386,607
Depreciation	634,955	2,377,811
Total Operating Expenses	 14,918,661	45,764,418
Operating loss	 (3,740,503)	(4,749,212)
Nonoperating revenues		
Intergovernmental revenues	1,144,025	3,661,446
Property tax appropriation	1,004,693	1,501,012
Investment income	992	
Donations	580	
Rental income		79,630
Gain on disposal of capital assets	 6	53,608
Total nonoperating revenues	 2,150,296	5,295,696
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(1,590,207)	546,484
Capital contributions - County	1,817,823	16,554
Transfers In	1,085,263	1,767,110
Transfers Out	 (483,730)	(959,939)
Change in net position	 829,149	1,370,209
Net Position - January 1	 12,228,062	51,621,295
Net Position - December 31	\$ 13,057,211 \$	

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(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Government-wide Statement of Activities	
Change in Net Position as shown on previous page	\$ 829,149
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities	

Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to the

Change in revenue or expenses due to the look-back adjustment resulting from consolidation of the internal service funds

33,897

Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities as Reported on the Government-wide
Statement of Activities
\$ 863,046

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

are different because:

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Eı	nterprise Fund Rocky Knoll	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from	<u> </u>	,	
operating activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$	11,420,426	\$ 9,336,542
Receipts from interfund services provided		18,871	27,526,622
Other operating cash receipts		7,301	2,983,277
Payments to suppliers		(4,774,989)	(18,683,595)
Payments for wages and benefits		(7,513,914)	(22,221,936)
Payments for interfund services used		(2,459,654)	(2,541,957)
Net cash used by operating activities		(3,301,959)	(3,601,047)
Cash flows from noncapital			
financing activities			
Intergovernmental contracts/grants		1,144,025	3,661,446
Property tax appropriation received		1,004,693	1,501,012
Donations		580	
Rental income			79,630
Transfer in		1,085,264	1,767,110
Transfer out		(483,730)	(959,939)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		2,750,832	6,049,259
Cash flows from capital and			
related financing activities			
Proceeds from sale of equipment		6	157,173
Purchases of capital assets		(20,098)	(2,010,845)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(20,092)	(1,853,672)
Cash flows from investing			
activities			
Investment income		992	
Net cash provided by investing activities		992	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(570,227)	594,540
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		3,875,462	9,695,052
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	3,305,235	\$ 10,289,592

(Continued) 41

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Wayn Freded Bosonikov 21, 2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Enterprise Fund Rocky Knoll	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (3,740,504)	\$ (4,749,212)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation (net of amortization)	634,955	2,377,811
Change in WRS pension related liabilities (assets)	(548,238)	(656,805)
Change in WRS pension related deferred outflows	(1,799,447)	(1,980,681)
Change in WRS pension related deferred inflows	1,689,756	1,943,172
Change in other post employment related liabilities (assets)	42,604	67,175
Change in other post employment related deferred outflows	31,855	23,059
Change in other post employment related deferred inflows	(10,372)	(7,358)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(185,618)	(1,009,494)
Due from other governments	468,054	(195,271)
Prepaids and other items	(4,225)	(236,345)
Accounts payable	127,217	393,720
Accrued compensation	10,852	307,149
Accrued compensated absences	(4,854)	47,603
Unearned revenue	(13,994)	
Accrued insurance		74,430
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (3,301,959)	\$ (3,601,047)
Noncash capital and financing activities		
Contribution of capital assets - County	\$ 1,817,823	\$ 16,554

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The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(Continued)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2022

	Cust	Custodial Funds		
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$	3,248,116		
Tax Receivable For Other Governments		62,391		
Special certificates		149,352		
Total Assets	\$	3,459,859		
Liabilities				
Due to Other Governments		405,383		
Total Liabilities		405,383		
Net Position				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		3,054,476		
Total Net Position	\$	3,054,476		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
Additions		
Contributions		
Individuals	\$	5,274,420
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		62,391
Special Certificate Collections for Other Governments		72,317
Fee collections and other items		2,323,025
Total Additions		7,732,153
Deductions		
Beneficiary Payments to Individuals		2,251,460
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments		108,408
Payments of Special Certificates to Other Governments		81,285
Payments to Other Entitites		5,211,061
Total Deductions		7,652,214
Net Increase (Decrease)		
in Fiduciary Net Position		79,939
Fiduciary Net Position - January 1		2,974,537
Fiduciary Net Position - December 31	\$	3,054,476

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin ("the County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the County are described below:

1. Reporting Entity

Sheboygan County is a municipal corporation governed by an elected 25 member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the County (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County. The following circumstances set forth the County's financial accountability for a legally separate organization:

- **a.** The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County.
- **b.** The County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

The County has identified the following component unit that is required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc.

The Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. of the County of Sheboygan, Wisconsin was formed solely to carry out a revolving loan fund program supporting economic development for Sheboygan County and other purposes approved by the members and directors. The board of the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. is appointed in the Bylaws, and consists of not more than nine members, six of which are County members. Although it is legally separate from the County, the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc. is reported as a blended component unit as if it were part of the primary government because its only financial transactions relate to revolving loan funds issued supporting economic development within Sheboygan County. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Agency, Inc.

2. Related Organization

Sheboygan County is a member of the multicounty federated library system named Monarch Library System. Funding for the Monarch Library System comes primarily from the State of Wisconsin, Sheboygan County, Ozaukee County, Dodge County and Washington County. Since the Monarch Library System is a related party organization of multiple counties and exercises substantial control of its own operations, it is not considered to be a component unit of Sheboygan County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As a member of the Monarch Library System, Sheboygan County has the authority to appoint members to the Library System Board. The membership of the Library System Board is allocated among the member counties in the same proportion as the county's population is to the total population of all the member counties. Each County appoints a county board member to the Library System board. In addition, one of the members is a member of the Mead Public Library Board, the library system's resource library. The remaining Library System Board members are representatives of the member library boards and public members at large.

Payments to the Monarch Library System represent related party transactions, which are not considered to be "arm's length transactions". In 2022, payments from Sheboygan County to the Library System totaled \$1,637,127. Financial statements of the Monarch Library System can be obtained by contacting the Library System at: 4632 S. Taylor Drive, Sheboygan, WI. 53081.

3. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND

This is the County's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

This fund accounts for federal and state grants (other than capital grants) that are legally restricted for the nutritional, physical, social, mental, and economic needs of individual and families. Significant revenues are intergovernmental grants and public charges for services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and related assets.

TRANSPORTATION FUND

This fund accounts for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation related capital facilities and related assets.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

ROCKY KNOLL HEALTH CARE CENTER

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of a long-term skilled care nursing facility.

The County reports the following non-major funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes. Non-major special revenue fund includes the public safety and industrial development and revolving loan agency funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS account for insurance, information technology services, printing, and highway maintenance services provided to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS accounts for funds held for the Clerk of Courts, Register of Deeds, taxes for other governments, inmates, and patients, in custodial funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cashflows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers grant revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days and all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus.

Property taxes, sales taxes, public charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current period are considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are internal services between governmental activities and business type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the County's enterprise fund is charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources are they are needed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

a. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

b. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable have been shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,219,384.

c. Property Taxes Levied for the 2023 Budget

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as taxes receivable and as deferred inflow of resources. They are recognized as revenue in full in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided. The General Fund makes all other funds whole for their tax levies and accounts for any deferred, uncollected, or delinquent amounts.

d. Loans Receivable

The County has established an economic development loan programs and has passed the funds to various businesses in the form of loans. The County records a loan receivable and expenditure when the loan has been made and the funds disbursed. No allowance for uncollectable accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements. In the government funds, the County records a deferred inflow of resources for the net amount of the receivable. As the loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. Any unspent loan proceeds are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

e. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided and services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Noncurrent portions of the interfund receivables for governmental funds are reported as "advances to other funds" and are offset by nonspendable fund balance since they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Prepaid and Other Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and are expensed during the periods benefited.

Other items are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. Other items consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual other items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid and other items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable balances in the respective funds to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

g. Intangible Asset

The County owns the Amsterdam Dunes Preservation Area (the "Dunes") located along Lake Michigan, in the Town of Holland in Sheboygan County, Wisconsin within the Lake Michigan Coast watershed. The County intends to preserve the property, open it to the public, and create a wetland mitigation bank. Since 2015, the County has been working towards restoration, protecting, and preserving the Dune's wetlands through a wetland mitigation bank program administered by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. As a result of the establishment of the Dune's wetland mitigation bank, the bank has created economic "credits" which are based on the ecological value associated with the wetlands. These credits can be utilized by the County or sold to developers or other third-parties whose projects may impact various ecosystems.

In December of 2021, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers released a total of 3 wetland credits to the Dune's wetland mitigation bank which the County has estimated as having a value of approximately \$100,000 per credit when subsequently sold. As of December, 31, 2022, the County has not yet sold any of the credits.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more except for Rocky Knoll Health Care Center, which must have a unit of cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	15 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years
Infrastructure improvements	5-15 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Office furniture and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	3-4 years
Right-to-use lease assets	
Infrastructure	2-15 years
Equipment	2-4 years

i. Compensated Absences

The County compensates all employees upon termination for unused vacation time. Generally, vacation pay is earned during the same calendar year it is used. Vacation banks are capped at 280 hours and the employee earns no additional vacation until the bank falls below the cap.

The County provides a Sick Pay Program to all employees. Beginning 1/1/2013 employees are eligible to receive up to nine (9) days per year. Upon termination of employment employees will be paid out 33 1/3% of their earned but unused sick pay. Prior to January 1, 2013, all County union employees except Local 1749 (Highway Department) who had earned but unused sick leave in the employee's bank retain the value of that sick leave bank, converted to dollars at the employee's regular rate of pay as of 12/31/2012. An employee's "old sick leave" account is available for use by the employee as sick pay if the employee's regular sick pay account has become exhausted. Upon termination, any balance remaining in the employee's "old sick leave" account will be paid to the employee at 100% no matter when the termination of employment occurs. As of 12/31/2012, some employees were no longer eligible for the County's Income Protection Program. Those employees (Public Health and Community Programs Professionals and Highway Department) received nineteen (19) days of sick pay in their accounts as a starting balance as of 1/1/2013. Non-union employees are not eligible to accumulate sick leave. For these employees the County provides an income protection plan. Thus, they receive no sick leave compensation upon termination.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation liabilities at December 31, 2022, are determined on the basis of current salary in the government-wide and proprietary funds. Sick leave liabilities are determined on the basis of the dollar value of the "old sick banks" and pay-out value of the "new sick banks".

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The County reports unavailable revenues for the County portion of delinquent property taxes and loans receivable that will be recognized as inflows of resources in the subsequent year for which it was levied or when the time requirement is met.

k. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds and notes payable are reported net of the applicable debt premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

l. Leases

The County is a lessee and lessor for various pieces of equipment and land rental.

Lessee

The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the financial statements based on the criteria dictated in GASB Statement No. 87, Leases.

At the commencement of a lease, the County determines based on the criteria dictated in GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, if the lease is a financed purchased or a lease liability. Then the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease terms.

Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease liabilities are reported with the long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

An intangible right-to use lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. The intangible right-to use lease asset is amortized on a straight on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. The intangible right to use lease asset is reported with the County capital assets in its own category called Right-to-use leased assets.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses lo discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses an estimated incremental borrowing as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease, Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statements of net position.

The County accounts for contracts containing both lease and nonlease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and nonlease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the County treats the components as a single lease unit.

Lessor

The County determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the County's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The County recognizes payments received for short term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less, including options to extend, as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the County has elected to use an incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

The County accounts for contracts containing both lease and nonlease components as separate contacts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and nonlease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the County treats the components as a single lease unit.

m. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

n. Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions Plan (OPEB)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense (revenues),

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

o. Fund Equity

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action (ordinance) of the County Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the County Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of County management. By resolution, the County Board has authorized the County Administrator and the Finance Director to assign fund balance. By practice, the County Administrator and Finance Director recommend assigned fund balances to the Finance Committee for their approval. Requests include: 1) unused funds for projects or programs that span multiple calendar years, 2) donations specifically requested to be used for veterans services, and 3) maintenance of county recreational trails.
- Unassigned fund balance Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The County considers restricted amounts to be spent first when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County will first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balances when expenditures are made.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENTS

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation
 and amortization, less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
 Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the
 acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included.
- Restricted net position Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

p. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

q. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The County adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2022, and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 31, County departments, with liaison committee approval, submit their annual budget requests to the Finance Committee of the County Board for the calendar commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by County Board action.
- c. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental and proprietary funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- d. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for governmental and proprietary funds. The County did not adopt an annual budget for the Industrial Development and revolving Loan Agency, Inc. and Public Safety Special Revenue Funds.
- e. The budget is prepared by fund and department level. The legal level of budgetary control is by appropriation unit, defined as groups of account classes within a department, including wages and benefits, operating expenses, interdepartmental charges, and capital outlay. Management can make transfers within an appropriation unit without the approval of the County Board. The amounts of the various appropriations and the purposes for such appropriations may not be changed unless authorized by two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Board, in accordance with Wis Stat. 65.90(5)(a), except that the Finance Committee may authorize expenditures, transfers, and variances without Board approval in the following circumstances:
 - Capital Outlay Reprioritizations. Upon request of a liaison committee, the Finance Committee may authorize capital outlay account expenditures for items in substitution for those budgeted, provided the expenditure does not exceed the amount budgeted for the deleted items.
 - Underfunded Appropriation Units. Upon request of a liaison committee, the Finance Committee may transfer funds between appropriation units of a department, so long as such transfers are not in excess of 10% of the funds originally provided for such department in the budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

• Contingency Account Transfers. The Finance Committee may, if approved by two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Committee, transfer funds from the Contingency Fund for underfunded or unbudgeted items of up to the lessor of \$25,000 or 10% of the Contingency Fund appropriation. All other transfers from the Contingency Fund may be made only by a majority vote of the County Board.

The County did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget Appropriations

The following expenditure accounts of the governmental funds had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2022 as follows:

1	Wages &	Operating	Interdepartmental		Interest and	Capital
	Benefits	Expenses	Charges	Principal	other charges	Outlay
General Fund						
General Government						
Treasurer			\$ 990			\$16,587
Register of Deeds			4,374			
Medical Examiner	13,318	25,543	22			
County Board			495			
Court Commissioner	531					
Clerk of Courts		110,854				
County Clerk	985		13,313			
Non-Departmental			1,127	133,128	6,268	
Corporation Counsel	1,081	1,518	9			
County Administrator	154		865			
Sheriff						
Sheriff	408,505					11,741
Health and Human Services						
Veterans Services		20	2,676			
Resources and Development						
Planning and Conservation	3,553		46,673			
UW Ext/UW Campus						
U.W. Extension			101			
U.W. Green Bay - Sheboygan Campus		14,109	2,230			
Special Revenue Funds						
Health and Human Services						
Community Programs		1,862,827				
Social Services	20,904					
Administration	25,024					
Debt Service						
Interest and other charges					185,929	
Transportation Fund						
Transportation		2,890,585				

The above excess expenditures were funded using favorable revenue variances and other favorable expenditure variances.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

1. Cash and Investments

The County maintains cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed in the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

The County maintains its own investment policy which is in accordance with Wisconsin State Statutes. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, obligations of Wisconsin governmental units, time deposits with maturities of less than three years in any financial institution in Wisconsin, the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool, any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency, securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust subject to various conditions and investment options and repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions. The County's adopted investment policy is more restrictive than the state statutes in that it limits money market funds to maturities of less than one year and corporate debt obligations to 20% of total investible assets and/or 5% of total investible assets with any one corporate issuer.

The carrying amount of the County's cash and investments totaled \$85,010,589 at December 31, 2022 as summarized below:

Petty cash funds	\$	14,640
Deposits with financial institutions		48,065,504
Investments		
Certificates of deposit		1,669,025
Federal agency securities		25,579,705
Municipal bonds		1,423,121
Wisconsin local government investment pool		8,258,594
Total	9	\$85,010,589

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$81,762,473
Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	3,248,116
Total	\$85,010,589

Deposits and investments of the County are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the specific risks and the County's policy related to the risk.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The County does not have an additional custodial credit risk policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 per official custodian per depository institution. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available.

As of December 31, 2022, \$49,373,628 of the County's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. The entire balance was collateralized with securities held by the same financial institution with which the cash was deposited.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the actual rating as of yearend for each investment type.

		Exempt		Rating as of	Year End	
		From				Not
Investment Type	Amount	Disclosure	AAA	AA	A	Rated
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	\$ 449,995					\$ 449,995
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2,793,393		2,793,393			
Federal Home Loan Bank	16,619,974		16,120,434			499,540
Federal Home Loan Mortgage						
Corp	2,398,775		2,398,775			
Federal National Mortgage						
Association	2,650,140		2,650,140			
Government National						
Mortgage Association	667,428					667,428
Certificates of Deposit	1,669,025					1,669,025
Municipal Bonds	1,423,121		607,379	815,742		
Wisconsin Local Government						
Investment Pool	8,258,594					8,258,594
Totals	\$ 36,930,445		\$ 24,570,121	\$ 815,742		\$ 11,544,582

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the County contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total County investments are as follows:

		Reported		Percent of Total
Issuer	InvestmentType		Amount	Investments
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	\$	2,793,393	7.6%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	Federal agency securities		2,398,775	6.5%
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency securities		16,619,974	45.0%
Federal National Mortgage Association	Municipal bond		2,650,140	7.2%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The County's investment portfolio is structured to provide a high total return giving consideration to risk and necessary availability of funds.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the County's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the County's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
			12 Months		13 to 24		25 to 60	N	I ore Than
Investment Type	Amount		or Less		Months		Months	6	0 Months
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	\$ 449,99	5				\$	449,995		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2,793,39	3	495,205		1,172,108		1,126,080		
Federal Home Loan Bank	16,619,97	ļ	2,708,115		1,176,125		10,997,481		1,738,253
Federal Home Loan Mortgage									
Corp	2,398,77	5	973,005		752,712		673,058		
Federal National Mortgage									
Association	2,650,14)	1,227,735		1,422,405				
Government National Mortgage									
Association	667,42	3							667,428
Certificates of Deposit	1,669,02	5	986,700		245,337		436,988		
Municipal Bonds	1,423,12		268,398		1,067,380		87,343		
Wisconsin Local Government									
Investment Pool	8,258,59	ļ	8,258,594						
Totals	\$ 36,930,44	5 \$	14,917,752	\$	5,836,067	\$	13,770,945	\$	2,405,681

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The County's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above):

	Fair Value		
Highly Senstive Instruments	at Year End		
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	\$	449,995	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		2,793,393	
Federal Home Loan Bank	16,619,97		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp		2,398,775	
Federal National Mortgage Association		2,650,140	
Government National Mortgage Association		667,428	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investment in Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool

The County has investments in the Wisconsin local government investment pool of \$8,258,594 at year-end. The Wisconsin local government investment pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2022, the fair value of the County's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:					
Investments	Level 1	Level 2 Level 3				
Federal Agency Securities		\$ 25,579,705				
Certificates of Deposit	1,669,025					
Municipal Bonds	1,423,121					
Total investments by fair value level		\$	28,671,851			

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Method
Federal Ag Mortgage Corp	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Institutional bond quotes - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal Home Loan Bank	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Federal National Mortgage Association	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Government National Mortgage Association	Mortgage backed securities pricing - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Certificates of Deposit	Institutional quotes - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
Municipal Bonds	Institutional bond quotes - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2. Property Tax Apportionments

Property taxes are apportioned annually in November to local taxing units within the County for financing state charges and the subsequent year's operations of the County. Since the November apportionment is not due from local taxing districts until February of the subsequent year, the County's apportionment is recorded as deferred inflow of resources at year-end. Property tax payments from individual property owners are due in two installments by January 31 and July 31. During the month of February, each local taxing district settles with the County for both collected and unpaid property taxes. At the February settlement, the County becomes responsible for the collection of unpaid property taxes, including unpaid property taxes returned by local taxing districts for financing their individual operations. Property taxes subsequently not paid by property owners by September 1 of the same year are considered delinquent. The delinquent taxes are then acquired by the County's general fund in accordance with state statutes in order to provide the County with a statutory lien.

Property taxes recorded on December 31, 2022 for collection in 2023 are for the following:

County apportionment

\$ 52,834,576

The above County apportionment of \$52,834,576 is for financing 2023 operations and will be transferred in 2023 from deferred inflows of resources to current revenues of the County's governmental and proprietary funds.

3. <u>Delinquent Property Taxes – General Fund</u>

Delinquent property taxes of the general fund represent unpaid property taxes on real estate, including state and local government equities therein. Under state statutes, the County annually reimburses the state and local governments for their equities in property taxes not collected from the property owner. Unless redeemed by the property owner, the County will eventually obtain tax deed ownership of the properties comprising delinquent taxes. In the past, the County has generally been able to recover its investment in delinquent taxes by sale of the tax deeded properties.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

On December 31, 2022, the County's general fund showed an investment of \$1,162,926 in delinquent tax certificates. An aging of the delinquent taxes certificates follows:

		(County		County
Year Acquired	Total	Share		Purchased	
2022	\$ 643,957	\$	156,790	\$	487,167
2021	361,628		87,876		273,752
2020	152,188		37,438		114,750
2019	2,494		621		1,873
2018	946		235		711
2017	1,328		332		996
2016	364		91		273
2015	13		3		10
2014	2		1		1
2013	2				2
2012	2				2
2011	2				2
Delinquent property taxes at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,162,926		283,387		879,539
Less 60 day collections after December 31, 2022			40,702		126,124
County Share of Taxes			242,685		
Interest accrued			329,844		
Deferred Inflow of Resources		\$	572,529		
Nonspendable Fund Balance (purchased equities of state				=	
and local governments)				\$	753,415

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

4. Loans Receivable – General Fund

The County's general fund has the following loans receivable detailed as follows:

\$72,609 issued 12/15/2016 to the Bay-Lake Regional Planning Commission. \$8,311 due annually through 2026, interest 3.0%. \$ 30,892 \$1,295,500 issued 12/12/2017 to Tecumseh Products Company. Approximately \$37,705 due quarterly through 2027, interest adjusted quarterly to the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate 685,579

Total Outstanding Loans Receivable \$ 716,471

Annual principal and interest maturities of the above outstanding loans receivable of \$716,471 are detailed below:

Year Ended			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$134,610	\$24,521	\$159,131
2024	139,577	19,554	159,131
2025	144,758	14,373	159,131
2026	150,132	8,999	159,131
2027	147,394	3,425	150,819
	\$716,471	\$70,872	\$910,809

5. Leases Receivable – General Fund

The County, acting as the lessor, leases cell tower and grounds as well as land for hangars under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2064. The agreements do not include stated interest rates therefore, the County has elected to use an incremental borrowing rate ranging between 0.24% and 2.85% based on factors including the length of the agreement and lease end date to calculate the present value of expected lease payments. During the year ended December 31, 2022 the County recognized \$193,006 and \$24,815 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Total lease payments to be received under the terms of the lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ended					
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$193,371	\$26,006	\$219,230		
2024	188,410	24,058	212,467		
2025	155,151	22,098	177,250		
2026	153,706	20,266	173,972		
2027	126,409	18,511	144,920		
2028 - 2032	557,552	68,839	626,391		
2033 - 2037	430,002	31,615	461,617		
2038 - 2042	104,753	10,260	115,013		
2043 - 2047	37,318	5,726	43,044		
2048 - 2052	25,857	2,759	28,616		
2053 - 2057	8,086	1,364	9,450		
2058 - 2062	8,819	631	9,450		
2064	1,857	33	1,890		
	\$1,991,291	\$232,166	\$2,223,310		

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance					Ending		
	Restated *		Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated and amortized								
Land	\$	16,855,098	\$	44,400	\$	17,711	\$	16,881,787
Construction in progress		3,422,840	17,	,900,600	12	,592,192		8,731,248
Intangible Assets		214,239						214,239
Total capital assets, not being depreciated and amortized		20,492,177	17.	,945,000	12	,609,903		25,827,274
Capital assets, being depreciated and amortized		,,,,,-,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Buildings		94,223,757		665,948		168,560		94,721,145
Improvements other than buildings		14,421,707		262,464				14,684,171
Infrastructure		159,754,525 9,882,		,882,579	9 666,932			168,970,172
Machinery and equipment		25,329,974	2,	,278,247	299,679			27,308,542
Office furniture and equipment		24,402,048		131,987		7,806		24,526,229
Vehicles		16,707,883		577,721		561,501		16,724,103
Right-to-Use Assets Infrastructure		1,197,056						1,197,056
Right-to-Use Assets Equipment		95,046		38,806				133,852
Subtotals		336,131,996	13,	,837,752	1	,704,478	3	348,265,270
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:								
Buildings		(55,887,987)	(2,	,407,989)				(58,295,976)
Improvements other than buildings		(10,024,415)	((322,518)				(10,346,933)
Infrastructure		(79,366,121)	(6,	,363,425)		666,932		(85,062,614)
Machinery and equipment		(13,767,738)	(1,	,155,121)		239,710		(14,683,149)
Office furniture and equipment		(16,875,288)	(1,	,451,183)		7,806		(18,318,665)
Vehicles		(10,088,492)	(1,	,110,373)		497,597		(10,701,268)
Right-to-Use Assets Infrastructure			((114,518)				(114,518)
Right-to-Use Assets Equipment				(34,046)				(34,046)
Subtotals		(186,010,041)	(12,	,959,173)	1	,412,045	(1	197,557,169)
Total capital assets, being depreciated and amortized, net		150,121,955		878,579		292,433	1	150,708,101
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	170,614,132	\$ 18,	,823,579	\$ 12	,902,336		176,535,375
Less related long-term debt outstanding								22,938,124
Net investment in capital assets						•	\$ 1	153,597,251

Right-to-Use Infrastructure is the leased communication tower space *Due to the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Beginning	_		Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 31,750			\$ 31,750
Construction in progress	48,540		48,540	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	80,290		48,540	31,750
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	16,168,710	1,810,328		17,979,038
Improvements other than buildings	701,148			701,148
Infrastructure	32,540			32,540
Machinery and equipment	5,218,230	1,580	32,333	5,187,477
Office furniture and equipment	1,178,803	74,552		1,253,355
Vehicles	140,915			140,915
Subtotals	23,440,346	1,886,460	32,333	25,294,473
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(10,724,411)	(426,887)		(11,151,298)
Improvements other than buildings	(538,170)	(26,379)		(564,549)
Infrastructure	(2,169)			(2,169)
Machinery and equipment	(4,143,649)	(129,213)	32,333	(4,240,529)
Office furniture and equipment	(907,240)	(50,238)		(957,478)
Vehicles	(138,674)	(2,238)		(140,912)
Subtotals	(16,454,313)	(634,955)	32,333	(17,056,935)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,986,033	1,251,505		8,237,538
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,066,323	\$ 1,251,505	\$ 48,540	8,269,288
Less related long-term debt outstanding				=
Investment in capital assets				\$ 8,269,288
1				

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:

,218,535
,288,257
,386,897
138,893
216,432
<u>332,348</u>
,581,362
<u>,377,811</u>
<u>,959,173</u>
•

Business-type activities:

Rocky Knoll <u>\$ 634,955</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Construction Commitment

The County has several unfinished construction projects in progress as of December 31, 2022. Major projects include reconstructing/extending Taxiways A & B at the Sheboygan County Airport and the replacement of the County Highway Department's asphalt plant. A combination of general obligation bonds, Federal and State Agencies, and fund balance are financing these projects.

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances are temporary cash advances to finance operating cash between individual funds of the County.

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the County, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2022 are detailed below:

]	Interfund	Interfund
	R	Receivables	Payables
Temporary Cash Advances to Finance Operating Cash			
Deficits of Other Funds			
General Fund	\$	1,989,356	
Public Health and Human Services			1,989,356
Totals	\$	1,989,356	\$ 1,989,356

Interfund transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Transfer to:						
		Public Health			Enterprise	Governmental	
	General	and Human	Debt	Capital	Fund	Activities - Internal	
	Fund	Services	Service	Projects	Rocky Knoll	Service Funds	Total
Transfers from:							
General Fund		\$ 70,036		\$ 312,727	\$ 1,085,263	\$ 67,010	\$ 1,535,036
Public Health and							
Human Services	1,753,796						1,753,796
Transportation Fund			1,000,000	2,550,000		1,700,100	5,250,100
Enterprise Fund Rocky Knoll				483,730			483,730
Governmental Activities -							
Internal Service Funds				959,939			959,939
	\$ 1,753,796	\$ 70,036	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 4,306,396	\$ 1,085,263	\$ 1,767,110	\$ 9,982,601

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

8. <u>Long-term Obligations</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the County for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	C	Outstanding						
	Restated *				C	Outstanding	D	ue Within
		1/1/2022	Issued	Retired		12/31/2022		One Year
Governmental activities:								
General obligation debt								
Bonds	\$	4,063,000	\$	\$ 2,023,000	\$	2,040,000	\$	2,040,000
Notes		19,095,000	7,195,000	3,605,000		22,685,000		3,690,000
Total general obligation debt		23,158,000	7,195,000	5,628,000		24,725,000		5,730,000
Bond premiums		685,357	630,426	285,296		1,030,487		285,746
Lease Liabilities		1,292,102	38,807	133,128		1,197,781		137,211
Compensated absences		5,700,405	4,544,240	4,789,465		5,455,180		256,768
Governmental activities long-term obligations	\$	30,835,864	\$ 12,408,473	\$ 10,835,889	\$	32,408,448	\$	6,409,725
Business-type activities:								
Compensated absences	\$	569,130	\$ 641,317	\$ 648,263	\$	562,184	\$	23,923

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$693,924.

^{*}Due to the implementation of GASB 87 - Leases

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Amount
Refunding bonds:	
\$4,163,000 - Series 2020, due May 1, 2023; interest 1.02% to 1.11%	\$ 2,040,000
Notes:	
\$9,500,000 - Series 2015, various amounts due through May 1, 2025; interest 2% to 3%	3,820,000
\$10,000,000 - Series 2017, various amounts due through May 1, 2027; interest 2% to 3%	5,250,000
\$6,680,000 - Series 2018, various amounts due through May 1, 2027; interest 3% to 4%	3,470,000
\$4,750,000 - Series 2020, various amounts due through May 1, 2030; interest 2% to 3%	2,950,000
\$7,195,000 - Series 2022, various amounts due through May 1, 2031; interest 2% to 3%	7,195,000
	22,685,000
Total outstanding general obligation debt	\$ 24,725,000

The annual principal and interest payments on general obligation debt as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities				
December 31	Principal			Interest	
2023	\$	5,730,000	\$	676,851	
2024		4,160,000		542,075	
2025		4,150,000		406,025	
2026		2,935,000		296,150	
2027		3,020,000		205,688	
2028		1,220,000		136,575	
2029		1,265,000		90,700	
2030		1,310,000		47,700	
2031		935,000		14,025	
	\$	24,725,000	\$	2,415,789	

Estimated payments of compensated absences and other post-employment benefits liability are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability and other post-employment benefits liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund and public health and humans services fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Legal Margin for New Debt

The County's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2022 was \$612,705,765 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the County	\$ 12,748,615,300
Statutory limitation percentage	(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	637,430,765
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	<u>\$ 24,725,000</u>
Legal Margin for New Debt	\$ 612,705,765

9. Leases Payable

The County leases various pieces of machinery and equipment and space usage for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2037.

Total principal and interest costs for such leases for governmental funds were \$133,128 and \$5,782 respectively for the year ended December 31, 2022. The future minimum lease payments for these agreements are as follows:

Year Ended			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$137,211	\$7,939	\$145,150
2024	138,582	7,012	145,594
2025	126,430	6,089	132,519
2026	101,989	5,219	107,208
2027	100,804	4,496	105,300
2028 - 2032	403,759	12,788	416,547
2033 - 2037	189,006	3,289	192,295
	44.407.704	4.5022	4.24.512
-	\$1,197,781	\$46,832	\$1,244,613

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are as follows:

Governmental Activities
\$1,197,056
133,852
148,564
\$1,182,344

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

10. Fund Equity

The County has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a general fund unassigned fund balance of 5% to 10% of total county expenditures, less capital project and transportation fund expenditures. The general fund unassigned fund balance at year end was \$27,701,922 or 17.16% of 2023 anticipated expenditures. County policy also indicates that the general fund unassigned fund balance be maintained at a minimum of 15% and a maximum of 30% of total governmental fund expenditures less capital project and transportation fund expenditures. The general fund unassigned fund balance at year end was 29.61% of the total governmental fund expenditures (excluding capital project and transportation fund expenditures).

Fund Statements

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are nonspendable because amounts are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or legally or contractually required to remain intact.

General Fund
Nonspendable
Prepaids and other items
Delinquent property taxes

\$190,596 <u>753,415</u> \$ 944,011

Also, in the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are restricted by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. At December 31, 2022 fund balance was restricted as follows:

General Fund Restricted

 Jail assessment fees
 \$217,776

 Land record fees
 340,765

 Opioid Settlements
 466,905

 Total
 \$1,025,446

Debt Service Fund Restricted

Debt Service \$ 468,048

Capital Project Fund Restricted

Capital Projects <u>\$ 3,286,077</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Transportation

Also, in the fund financial statements portions of governmental fund balances are committed by County Board action. At December 31, 2022 fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fund	
Committed	
UW Extension funds	\$ 37,652
County airport funds	131,354
Planning and conservation programs	<u>35,305</u>
Total	<u>\$ 204,311</u>
Transportation Fund	
Committed	

Also, in the fund financial statements portions of governmental fund balances are assigned by County Board action. At December 31, 2022 fund balance was assigned as follows:

\$ 5,688,936

General Fund	
Assigned	
Subsequent years' expenditures	\$ 599,410
Veterans Services programs	13,912
Planning and conservation programs	148,343
Employee picnic expenditures	5,436
Compensated absences	3,823,049
Total	\$ 4,590,151
Public Health and Human Services –	
Assigned	
Public health and human services programs	\$ 550,288
Capital Projects Fund	
Assigned	
Capital Projects funds	\$ 2,160,048
Public Safety Fund	
Assigned	
Sheriff equipment funds	\$ 93,927
	
Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Fund Agency, Inc.	
Assigned	
Community development	<u>\$ 306,404</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

11. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/16), are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Core Fund	Variable Fund
Adjustment(%)	Adjustment (%)
(7.0)	(7)
(9.6)	9
4.7	25
2.9	2
0.5	(5)
2.0	4
2.4	17
0.0	(10)
1.7	21.0
5.1	13.0
	Adjustment(%) (7.0) (9.6) 4.7 2.9 0.5 2.0 2.4 0.0 1.7

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ending December 31, 2022, the WRS recognized \$3,263,550 in contributions from the County.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,		
Executives and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.40%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the County reported an asset of \$22,906,905 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.28419830%, which was a decrease of 0.00419060% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized pension revenue of \$1,991,268.

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of		Deferred Inflow of			
		Resources		Resources Resou		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	37,004,947	\$	2,668,456		
Net differences between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments				51,244,653		
Changes in assumptions		4,273,645				
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions		15,193		32,331		
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		3,263,550				
Total	\$	44,557,335	\$	53,945,441		

\$3,263,550 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Expense
2023	\$ 1,079,845
2024	6,214,328
2025	2,733,834
2026	2,623,648
Total	\$ 12,651,655

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset) December 31, 2021

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%
Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments* 1.7%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

		Long-Term	Long-Term
Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset	Expected Nominal	Expected Real
	Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25%	4.3%	1.8%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19%	2.7%	0.2%
Real Estate	7%	5.6%	3.0%
Private Equity/Debt	12%	9.7%	7.0%
Cash	<u>(15%)</u>	0.9%	N/A
Total Core Fund	<u>115%</u>	6.6%	4.0%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.3%	3.7%
International Equities	<u>30%</u>	7.2%	4.6%
Total Variable Fund	<u>100%</u>	6.8%	4.2%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations. New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.00% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.80% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease to		Current	1% Increase to
]	Discount Rate	Γ	iscount Rate	Discount Rate
		(5.80%)		(6.80%)	(7.80%)
County's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	16,254,073	\$	(22,906,905)	\$ (51,095,524)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payable to the WRS

At December 31, 2022 the County reported a payable of \$737,343 for the outstanding amount of contribution to the plan required for the year ended December 31, 2022.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type Employer Contribution
50% Post-retirement coverage 40% of employee contribution
25% Post-retirement coverage 20% of employee contribution

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021 are listed below:

	Life Insurance				
Member Contribution Rates					
For the	e Year Ended December	31, 2021			
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental			
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05			
30 - 34	0.06	0.06			
35 - 39	0.07	0.07			
40 - 44	0.08	0.08			
45 - 49	0.12	0.12			
50 - 54	0.22	0.22			
55 - 59	0.39	0.39			
60 - 64	0.49	0.49			
65 - 69	0.57	0.57			

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the LRLIF recognized \$17,624 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$5,089,236 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.86106900%, which was an increase of 0.02704300% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$663,251.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of		Defer	Deferred Inflow of	
	R	Resources	R	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	258,887	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		66,215			
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,537,634		246,678	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
employer contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions		162,983		100,598	
Total	\$	1,766,832	\$	606,163	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	Expense
2023	\$ 253,105
2024	245,423
2025	224,896
2026	280,752
2027	141,218
Thereafter	15,275
	\$ 1,160,669

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial valuation date: January 1, 2021

Measurement date of net OPEB liability (asset): December 31, 2021

January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2020,

Experience Study: Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal

20 year tax-exempt municipal bond yield: 2.06% Long-term expected rate of return: 4.25% Discount rate: 2.17%

Salary increases:

Wage Inflation 3.00% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability change from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total OPEB liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

			Long-Term Expected
		Target	Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Return %
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interm Credit	45%	1.68%
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Long Credit	5%	1.82%
U.S. Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50%	1.94%
Inflation	· ·		2.30%
Long-term expected rate of return			4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (1.17%)	Current Discount Rate (2.17%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (3.17%)
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 6,904,259	\$ 5,089,236	\$ 3,723,506

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2022, the County reported no payable for the outstanding amount of contribution to the Plan required for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE D - OTHER INFORMATION

1. Risk Management

The County maintains an insurance program to safeguard its financial security by protecting its human, financial and property assets from the adverse impact of loss. Various techniques and programs are utilized to reduce the possibility of a loss from occurring and manage the adverse consequences should an event occur resulting in a loss, including safety and loss control practices, contractual risk transfer, self-insurance funding and the purchase of insurance.

Public Entity Risk Pool

During 1987, the County together with other counties in the State of Wisconsin, created the Wisconsin County Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WCMIC), to provide liability insurance to its members. WCMIC also provides bodily and personal injury, and errors and omissions coverage for the County. WCMIC is governed by one entity-one vote and includes counties of varying size. Only member entities participate in governing WCMIC. The actuary for WCMIC determines the charge per \$1,000 of ratable governmental expenditures required to pay the expected losses and loss adjustment expenses on which premiums are based. A separate financial report is issued by WCMIC. The County's self-insured retention limit is \$250,000 aggregate.

Claims Liability - WCMIC	2021	2022
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 157,673	\$ 216,637
Current year claims and changes in estimates	154,303	(41,522)
Claim payments	 (95,339)	(89,167)
Liability, end of year	\$ 216,637	\$ 85,948

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Self-Insurance – Worker's Compensation</u>

The County has also established a program for worker's compensation. All funds of the County participate in this program. Worker's Compensation is part of the Insurance Internal Service Fund and is maintained to provide for self-insured worker's compensation insurance coverage and employee safety and loss control programs. The County contracts with a third party claims administrator for the purpose of adjudicating worker's compensation claims. The County's excess insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$500,000. Settled claims have not exceeded the \$500,000 in any of the past four years. Costs associated with the worker's compensation program are billed to other County departments based on actual wages and include amounts necessary to fund current and prior year claims to be paid in the current year and in the future.

A liability for a claim is established if claim information indicates that it is probable that the liability may have future estimable claims at the date of the financial statements. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported.

Claims Liability - Worker's Compensation	2021	2022
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 317,117	\$ 374,126
Current year claims and changes in estimates	345,698	425,831
Claim payments	 (288,689)	(349,550)
Liability, end of year	\$ 374,126	\$ 450,407

Self-Funded Dental Insurance Program

The County has a self-insured dental benefit plan for its employees. The plan administrator, Delta Dental, is responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which they bill the County for reimbursement. The County is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The plan reports on a calendar year ending December 31, 2022.

At December 31, 2022, the County has reported a liability of which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before December 31, 2022, but were not paid by the County as of that date. The amounts not reported to the County were determined by the plan administrator. Changes in the claims liability for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Claims Liability - Dental	2021	2022
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	691,539	680,337
Claim payments	(691,539)	(680,337)
Liability, end of year	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plans, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Contributions to these plans are entirely from employee voluntary contributions. The County makes no employer contributions to these plans.

2. Contingencies

- a. The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.
- b. From time to time, the County is party to other various pending claims and legal proceeding. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position or results of operation.

3. Tax Levy Limit

Wisconsin Act 25 imposed a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties for a two-year period effective July 27, 2005. Subsequent legislation has extended the levy limit through 2022. The current law limits the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the percentage change in the County's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the County for the 2023 budget was 1.41%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, the Act allows the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Measurement Periods

						Proportionate	
						share of the net	Plan fiduciary net
		1	Proportionate			pension liability	position as a
	Proportion of the	sh	nare of the net			(asset) as a	percentage of the
Measurement	net pension	pe	ension liability	C	overed payroll	percentage of	total pension
Period ending	liability (asset)		(asset)		(plan year)	covered payroll	liability (asset)
12/31/2014	0.292189%	\$	7,176,953	\$	38,151,964	18.81%	102.74%
12/31/2015	0.288107%	\$	4,681,689	\$	38,308,649	12.22%	98.20%
12/31/2016	0.286855%	\$	2,364,373	\$	39,654,337	5.96%	99.12%
12/31/2017	0.288705%	\$	(8,571,981)	\$	40,662,447	21.08%	102.93%
12/31/2018	0.289871%	\$	10,312,713	\$	41,022,625	25.14%	96.45%
12/31/2019	0.288716%	\$	(9,309,530)	\$	42,469,129	21.92%	102.96%
12/31/2020	0.288389%	\$	(18,004,518)	\$	44,602,607	40.37%	105.26%
12/31/2021	0.284198%	\$	(22,906,905)	\$	43,409,405	52.77%	106.02%

Schedule of Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

			_	ontributions in elation to the					
	(Contractually	C	contractually					Contributions as a
County Fiscal		required		required	Co	ontribution	Co	overed payroll	percentage of
year ending	С	ontributions	c	ontributions	defici	ency (excess)	((fiscal year)	covered payroll
12/31/2015	\$	2,740,719	\$	2,740,719	\$	-	\$	38,308,649	7.15%
12/31/2016	\$	2,756,258	\$	2,756,258	\$	-	\$	39,654,337	6.95%
12/31/2017	\$	2,962,039	\$	2,962,039	\$	-	\$	40,662,447	7.28%
12/31/2018	\$	2,982,459	\$	2,982,459	\$	-	\$	41,022,625	7.27%
12/31/2019	\$	2,994,797	\$	2,994,797	\$	-	\$	42,469,129	7.05%
12/31/2020	\$	3,186,911	\$	3,186,911	\$	-	\$	44,602,607	7.15%
12/31/2021	\$	3,220,199	\$	3,220,199	\$	-	\$	43,409,405	7.42%
12/31/2022	\$	3,263,550	\$	3,263,550	\$	-	\$	45,088,902	7.24%

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Measurement Periods

						Proportionate	Plan fiduciary net
						share of the net	position as a
]	Proportionate			OPEB liability as a	percentage of the
Measurement	Proportion of the	sl	hare of the net			percentage of	total OPEB
Period ending	net OPEB liability	(OPEB liability	Co	overed payroll	covered payroll	liability
12/31/2017	0.850657%	\$	2,559,269	\$	35,772,560	7.15%	44.81%
12/31/2018	0.856778%	\$	2,210,776	\$	33,637,000	6.57%	48.69%
12/31/2019	0.806312%	\$	3,433,433	\$	34,924,000	9.83%	37.58%
12/31/2020	0.834026%	\$	4,587,745	\$	35,334,000	12.98%	31.36%
12/31/2021	0.861069%	\$	5,089,236	\$	36,220,000	14.05%	29.57%

Schedule of Contributions Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contributions in

	C	ontractually		lation to the ontractually					Contributions as a	
Fiscal year		required		required	C	Contribution	Co	overed payroll	percentage of	
ending	co	ontributions	co	ontributions	defic	iency (excess)	((fiscal year)	covered payroll	
									-	
12/31/2018	\$	16,351	\$	16,351	\$	-	\$	33,637,000	0.05%	
12/31/2019	\$	16,507	\$	16,507	\$	-	\$	34,924,000	0.05%	
12/31/2020	\$	14,576	\$	14,576	\$	-	\$	35,334,000	0.04%	
12/31/2021	\$	16,631	\$	16,631	\$	-	\$	36,220,000	0.05%	
12/31/2022	\$	17,624	\$	17,624	\$	-	\$	45,088,902	0.04%	

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 – WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The County is required to present the last ten years of financial data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten years fiscal are presented.

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

NOTE 2 – LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LFRIF)

The County implemented GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

Benefit Terms: There were no recent changes in benefit terms.

Assumptions: In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Public Safety – To account for donation and certain asset sales restricted for public safety improvements.

Sheboygan County Industrial Development and Revolving Loan Fund Agency, Inc. – To carry out a revolving loan fund program supporting economic development for Sheboygan County and other purposes approved by the members and directors.

Combining Balance Sheet NonMajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

		Special Re	evenu	e Funds		
			I	ndustrial		
			D	evelopment	To	tal NonMajor
		Public	an	d Revolving	G	overnmental
		Safety	Loar	Agency, Inc.		Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	93,927	\$	306,404	\$	400,331
Receivables						
Loans				624,697		624,697
Total Assets		93,927		931,101		1,025,028
Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Loans receivable	\$		\$	624,697	\$	624,697
Fund Balances						
Assigned		93,927		306,404		400,331
T-4-1 D-f J Ifl C D J						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and	ф	02.627	ф	021 101	ф	1.025.020
Fund Balances	\$	93,927	\$	931,101	\$	1,025,028

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - NonMajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Special Re	evenue Funds	
			Industrial	
			Development	Total NonMajor
		Public	and Revolving	Governmental
		Safety	Loan Agency, Inc.	Funds
Revenues	<u>-</u>		-	
Miscellaneous	\$	42,984	\$ 116,889	\$ 159,873
Expenditures				
Current: General government			139,092	139,092
Sheriff		46,909	10,,0,2	46,909
Total Expenditures		46,909	139,092	186,001
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(3,925)	(22,203)	(26,128)
Net change in fund balances		(3,925)	(22,203)	(26,128)
Fund balances, January 1		97,852	328,607	426,459
Fund balances, December 31	\$	93,927	\$ 306,404	\$ 400,331

Debt Service Fund

Debt	t Service fu	nds accou	nt for the	accumulation	1 01	f resources	for t	the	payment o	of ge	eneral	long-term	debt
princ	cipal, intere	st, and rela	ated costs										

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Debt Service

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	l Ar	nounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Ü				, 8 /
Property taxes	\$ 5,001,945	\$	5,001,945	\$ 5,001,945	\$
Expenditures					
Debt service					
Principal	5,628,000		5,628,000	5,628,000	
Interest and other charges	 619,595		619,595	805,524	(185,929)
Total Expenditures	 6,247,595		6,247,595	6,433,524	(185,929)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (1,245,650)		(1,245,650)	(1,431,579)	(185,929)
Other Financing Sources					
Premium on long-term debt issued				630,426	630,426
Transfer in	 1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total Other Financing Sources	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,630,426	630,426
Net Change in Fund Balance	(245,650)		(245,650)	198,847	444,497
Fund balance, January 1	269,201		269,201	269,201	
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 23,551	\$	23,551	\$ 468,048	\$ 444,497

Capital Project Funds

Capital	project	funds	are	used	to	account	for	financial	resources	to	be	used	for	the	acquisition	and
constru	ction of	major o	capit	al fac	iliti	es.										

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Capital Projects

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	\$ 1,487,841	\$ 1,487,841
Miscellaneous	317,127	317,127	173,126	(144,001)
Total Revenues	317,127	317,127	1,660,967	1,343,840
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	10,608,894	10,608,894	7,471,416	3,137,478
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(10,291,767)	(10,291,767)	(5,810,449)	4,481,318
Other Financing Sources				
General obligation debt issued	5,338,423	5,338,423	7,195,000	1,856,577
Transfer in	4,232,965	4,232,965	4,306,396	73,431
Total Other Financing Sources	9,571,388	9,571,388	11,501,396	1,930,008
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, January 1	(720,379) (244,822)	(720,379) (244,822)	5,690,947 (244,822)	6,411,326
Fund balance, December 31	\$ (965,201)		, , ,	\$ 6,411,326

Transportation Fund

The transportation fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation related capital facilities and related assets.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WI

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Transportation

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

						,	Variance With	
	Budgeted Amounts						Final Budget	
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Other taxes	\$	9,548,030	\$	9,548,030	\$	13,498,250	\$	3,950,220
Expenditures								
Transportation		9,495,000		9,495,000		12,385,585		(2,890,585)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		53,030		53,030		1,112,665		1,059,635
Other Financing Uses								
Transfer out		(5,250,100)		(5,250,100)		(5,250,100)		
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, January 1		(5,197,070) 9,826,371		(5,197,070) 9,826,371		(4,137,435) 9,826,371		1,059,635
Fund balance, December 31	\$	4,629,301	\$	4,629,301	\$	5,688,936	\$	1,059,635

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Employee Benefits & Insurance – To account for costs associated with the County's self-insured employee benefits and property insurance funds.

Information Technology & Printing – To account for costs associated with providing hardware, software and printing services to other county departments and other governments.

Highway – To account for costs associated with providing street and highway maintenance to other governments and maintenance of county parking lots and recreational trails.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2022

	Governm	ental Activities	- Internal Ser	vice Funds
	Employee	Information		
	Benefits &	Technology &		
	Insurance	Printing	Highway	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,490,329	\$ 825,724	\$ 3,973,539	\$ 10,289,592
Receivables				
Taxes			1,484,354	1,484,354
Accounts (net)	9,134	17,576	1,028,297	1,055,007
Due from other governments		3,700	1,225,714	1,229,414
Prepaids and other items	322,471	352,799	2,920,835	3,596,105
Total Current Assets	5,821,934	1,199,799	10,632,739	17,654,472
Noncurrent assets				
Other noncurrent assets				
Net pension asset		277,834	2,791,582	3,069,416
Capital assets, nondepreciable				
Land			5,681,377	5,681,377
Capital assets, depreciable				
Buildings		248,291	19,171,633	19,419,924
Land improvements		35,701	1,723,050	1,758,751
Infrastructure			715,471	715,471
Machinery and equipment	5,700	189,702	19,524,882	19,720,284
Office furniture and equipment		5,794,757	342,263	6,137,020
Vehicles			12,470,506	12,470,506
Less Accumulated depreciation	(5,700)	(5,165,621)	(22,660,643)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	(-)/	1,380,664	39,760,121	41,140,785
Total Assets	5,821,934	2,580,463	50,392,860	58,795,257
Total Assets	3,021,734	2,360,403	30,372,000	36,773,237
D.C. 10.49 CD				
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to pension		539,355	5,413,778	5,953,133
Other postemployment benefit related amounts		21,430	215,317	236,747
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		560,785	5,629,095	6,189,880
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	13,264		498,120	511,384
Accrued and other current liabilities	717,253		36,000	753,253
Accrued compensation	,	25,491	381,029	406,520
Current maturities of long-term obligations			11,357	11,357
Total Current Liabilities	730,517	25,491	926,506	1,682,514
Noncurrent liabilities	730,317	23,491	920,300	1,002,314
		82,564	752 612	835,177
Long-term obligations			752,613	681,933
Other postemployment benefits liability		61,726	620,207	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	720 517	144,290	1,372,820	1,517,110
Total Liabilities	730,517	169,781	2,299,326	3,199,624
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes levied for subsequent year			1 494 254	1 494 254
1 3		654.205	1,484,354	1,484,354
Deferred inflows related to pension		654,295	6,574,137	7,228,432
Other postemployment benefit related amounts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,352	73,871	81,223
Total Deterred limows of Resources		661,647	8,132,362	8,794,009
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets		1,102,830	36,968,539	38,071,369
Restricted for		1,102,030	30,506,339	30,071,309
Pension benefits		277,834	2,791,582	3,069,416
Unrestricted	5,091,417			
•		929,156	5,830,146	11,850,719
Total Net Position	\$ 5,091,417	\$ 2,309,820	\$ 45,590,267	\$ 52,991,504

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Govern	mental Activities	- Internal Ser	vice Funds
	Employee Benefits & Insurance	Information Technology & Printing	Highway	Total
Operating Revenues		,	<u> </u>	
Charges for services	\$ 16,437,429	\$ 2,511,731	\$ 21,843,281	\$ 40,792,441
Miscellaneous operating revenue	184,101	867	37,797	222,765
Total Operating Revenues	16,621,530	2,512,598	21,881,078	41,015,206
Operating Expenses				
Operation and maintenance	16,231,248	2,303,510	24,851,849	43,386,607
Depreciation		247,180	2,130,631	2,377,811
Total Operating Expenses	16,231,248	2,550,690	26,982,480	45,764,418
Operating Income (Loss)	390,282	(38,092)	(5,101,402)	(4,749,212)
Nonoperating revenues				
Intergovernmental revenues		3,450	3,657,996	3,661,446
Property tax appropriation			1,501,012	1,501,012
Rental income	69,180		10,450	79,630
Gain on disposal of capital assets			53,608	53,608
Total nonoperating revenues	69,180	3,450	5,223,066	5,295,696
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	459,462	(34,642)	121,664	546,484
Capital contributions - County		16,554		16,554
Transfers In		34,618	1,732,492	1,767,110
Transfers Out		(209,939)	(750,000)	(959,939)
Change in net position	459,462	(193,409)	1,104,156	1,370,209
Net Position - January 1	4,631,955	2,503,229	44,486,111	51,621,295
Net Position - December 31	\$ 5,091,417	\$ 2,309,820	\$ 45,590,267	\$ 52,991,504

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Governme	ental Activities	- Internal Serv	ice Funds
	Employee	Information		
	Benefits &	Technology &		
	Insurance	Printing	Highway	Total
Cash flows from				
operating activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	\$	\$ 9,336,542	\$ 9,336,542
Receipts from interfund services provided	13,785,928	2,499,132	11,241,562	27,526,622
Other operating cash receipts	2,835,913	867	146,497	2,983,277
Payments to suppliers	(911,434)	(1,643,272)	(16,128,889)	(18,683,595)
Payments for wages and benefits	(15,101,482)	(669,217)	(6,451,237)	(22,221,936)
Payments for interfund services used	(63,238)	(145,950)	(2,332,769)	(2,541,957)
Net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities	545,687	41,560	(4,188,294)	(3,601,047)
Cash flows from noncapital				
financing activities				
Intergovernmental revenues		3,450	3,657,996	3,661,446
Property tax appropriation received			1,501,012	1,501,012
Rental income	69,180		10,450	79,630
Transfer in		34,618	1,732,492	1,767,110
Transfer out		(209,939)	(750,000)	(959,939)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	69,180	(171,871)	6,151,950	6,049,259
Cash flows from capital and				
related financing activities				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			157,173	157,173
Purchases of capital assets			(2,010,845)	(2,010,845)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities			(1,853,672)	(1,853,672)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	614,867	(130,311)	109,984	594,540
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	4,875,462	956,035	3,863,555	9,695,052
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 5,490,329	\$ 825,724	\$ 3,973,539	\$ 10,289,592

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Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Governme	ent	al Activities	- Internal Serv	ice Funds
	E	mployee	_	nformation		
		enefits &	Te	echnology &		
	Ir	isurance		Printing	Highway	Total
				-	-	
Reconciliation of operating loss						
to net cash provided (used)						
by operating activites:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	390,282	\$	(38,092)	\$ (5,101,402)	\$ (4,749,212)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided (used)						
by operating activites:						
Depreciation (net of amortization)				247,180	2,130,631	2,377,811
Change in WRS pension related liabilities (assets)				(60,945)	(595,860)	(656,805)
Change in WRS pension related deferred outflows				(182,566)	(1,798,115)	(1,980,681)
Change in WRS pension related deferred inflows				179,160	1,764,012	1,943,172
Change in other post employment benefit related liabilities (assets)				6,462	60,713	67,175
Change in other post employment benefit related deferred outflows				1,925	21,134	23,059
Change in other post employment benefit related deferred inflows				(611)	(6,747)	(7,358)
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		311		(13,010)	(996,795)	(1,009,494)
Due from other governments				411	(195,682)	(195,271)
Prepaids and other items		165,295		(102,368)	(299,272)	(236,345)
Accounts payable and						
accrued expenses		(84,631)			478,351	393,720
Accrued compensation				(1,654)	308,803	307,149
Accrued compensated absences				5,668	41,935	47,603
Accrued insurance		74,430				74,430
Net cash provided (used) by operating						
activities	\$	545,687	\$	41,560	\$ (4,188,294)	\$ (3,601,047)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities						
Contribution of capital assets - County			\$	16,554		\$ 16,554

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Fiduciary Funds

Clerk of Courts – To account for the receipt and disbursement of court-ordered payments to third parties.

Register of Deeds – To account for the receipt and disbursement of state mandated fees.

Rocky Knoll Patient – To account for funds deposited by patients and disbursed on their behalf at the Rocky Knoll Health Care Center.

Sheriff General - To account for the receipt and disbursement of fees collected for third parties.

Sheriff Inmate – To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for persons incarcerated in the County jail and eligible for the Huber Law program.

Taxes – To account for collection and payment of funds deposited with the County Treasurer for payment of taxes and special assessments to other governmental units.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

			Decembe	1 0	1, 2022						
	Taxes, Specials, & Mis	c	Sheriff General		Sheriff Inmate	Clerk of Court	I	Rocky Knoll Patient	Register of Deeds	Cus	Total Other todial Funds
Assets											
Cash & Investments	\$ 26,133	\$	947	\$	79,881	\$ 2,990,907	\$	36,867	\$ 113,381	\$	3,248,116
Tax Receivable For Other Governments	62,391										62,391
Special certificates	149,352										149,352
Total Assets	237,876		947		79,881	2,990,907		36,867	113,381		3,459,859
Liabilities											
Due to Other Governments	78,466					213,536			113,381		405,383
Total Liabilities	78,466					213,536			113,381		405,383
Net Position											
Restricted for:											
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	159,410	1	947		79,881	2,777,371		36,867			3,054,476
Total Net Position	\$ 159,410	\$	947	\$	79,881	\$ 2,777,371	\$	36,867	\$	\$	3,054,476

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	ror t	ne year ended	December 31,	202	22					Total
	Taxes, Specials, & Misc	Sheriff General	Sheriff Inmate		Clerk of Court	F	Rocky Knoll Patient	Register of Deeds	Cus	Other todial Funds
Additions										
Contributions										
Individuals			\$ 2,000,065	\$	3,033,021	\$	241,334		\$	5,274,420
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	62,391									62,391
Special Certificate Collections for Other Governments	72,317									72,317
Fee collections and other items		288,074						2,034,951		2,323,025
Total Additions	134,708	288,074	2,000,065		3,033,021		241,334	2,034,951		7,732,153
Deductions										
Beneficiary Payments to Individuals	600		2,010,857				240,003			2,251,460
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	108,408									108,408
Payments of Special Certificates to Other Governments	81,285									81,285
Payments to Other Entitites		287,684			2,888,426			2,034,951		5,211,061
Total Deductions	190,293	287,684	2,010,857		2,888,426		240,003	2,034,951		7,652,214
Net Increase (Decrease)										
in Fiduciary Net Position	(55,585)	390	(10,792)		144,595		1,331			79,939
Fiduciary Net Position - January 1	214,995	557	90,673		2,632,776		35,536			2,974,537
Fiduciary Net Position - December 31	\$ 159,410	\$ 947	\$ 79,881	\$	2,777,371	\$	36,867	\$	\$	3,054,476

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of Sheboygan County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information says about the overall financial well-being of the county.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Tables</u>

Financial Trends I-IV

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the county's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity V-VIII

These schedules contain information to help the reader access the county's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity IX-XI

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the county's current levels of outstanding debt and the county's ability to issue new debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

XII-XIII

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the county's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

XIV-XVI

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the county's financial report relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Table I Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(000's)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 97,989	\$ 108,499	\$ 113,184	\$ 113,937	\$ 121,726	\$ 129,443	\$ 136,151	\$ 142,240	\$ 145,151	\$ 153,597
Restricted	2,904	3,215	9,892	3,974	2,777	9,998	702	8,685	16,437	21,302
Unrestricted	28,243	26,174	37,668	42,546	42,699	34,290	39,139	35,671	41,538	41,654
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 129,136	\$ 137,888	\$ 160,744	\$ 160,457	\$ 167,202	\$ 173,731	\$ 175,992	\$ 186,596	\$ 203,126	\$ 216,553
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,899	\$ 7,738	\$ 7,352	\$ 7,483	\$ 7,598	\$ 7,280	\$ 7,332	\$ 7,366	\$ 7,066	\$ 8,269
Restricted			1,088			1,234		1,285	2,426	2,975
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 (14)		1,523	3,008	2,875	1,822	3,420	2,487	1,950	1,061
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 7,885	\$ 7,738	\$ 9,963	\$ 10,491	\$ 10,473	\$ 10,336	\$ 10,752	\$ 11,138	\$ 11,442	\$ 12,305
Total Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 105,888	\$ 116,237	\$ 120,536	\$ 121,420	\$ 129,324	\$ 136,723	\$ 143,483	\$ 149,606	\$ 152,217	\$ 161,866
Restricted	2,904	3,215	10,980	3,974	2,777	11,232	702	9,970	18,863	24,277
Unrestricted	28,229	26,174	39,191	45,554	45,574	36,112	42,559	38,158	43,488	42,715
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 137,021	\$ 145,626	\$ 170,707	\$ 170,948	\$ 177,675	\$ 184,067	\$ 186,744	\$ 197,734	\$ 214,568	\$ 228,858

Table II

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (000's)

		2013	2014	1	2015	2016		2017		2018	20	10	1	2020		2021		2022
Expenses		2013	2014	1	2013	2010		2017	1	2018	20	17	<u> </u>	2020		2021		2022
Governmental activities:																		
General government	\$	12.876	\$ 12,042	s	14.113	\$ 16,50	5 \$	15,380	s	14.092	s	16,715	\$	14,486	\$	14,511	\$	17,436
Sheriff	Ψ	18,387	18,372	Ψ	18,541	21,00		22,182	Ψ	23,689	Ψ	25,787	Ψ	24,775	Ψ	23,418	Ψ	22,872
Transportation		14,104	15,319		15,972	16,02		17,144		18,630		22,375		22,839		20,584		24,789
Public health and human services		29,859	31,397		31,210	33,76		32,864		34,126		37,969		38,669		40,033		42,055
Resources and development		2,314	4,035		2,913	2,33		3,089		1,972		2,704		2,547		2,587		3,067
UW Ext/UW Campus		1,211	1,267		1,213	1,18		1,101		1,103		1,071		964		817		835
Interest on long term debt		934	1,382		1,106	1.08		1,121		1,223		963		1,065		626		624
Total governmental activities expenses		79,685	83,814		85,068	91,90		92,881		94,835		107,584		105,345		102,576		111.678
Business-type activities:		77,005	03,011		05,000	71,70		,2,001		, 1,035		107,501		100,010		102,570		111,070
Rocky Knoll		13,620	13.671		13,377	13,57	,	13.815		13,792		14,457		14,606		13,448		14,885
Total business-type activities expenses		13,620	13,671		13,377	13,57		13,815		13,792		14,457		14,606		13,448		14,885
Total primary government expenses	S	93,305		s	98,445				s	108,627	s	122,041	\$	119,951	\$	116,024	\$	126,563
Program Revenues	Ψ	75,505	ψ 77,403	Ψ	70,443	Ψ 105,40	, ψ	100,070	Ψ	100,027	Ψ	122,041	Ψ	117,731	Ψ	110,024	Ψ	120,505
Governmental activities:																		
Charges for Services:																		
General government	\$	1.616	\$ 1,298	•	1.961	\$ 1.01	4 \$	2,245	e	1.815	e	2,261	¢	2,065	•	2,689	•	2,632
Sheriff	Ф	1,147	1,258		1,334	1,33		1,775	Ф	1,660	Ģ	1,770	Ф	1,704	Ф	1,939	Ф	1,619
Transportation		268	252		349	1,33		275		279		487		257		305		379
Public health and human services		3,645	3,374		4,063	4,23		4,181		4,285		4,516		5,769		7,610		9,887
Resources and development		588	1,312		666	4,23.		519		4,283		482		3,709		287		416
UW Ext/UW Campus		26	26		32	2		20		21		19		13		12		20
Interest on long term debt		512	516		518	51		517		514		515		13		12		20
Operating grants and contributions		24,233	30,474		30,226	28,14		26,095		27,498		29,979		36,031		35,546		40,443
Capital grants and contributions		2,239	741		223	20,14		384		302		2,430		2,065		1,926		16
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	34,274		e	39,372				•	36,865	6	42,459	e	48,293	e	50,314	¢	55,412
Business-type activities:	Ф	34,274	\$ 39,231	٩	37,372	\$ 30,54	г ф	30,011	φ	30,803		42,437	Ф	40,293	Ф	30,314	Ф	33,412
Charges for Services:																		
Rocky Knoll		11,334	11,096		11,306	11,48		11,052		11,158		11,494		11,002		9,443		11,178
Operating grants and contributions		1,194	1,100		1,226	1,14		1,315		2,233		2,268		2,905		2,622		1,144
Capital grants and contributions		57	1,100		1,220	52		1,515		2,233		2,208		2,903		2,022		1,818
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$	12,585		•	12,532			12,367	\$	13,391	\$	13,762	\$	13,907	¢	12,065	¢	14,140
Total business-type activities program revenues	φ	12,363	\$ 12,367	٠	12,332	3 13,14	, ф	12,307	Ф	13,391	9	13,702	Ф	13,507	Ф	12,003	ф	14,140
Net (expense) revenue																		
Governmental activities		(45,411)	(44,563))	(45,696)	(54,96	7)	(56,870)		(57,970)		(65,126)		(57,052)		(52,262)		(56,266)
Business-type activities		(1,035)	(1,284))	(845)	(42	7)	(1,448)		(401)		(695)		(699)		(1,383)		(745)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(46,446)	\$ (45,847)	\$	(46,541)	\$ (55,39	4) \$	(58,318)	\$	(58,371)	\$	(65,821)	\$	(57,751)	\$	(53,645)	\$	(57,011)

Table II

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(000's)

	2013	2014	20	015	2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021		2022
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	 					1		l		l					
Governmental activities:															
Property taxes	\$ 45,126	\$ 45,155	\$	46,233	\$ 47,548	\$	47,059	\$	47,855	\$	48,684	\$ 49,788	\$ 50,5	58 \$	50,998
Sales tax							9,391		10,030		10,821	10,273	12,5)5	13,498
Other taxes	8	4		11	25		21		29		32	37		37	19
Grants and contributions	3,572	3,862		4,416	3,938		3,901		3,765		3,828	3,701	3,7	00	3,779
Investment earnings	704	2,380		1,971	1,987		1,848		2,188		2,289	1,475	1,1	95	1,959
Gain on disposal of capital assets													1	53	42
Miscellaneous	1,679	1,915		3,603	1,181		1,972		2,294		1,704	2,565	1,3	24	
Special item - Other Post Employment Benefit															
Adjustment	1,062														
Transfers	(11)			(1)			(576)		95		(374)	(183)	(6	91)	(602)
Total governmental activities	 52,140	53,316		56,233	54,679		63,616		66,256		66,984	67,656	68,7	91	69,693
Business-type activities:															
Property taxes	802	846		835	885		845		671		717	826	9	21	1,005
Grants and contributions	12	262		1	5		1		1			46		19	
Investment earnings		1			2		1		1		1			2	1
Gain on disposal of capital assets														2	
Miscellaneous	10	28		35	64		6		36		20	30		22	
Special item - Other Post Employment Benefit															
Adjustment	419														
Transfers	11			1			576		(95)		373	183	6	91	602
Total business-type activities	 1,254	1,137		872	956		1,429		614		1,111	1,085	1,6	37	1,608
Total primary government	\$ 53,394	\$ 54,453	\$	57,105	\$ 55,635	\$	65,045	\$	66,870	\$	68,095	\$ 68,741	\$ 70,4	78 \$	71,301
Change in Net Position															
Governmental activities	\$ 6,729	\$ 8,753	\$	10,537	\$ (288)	\$	6,746	\$	8,287	\$	1,858	\$ 10,604	\$ 16,5	29 \$	13,427
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle				12,318					(1,758)						
Prior period adjustment	457										403				
Business-type activities	219	(147)		27	529		(19)		212		416	386	3)4	863
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle				2,199					(350)						
Total primary government	\$ 7,405	\$ 8,606	\$	25,081	\$ 241	\$	6,727	\$	6,391	\$	2,677	\$ 10,990	\$ 16,8	33 \$	14,290

Table III

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2013	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018	2019	2020	2021		2022
General Fund														
Nonspendable	\$ 2,390,304	\$ 1,610,939	\$ 1,428	,033	\$ 1,15	1,224	\$ 1,005,	83 \$	1,041,275	\$ 1,075,244	\$ 1,096,779	\$ 916,540	\$	944,011
Restricted	696,990	798,783	880	,688	85	3,852	791,3	242	861,662	694,557	535,513	689,629		1,025,446
Committed	130,075	153,424	172	,780	15	3,973	160,0)12	224,737	182,469	211,250	259,386		204,311
Assigned	884,861	524,183	2,643	,631	3,76	7,583	3,344,	374	882,577	1,425,764	578,127	4,356,815		4,590,151
Unassigned	13,837,437	15,592,319	18,633	,273	17,82	3,037	16,185,	505	18,476,704	17,922,130	21,935,847	25,815,724		27,701,922
Total General Fund	17,939,667	18,679,648	23,758	,405	23,76	2,669	21,486,9	16	21,486,955	21,300,164	24,357,516	32,038,094		34,465,841
All Other Governmental Funds														
Nonspendable	3,239	4,446												
Restricted	3,529,076	13,136,812	13,017	,557	8,06	9,238	1,530,	317	3,171,362	1,016,397	2,370,953	269,201		3,754,125
Committed							3,140,	69	3,578,678	3,479,767	5,931,776	9,826,371		5,688,936
Assigned	3,309,914	564,878	726	,904	57	9,835	719,	717	552,641	323,491	962,100	1,020,304		3,110,667
Unassigned (Deficit)	(192,432)						(1,129,	592)				(244,822)		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	6,649,797	13,706,136	13,744	,461	8,64	9,073	4,261,0)11	7,302,681	4,819,655	9,264,829	10,871,054		12,553,728
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 24,589,464	\$ 32,385,784	\$ 37,502	.,866	\$ 32,41	1,742	\$ 25,747,9	27 \$	28,789,636	\$ 26,119,819	\$ 33,622,345	\$ 42,909,148	\$.	47,019,569

^{* 2017} change in All Other Governmental Funds Committed fund balance is due to the implementation of a 5% sales tax in 2017 maintained in the County's Transportation Fund.

Table IV

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017		2018	2019		2020		2021	2	2022
REVENUES															
Property taxes	\$ 40,732,916	\$ 41,090,607	\$ 4	1,792,813	\$ 43,135,516	\$ 43,237,800) \$	44,883,901	\$ 45,807,258	\$ 4	46,976,784	\$	48,379,599	\$ 49	9,496,522
Other taxes	45,326	3,967		11,496	24,726	941204500	%	10,058,722	10,853,301		10,310,627		12,542,028	13	3,516,903
Intergovernmental	20,115,255	25,930,635	2	4,779,280	22,159,823	20,718,403	3	21,002,275	22,180,829	2	27,217,759		26,292,193	29	9,927,432
Licenses and permits	638,499	660,638		667,105	675,737	701,47	7	748,798	782,043		779,901		850,490		874,108
Fines, forfeits and penalties	298,137	293,855		318,962	330,169	336,949)	340,618	308,711		291,990		352,653		317,201
Public charges for services	6,725,264	6,342,810		7,327,394	7,356,665	7,910,93	3	7,846,079	8,245,930		9,521,027		11,845,237	12	2,964,515
Capital contributions	1,657,631														
Miscellaneous	3,569,390	6,281,723		7,949,315	5,523,990	5,147,58	3	5,579,336	6,433,529		5,061,764		3,987,848	3	3,971,245
Total revenues	 73,782,418	80,604,235	8	2,846,365	79,206,626	87,465,200)	90,459,729	94,611,601	10	00,159,852	1	04,250,048	111	1,067,926
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General government	12,047,936	11,995,998	1	3,404,576	14,110,906	14,332,710)	13,339,756	15,361,497		14,353,372		14,590,320	15	5,272,133
Sheriff (formerly Public safety)	17,173,428	17,004,800	1	7,575,231	19,103,312	20,271,273	3	21,039,840	21,749,165	2	22,050,579		22,885,115	23	3,588,541
Transportation (formerly Public works)	401,438	415,655		528,951	476,568	4,420,486	5	8,422,206	9,339,204		6,993,805		7,744,929	13	3,155,124
Public health and human services	30,034,786	31,053,474	3	1,030,377	33,030,480	32,650,434	1	33,396,735	36,211,861	3	37,854,502		40,488,026	43	3,150,065
Resources and development	2,038,584	3,727,078		2,750,605	2,224,613	2,240,090)	3,184,194	2,412,130		2,311,133		2,430,039	2	2,801,286
UW Ext/UW Campus (formerly Education)	574,150	617,580		602,949	565,076	538,073	5	558,053	613,443		533,930		488,933		511,475
Debt Service															
Principal	5,630,000	6,134,147		6,285,614	5,896,149	5,951,540	5	6,649,548	6,655,000		6,165,000		5,735,000	5	5,761,128
Interest and other charges	932,073	1,328,558		1,129,015	1,079,250	1,103,209)	1,216,590	990,043		1,012,473		648,275		812,292
Capital Outlay	8,614,575	16,462,407	1	4,458,933	8,456,722	24,932,423	3	8,006,959	2,991,058		7,001,210		3,136,000	8	3,360,989
Total expenditures	77,446,970	88,739,697	8	7,766,251	84,943,076	106,440,24	5	95,813,881	96,323,401	Ģ	98,276,004		98,146,637	113	3,413,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over expenditures	 (3,664,552)	(8,135,462)	(4,919,886)	(5,736,450)	(18,975,04	5)	(5,354,152)	(1,711,800)		1,883,848		6,103,411	(2	2,345,107)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Premium on long term debt issued	245,928	979,694		453,755	72,745	281,72	5	292,211			245,972				630,426
Long-term debt issued	9,590,000	16,962,040		9,500,000	3,265,000	10,000,000)	6,680,000			8,913,000			7	7,195,000
Lease proceeds		26,512			(3,280,000)										38,806
Payment to current noteholder	(1,731,522)	(2,280,000)									(4,098,390)				
Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets													555,112		
Transfers in	938,764	4,724,711		2,873,441	1,800,002	7,828,06	1	6,966,578	2,153,575		4,195,758		2,922,429	7	7,130,228
Transfers out	 (958,669)	(4,481,175)	(2,790,228)	(1,212,421)	(5,798,55	3)	(5,542,928)	(3,111,592)		(3,637,662)		(4,117,198)	(8	3,538,932)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,084,501	15,931,782	1	0,036,968	645,326	12,311,23	1	8,395,861	(958,017)		5,618,678		(639,657)	6	5,455,528
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,419,949	\$ 7,796,320	\$	5,117,082	\$ (5,091,124)	\$ (6,663,81	5) \$	3,041,709	\$ (2,669,817)	\$	7,502,526	\$	5,463,754	\$ 4	4,110,421
Debt service as a percentage of															
noncapital expenditures	9.8%	10.3%		10.1%	9.1%	8.89	%	9.8%	9.0%		8.5%		7.3%		6.9%

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table V Equalized Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax	Budget								
Year	Year		Real Est	ate			Less: Tax		General
Ended	Ended				All	Personal	Incremental		County
December 31	December 31	Residential	Commercial	Manufacturing	Other	Property	Districts (2)	Total	Tax Rate (3)
2013	2014	6,162,019,800	1,407,669,500	416,568,200	270,640,300	269,803,300	228,800,800	8,297,900,300	5.5971
2014	2015	6,220,495,100	1,398,486,000	447,610,000	269,485,700	268,686,100	272,900,200	8,331,862,700	5.6423
2015	2016	6,226,857,900	1,404,001,900	457,888,400	284,921,900	271,416,100	264,542,500	8,380,543,700	5.7705
2016	2017	6,303,790,800	1,426,483,400	464,712,800	286,486,200	273,644,300	290,216,200	8,464,901,300	5.6541
2017	2018	6,620,945,700	1,540,226,300	485,009,400	295,514,100	287,150,600	329,522,100	8,899,324,000	5.4522
2018	2019	7,004,274,000	1,641,736,100	500,307,000	301,156,300	258,753,800	384,910,200	9,321,317,000	5.3005
2019	2020	7,381,855,600	1,689,012,100	517,894,300	307,365,600	246,834,700	458,533,700	9,684,428,600	5.2247
2020	2021	7,847,487,800	1,892,325,500	547,378,500	310,774,300	277,293,700	524,061,500	10,351,198,300	4.9643
2021	2022	8,363,156,800	2,023,578,300	556,705,000	318,430,600	268,884,100	624,538,200	10,906,216,600	4.7654
2022	2023	9,357,940,700	2,192,233,700	598,665,400	514,999,200	272,442,900	187,666,600	12,748,615,300	4.3709

Source: Bureau of Property Tax, Wisconsin Department of Revenue

⁽¹⁾ Equalized value is actual value determined by the State of Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax

⁽²⁾ Equalized values are reduced by tax increment district value increments for apportioning County taxes.

⁽³⁾ Per \$1,000 value

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN
Table VI
Direct and Aggregated Overlapping Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

MUNICIPALITIES	2013 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2014	2014 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2015	2015 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2016	2016 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2017	2017 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2018	2018 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2019	2019 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2020	2020 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2021	2021 TAX RATE FOR YEAR 2022
Direct Sheboygan County Tax Rate	\$ 5.60	\$ 5.64	\$ 5.77	\$ 5.65	\$ 5.45	\$ 5.30	\$ 5.22	\$ 4.96	\$ 4.77
TOWNSHIPS									
Greenbush	15.22 - 17.95	14.55-17.12	14.76-17.12	14.62-17.18	14.08-16.80	13.05-16.18	13.54-16.03	13.05-14.80	12.39-13.26
Herman	15.72 - 18.52	15.11-17.48	15.28-17.15	15.52-17.51	15.08-17.13	14.53-16.89	15.62-17.20	15.10-16.88	14.64-15.90
Holland	17.54 - 17.97	17.35-17.74	17.57-18.15	16.44-17.88	16.02-17.20	16.31-16.70	16.18-16.43	15.09-15.76	14.09-15.54
Lima	17.72 - 18.78	15.85-17.71	15.52-17.38	15.28-17.26	14.42-16.24	14.38-15.66	14.70-15.40	13.99-15.09	13.32-14.25
Lyndon	18.46 - 19.78	17.05-18.79	16.86-18.73	16.83-18.81	16.21-18.04	16.17-17.45	16.46-17.16	15.61-17.02	14.87-16.28
Mitchell	17.30 - 18.33	15.51-17.55	15.23-17.59	15.13-17.67	14.72-17.44	15.17-17.21	15.84-17.72	14.58-16.46	13.78-15.09
Mosel	18.24 - 18.78	16.75-18.55	16.20-18.14	15.52-17.06	15.45-16.16	14.84-15.55	15.01-15.49	15.14-15.31	14.85-15.61
Plymouth	15.13 - 16.54	13.88-14.60	14.41-14.44	14.28-14.30	13.57-13.79	12.87-13.95	13.37-14.26	12.89-13.57	12.54-12.87
Rhine	15.91 - 18.70	15.29-17.13	15.49-17.02	15.25-16.45	14.39-15.87	13.56-15.84	14.09-15.44	13.61-15.12	13.23-14.44
Russell	16.47 - 18.07	16.03-17.61	16.21-17.73	15.90-17.10	14.99-16.47	14.09-15.87	14.48-15.82	14.00-15.51	13.59-14.78
Scott	17.44 - 18.21	15.93-17.45	15.71-17.01	15.43-16.20	14.88-15.73	14.88-15.62	14.94-15.77	13.69-15.42	12.95-15.17
Sheboygan	18.72 - 19.94	17.88-19.55	17.63-19.23	17.42-18.16	16.83-17.37	14.46-16.44	14.97-16.52	14.34-15.89	13.70-15.02
Sheboygan Falls	16.50 - 17.60	15.50-17.37	15.14-17.03	14.79-16.74	14.21-16.03	14.38-15.64	14.88-15.56	14.35-15.50	13.86-14.85
Sherman	17.89 - 18.33	16.32-17.85	15.91-17.78	15.65-17.35	15.19-16.88	15.33-16.46	15.66-16.22	14.86-15.79	14.04-15.49
Wilson	17.05 - 18.89	16.56-18.61	16.58-18.48	16.28-17.36	15.87-16.71	14.19-16.17	14.37-15.92	13.71-15.25	13.11-14.43
VILLAGE									
Adell	21.72	21.47	21.03	20.36	19.71	20.04	19.56	19.51	18.83
Cascade	20.02	18.07	17.87	17.62	16.92	16.90	17.11	16.44	15.59
Cedar Grove	22.80	22.62	22.95	22.68	21.95	21.29	20.31	20.02	18.79
Elkhart Lake	18.53	17.99	18.2	17.86	17.4	16.34	16.87	16.22	15.83
Glenbeulah	19.71	18.93	19.27	19.44	18.33	17.55	18.09	18.1	17.71
Howards Grove	20.09	18.66	18.14	17.5	17.34	16.73	16.57	16.25	15.75
Kohler	21.00 - 22.08	19.14-20.98	19.72-20.46	20.09-20.52	19.10-20.00	17.49-19.10	17.83-19.03	17.36-18.91	17.09-18.41
Oostburg	22.44	21.51	21.6	21.4	20.64	20.31	20.12	19.06	18.18
Random Lake	21.06	21.16	20.58	19.17	19.13	19.43	19.56	18.98	18.71
Waldo	23.68	22.49	21.91	21.77	20.85	20.40	19.71	19.45	18.15
CITY									
Plymouth	22.72	20.73	20.28	20.22	19.68	19.65	19.78	19.01	18.11
Sheboygan	25.24 - 26.48	23.62-26.15	24.45-25.85	24.13-24.89	23.51-23.86	21.11-23.08	21.21-22.75	20.15-21.75	19.62-20.62
Sheboygan Falls	22.01	21.79	21.46	21.18	20.25	19.75	19.46	19.15	18.08

Source: Sheboygan County Treasurer's Office (Tax rate sheet)

Table VII

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2013			2022				
	Equalized		Percentage of Total County	Equalized		Percentage of Total County			
Company	Value	Rank	Equalized Value	Value	Rank	Equalized Value			
Kohler Co	152,720,000	1	1.7911%	190,923,10	0 1	1.4759%			
Acuity Insurance Co	39,120,600	2	0.4588%	169,767,30	0 2	1.3123%			
Sargento Foods Inc	32,731,000	4	0.3839%	43,209,70	0 3	0.3340%			
Masters Gallery Foods Inc				40,923,20	0 4	0.3752%			
Johnsonville Sausage				36,432,50	0 5	0.2816%			
Meijer Stores LP				32,005,10	0 6	0.2474%			
Morrelle Warehousing LLC	14,996,800	8	0.1733%	31,558,90	0 7	0.2894%			
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	37,686,200	3	0.4420%	29,682,60	0 8	0.2295%			
OCS Plymouth LLC				27,791,20	0 9	0.2148%			
SNH Medical Office	18,445,800	6	0.2163%	27,625,00	0 10	0.2135%			
Nemak (JL French)	15,780,600	7	0.1851%						
Bemis Manufacturing Co	23,607,200	5	0.2769%						
St Nicholas Hospital	13,392,400	9	0.1571%						
PJR Properties LLC	13,246,700	10	0.1554%						
	\$ 361,727,300	•	4.2398%	\$ 629,918,60	0	4.9737%			
Total Equalized Value Sheboygan County	\$ 8,526,701,100			\$ 12,936,281,90	0_				

Source: Sheboygan County Treasurer's Office for 2013 and 2022

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table VIII

Property Tax Levied and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Collections	within the		Total Co	ollected
			Fiscal Year	of the Levy		То Г	Date
	For Fiscal Year Ended	Taxes Levied for		Percentage	Collections in		Percentage
Tax Roll Year	December 31	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	of Levy
		•					
2009	2010	191,439,278	188,640,599	98.54%	2,798,677	191,439,276	100.00%
2010	2011	197,237,966	194,487,393	98.61%	2,750,571	197,237,964	100.00%
2011	2012	195,917,128	193,671,580	98.85%	2,245,546	195,917,126	100.00%
2012	2013	194,572,586	192,894,815	99.14%	1,677,769	194,572,584	100.00%
2013	2014	197,644,230	196,326,845	99.33%	1,317,383	197,644,228	100.00%
2014	2015	193,689,789	192,549,556	99.41%	1,140,219	193,689,775	100.00%
2015	2016	194,144,196	193,200,662	99.51%	943,170	194,143,832	100.00%
2016	2017	191,324,730	190,404,311	99.52%	919,091	191,323,402	100.00%
2017	2018	195,371,642	194,514,150	99.56%	856,546	195,370,696	100.00%
2018	2019	198,283,746	197,382,206	99.55%	899,046	198,281,252	100.00%
2019	2020	205,805,229	204,851,590	99.54%	801,451	205,653,041	99.93%
2020	2021	211,225,241	210,448,702	99.63%	624,351	211,073,053	99.93%
2021	2022	213,456,851	212,812,894	99.70%	-	212,812,894	99.70%

Source: Sheboygan County Treasurer's Office - Delinquent Certificate Balances Report

Table IX

Ratio of Debt by Type Outstanding and General Bonded Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Ge	overnmental Activ	ities				RATIO OF				
								DEBT TO				
	GENERAL	GENERAL					EQUALIZED	TOTAL			PERCENTAGE	DEBT
	OBLIGATION	OBLIGATION	CAPITAL	NOTE	BOND	TOTAL ALL	VALUE	EQUALIZED	ESTIMATED	PER CAPITA	OF PERSONAL	PER
YEAR	BONDS	NOTES	LEASES	PAYABLE	PREMIUM	DEBT	(000's) (2)	VALUE	POPULATION	INCOME \$	INCOME (1)	CAPITA
2013	5,540,000	21,100,000	223,452		375,028	27,238,480	8,297,900	0.33%	114,922	46,508	0.51%	237.02
2014	4,670,000	30,510,000	135,817	122,040	1,161,656	36,599,513	8,331,863	0.44%	115,290	46,328	0.69%	317.46
2015	3,785,000	34,850,000	17,243		1,434,422	40,086,665	8,380,544	0.48%	115,569	45,896	0.76%	346.86
2016	6,130,000	26,600,000	11,094		1,225,483	33,966,577	8,464,901	0.40%	115,427	47,930	0.61%	294.27
2017	3,895,000	32,890,000	4,548		1,257,294	38,046,842	8,899,324	0.43%	115,344	50,081	0.66%	329.86
2018	1,630,000	35,190,000			1,260,171	38,080,171	9,321,317	0.41%	115,456	52,851	0.62%	329.82
2019		30,165,000			1,027,720	31,192,720	9,684,429	0.32%	115,340	54,703	0.49%	270.44
2020	4,163,000	24,730,000			851,069	29,744,069	10,351,198	0.29%	115,447	55,616	0.46%	257.64
2021	4,063,000	19,095,000			685,357	23,843,357	10,906,217	0.22%	115,554	58,425	0.35%	206.34
2022	2,040,000	22,685,000			1,030,487	25,755,487	12,745,615	0.20%	117,841	*	*	218.56

				NET DEBT					
	TOTAL								
	GROSS	LESS DEBT		TO TOTAL	PERCENTAGE				
	BONDED	SERVICE	TOTAL NET	EQUALIZED	OF PERSONAL				
YEAR	DEBT	FUND @	BONDED DEBT	VALUE	INCOME	PER CAPITA			
2013	27,015,028	-	27,015,028	0.33%	0.51%	235.07			
2014	36,341,656	184,989	36,156,667	0.43%	0.68%	313.61			
2015	40,069,422	651,997	39,417,425	0.47%	0.74%	341.07			
2016	33,955,483	813,902	33,141,581	0.39%	0.60%	287.12			
2017	38,042,294	377,452	37,664,842	0.42%	0.65%	326.54			
2018	38,080,171	157,590	37,922,581	0.41%	0.62%	328.46			
2019	31,192,720	7,100	31,185,620	0.32%	0.49%	270.38			
2020	29,744,069	125,220	29,618,849	0.29%	0.46%	256.56			
2021	23,843,357	168,984	23,674,373	0.22%	0.35%	204.88			
2022	25,755,487	344,452	25,411,035	0.20%	*	215.64			

Sources:

^{(1) -} See Table XII - Demographic and Economic Statistics

^{(2) -} Equalized values are reduced by tax increment district value increments for apportioning County taxes.

^{*} Information not available

[@] Amount available for repayment of governmental general obligation bonds

Table X Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017
Equalized Value	\$ 8,526,701,100	\$ 8,604,762,900	\$	8,645,086,200	\$ 8,755,117,500	\$ 9,228,846,100
Debt Limit - 5% of Equalized Value (Wisconsin Statutory Limitation)	426,335,055	430,238,145		432,254,310	437,755,875	461,442,305
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds	26,863,452	35,180,000 184,989		38,635,000 651,997	32,730,000 961,740	36,785,000 544,083
Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Margin	26,863,452	34,995,011		37,983,003	31,768,260	36,240,917
Legal Debt Margin (Debt Capacity)	\$ 399,471,603	\$ 395,243,134	\$	394,271,307	\$ 405,987,615	\$ 425,201,388
Percent of Debt Capacity Used	6.30%	8.13%		8.79%	7.26%	7.85%
	2018	2019		2020	2021	2022
Equalized Value	\$ 9,706,227,200	\$ 10,142,962,300	\$	10,875,259,800	\$ 11,530,754,800	\$ 12,748,615,300
Debt Limit - 5% of Equalized Value (Wisconsin Statutory Limitation)	485,311,360	507,148,115		543,762,990	576,537,740	637,430,765
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		201,210,220		313,762,776	370,337,710	
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation	36,820,000	30,165,000		28,893,000	23,158,000	24,725,000
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds	331,606	30,165,000 155,131		28,893,000 247,315	23,158,000 269,201	
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation	\$	\$ 30,165,000	\$	28,893,000 247,315 28,645,685	\$ 23,158,000 269,201 22,888,799	\$ 24,725,000 24,725,000 612,705,765

Table XI Computation of Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Debt December 31, 2022

	Number	Amount	Applicable to S	Shebo	ygan County
	of Entities	of Debt	Percent*		Amount
Sheboygan County					
General obligation debt				\$	24,725,000
Bond premium			<u>-</u>		1,030,487
Total Direct Debt			_		25,755,487
OVERLAPPING DEBT:					
Lakeshore VTAE District	1	\$ 26,400,000	55.38%		14,620,320
Moraine Park Technical College District	1	 28,780,000	0.03%		8,634
Total Overlapping Debt	2	 55,180,000	26.51% _		14,628,954
UNDERLYING DEBT:					
Cities	3	\$ 72,544,822	100%		72,544,822
Villages	10	41,284,553	100%		41,284,553
Townships	15	3,633,381	100%		3,633,381
School Districts	13	213,052,973	varies		143,025,105
Sanitary Districts	4	 574,936	100% _		574,936
Total Underlying Debt	45	\$ 331,090,665	varies_		261,062,797
TOTAL DIRECT, OVERLAPPING AND UNDERLYING DEBT			=	\$	301,447,238

Source: Baird

Note: This summary may not reflect all of the County's outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness

*Sheboygan County - Overlap percentage is based upon the number of Sheboygan County

residents served as a percentage of total population served.

Table XII

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal	Per Capita	
Fiscal		Income	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	in 000's	Income	Rate
2013	114,922	5,344,757	46,508	5.00%
2014	115,290	5,341,196	46,328	3.80%
2015	115,569	5,304,168	45,896	3.40%
2016	115,427	5,532,445	47,930	3.10%
2017	115,344	5,776,492	50,081	2.30%
2018	115,456	6,101,981	53,263	2.30%
2019	115,340	6,309,435	54,703	2.60%
2020	115,447	6,409,222	55,616	4.20%
2021	115,554	6,879,349	58,425	1.50%
2022	117,841	*	*	1.80%

Source: Population - US Census Bureau (estimate) 2010-2022, July 1, 2022

Personal Income - U.S Bureau of Economic Analysis per ALFRED

Unemployment Rate - Bureau of Labor Statistics for Sheboygan County, WI extracted July 17, 2023 for December 2022

^{*} Information not available

Table XIII

Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022		2013	
			Percentage		
	Estimated		of Total County	Estimated	
	Employment	Rank	Employment	Employment	Rank
Kohler Co	6,586	1	10.6%	3,000	1
Bemis Manufacturing	2,200	2	3.5%	1,600	2
Johnsonville Sausage LLC	2,000	3	3.2%	933	6
Sargento Foods	1,300	4	2.1%		
Sheboygan Area School District	1,279	5	2.1%	1,274	5
Vollrath Co LLC	850	6	1.4%		
Aurora Medical Group	850	7	1.4%	1,350	4
County of Sheboygan	842	8	1.4%	825	9
Lakeland University	700	9	1.1%		
St Nicholas Hospital	700	10	1.1%	875	7
Acuity Mutual Insurance CO.				827	8
Nemak (JL French)				1,325	3
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc				735	10

Total Estimated County Workforce

62,100

Source: Robert W. Baird for 2022 & 2013. Estimated County Workforce from Department of Workforce Development website data search for December 2022.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table XIV

Full-time Equivalent County Employees (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government	122	119	123	124	125	125	120	125	123	115
County Treasurer	6	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Register of Deeds	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Finance	15	17	15	15	18	17	17	17	18	15
Medical Examiner	4	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
County Board	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Court Commissioner	4	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Clerk of Courts	22	23	24	24	23	24	23	25	23	24
District Attorney	13	13	13	14	14	14	13	13	13	11
County Clerk	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3
Building Services	29	29	30	30	29	30	29	30	29	28
Human Resources	4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	2
Corporation Counsel	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County Administrator	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Information Technology	7	5	7	7	7	8	7	8	7	7
Public Safety	168	170	179	186	191	186	199	196	187	187
Public Works	86	82	86	93	93	94	99	95	98	99
Public Health and Human Services	198	198	195	195	194	185	195	210	221	210
Resources and Development	15	14	14	14	15	13	16	14	14	17
Education	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2
Health Care Center	158	146	145	137	141	140	138	137	104	108
Total	750	732	746	753	762	746	770	780	749	738

Source: Sheboygan County Payroll Records

⁽¹⁾ Data shown for 2013 - 2022 represents full-time equivalent (FTE).

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN Table XV Operating Indicators by Program/Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police										
Prisoners bookings - Adult	3,706	3,742	3,424	3,335	3,411	3,466	3,514	2,277	2,367	2,639
Prisoners bookings - Juvenile	351	274	430	392	455	400	318	251	245	200
Total complaints (1)	40,292	39,426	42,814	46,523	31,428	78,113	87,680	146,274	116,755	134,886
Courts										
Case filings	13,312	13,180	13,638	15,389	15,395	14,388	13,547	11,561	12,186	11,504
Criminal cases	2,371	2,330	2,270	2,217	2,190	2,205	2,308	2,212	2,033	1,824
Non-criminal cases	4,848	5,589	6,579	7,823	7,703	6,821	5,717	5,473	6,078	5,565
Jury trials	29	38	42	33	45	39	42	13	30	32
Family Court Commissioner hearings	989	984	874	835	881	879	692	725	878	997
Mediation referrals	272	252	207	228	232	203	193	166	159	168
Medical Examiner										
Death Investigations	543	262	265	282	266	261	326	348	379	359
Cremations Permits Issued	539	540	577	625	628	673	702	844	799	849
Register of Deeds										
Real estate documents processed	27,819	19,056	21,030	22,399	21,609	20,792	21,060	25,739	27,462	20,722
Vital records filed	3,385	3,016	3,329	3,269	3,141	3,215	3,169	3,023	3,183	3,373
Military discharge records	122	94	83	42	35	45	49	5	7	8
Genealogical searches	717	437	326	363	379	378	353	108	229	163
Planning and Conservation										
Sanitary permits	161	183	180	170	167	152	168	182	209	162
Shoreland permits	87	88	94	106	91	134	138	214	135	81
Certified Survey Maps Reviewed	38	46	46	48	46	51	42	57	57	43
County Clerk										
Marriage Licenses/Domestic Partnerships	669	670	667	631	642	621	601	498	564	581
Passport Applications	844	876	973	844	1,311	1,154	1,028	542	556	787
Public Health & Human Services										
Senior Meals Provided	53,232	53,358	51,083	48,046	46,533	47,391	41,531	35,450	30,402	34,883
Health Inspections	846	959	909	718	1,000	1,053	1,098	1,098	960	1,320
Child Abuse and Neglect Referrals	1,243	1,092	1,172	1,071	1,268	1,204	1,272	1,063	969	979
Average WIC Participants per Month	2,127	1,952	1,887	1,823	1,771	1,719	1,616	1,677	1,657	1,755
Communicable Disease Cases (Confirmed	638	596	550	707	903	818	909	11,194	11,643	15,057
Immunizations Given (2) (3)	2,194	1,418	508	73	10	-	-	-	9,668	1,893
Health Care Centers										
Total Patient Days	48,815	47,081	47,162	49,166	48,715	46,204	47,109	43,142	36,516	36,414
Patient Meals Served	131,982	140,361	141,006	146,531	145,635	138,612	141,327	129,426	109,548	109,242
Highway										
Miles of roads resurfaced	20	18	11	13	32	30	30	15	26	22
Miles of roads seal coated	13	-	14	14	13	15	15	19	8	28
Asphalt Produced (tons)	68,336	38,479	64,558	62,848	135,791	143,713	133,875	121,134	175,250	125,213
Gravel Production (tons)	150,514	168,668	163,289	207,076	210,040	294,535	341,032	254,639	226,261	89,106

⁽¹⁾ In 2011, crime record software was replaced with new system and were unable to retrieve information.

Source: Sheboygan County Department Annual Reports and Sheboygan County Department Internal Reports

⁽²⁾ Reduction in immunizations reflects revised program eligibility rules

⁽³⁾ Due to changes in health care and funding rules, immunizations are now expected to be provided by primary care physicians.

The Lakeshore Community Health Center provides backup for families who do not have a medical home or health insurance.

COUNTY OF SHEBOYGAN, WISCONSIN
Table XVI
Capital Assets by Functional Area
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government										
Buildings (excludes Public Safety and	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Business-type operations)										
Public Safety										
Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Jail Capacity	314	314	314	314	314	314	314	314	314	314
Squads (includes marked and unmarked)	42	42	45	45	45	45	38	53	53	53
Health Care Centers										
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Beds	157	155	154	149	149	149	149	149	149	149
Highway										
County lane miles	451	451	451	451	451	451	451	451	451	451
Garages/Shops	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
County bridges	76	75	75	75	75	77	77	77	77	77

Source: Sheboygan County Department Annual Reports and Sheboygan County Department Internal Reports